

# **MMC Smart Drive™ and Digital MMC Control**

## **Hardware Manual**

Version 2.3

## NOTE

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# 1 Introduction to the MMC Smart Drive (MMC-SD)

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## 1.1 Overview

This manual covers two distinct products:

- The Analog Interfaced MMC-SD which receives motion commands via a  $\pm 10\text{V}$  analog input
- The Digital MMC-SD which receives motion commands via a digital connection (Digital Link)

Unless otherwise noted, all of the information in this manual applies to both drives.

Features include:

- 230V, Single Phase drives available with power ratings of .5kW, 1kW, and 2 kW
- 460V, Three Phase drives available with power ratings of 1.3kW through 65kW
- Drive firmware in user upgradeable Flash memory
- Serial port for communications with PC-resident PiCPro
- Internal switch to control a mechanical brake
- Green Power LED and yellow Diagnostic LED
- Motor feedback types include incremental encoder, high resolution encoder, and resolver.
- Eight General Purpose 24VDC Inputs
- Four General Purpose 24VDC outputs
- $\pm 10\text{V}$  command input (Analog Interfaced MMC-SD only)
- Digital Link digital connections (Digital MMC-SD only)
- Optional MMC-SD Control (for Digital MMC-SD only)
- UL Listed and CE Marked.

## **1.2 Contents of This Manual**

This manual includes the following major topics:

- Information to safely operate and maintain the equipment in a safe manner.
- User responsibilities for product acceptance and storage.
- Power and environmental information for general power, control cabinet, grounding, heat control and handling.
- Procedures for mounting, wiring, and connecting the MMC Smart Drive and standard G&L Motion Control motors recommended for use with the MMC Smart Drive.
- Recommended drive system wiring guidelines for signal separation and differential devices. Methods to ensure ElectroMagnetic Compatibility.
- The location of connectors on the drive and descriptions of their functionality including I/O, encoder, serial interface and motor/brake connector locations and signal descriptions.
- Physical, electrical, environmental and functional specifications/dimensions.
- Description of the minimal maintenance necessary.
- A troubleshooting chart of potential problems and possible solutions.
- Part numbers and descriptions for the drive and related equipment.

## **1.3 Software and Manuals**

### **1.3.1 Required Software and Manuals**

- PiCPro V15.1 (one of the following)
  - Professional Edition
  - MMC Limited Edition
  - Monitor Edition

### **1.3.2 Suggested Manuals**

- Function/Function Block Reference Guide V15.1
- Motion Application Specific Function Block Manual V15.0.1
- Ethernet Application Specific Function Block Manual V15.1.1
- General Purpose Application Specific Function Block Manual V13.0.1

## **1.4 G&L Motion Control Support Contact**

Contact your local G&L Motion Control representative for:

- Sales and order support
- Product technical training
- Warranty support
- Support service agreements

G&L Motion Control Technical Support can be reached:

- In the United States, telephone (800) 558-4808
- Outside the United States, telephone (920) 921-7100
- E-mail address:  
[glmotion.support@danahermotion.com](mailto:glmotion.support@danahermotion.com)



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## 2 Safety Precautions

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### **READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS SECTION IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE UNDERTAKING INSTALLATION OR ADJUSTMENT OF THE MMC SMART DRIVE AND ANY ASSOCIATED SYSTEMS OR EQUIPMENT**

The instructions contained in this section will help users to operate and maintain the equipment in a safe manner.

### **PLEASE REMEMBER THAT SAFETY IS EVERYONE'S RESPONSIBILITY**

## **2.1 System Safety**

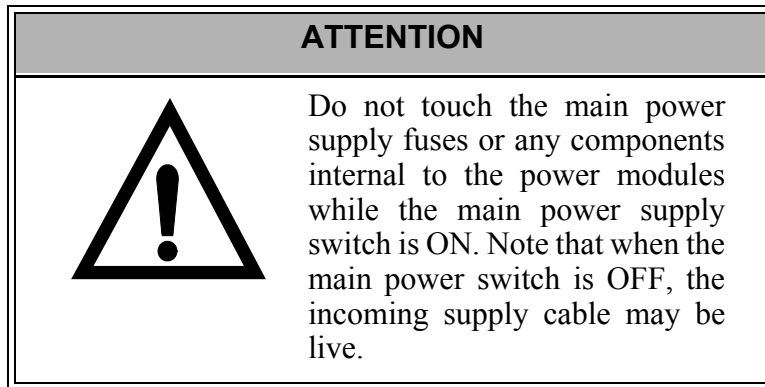
The basic rules of safety set forth in this section are intended as a guide for the safe operation of equipment. This general safety information, along with explicit service, maintenance and operational materials, make up the complete instruction set. All personnel who operate, service or are involved with this equipment in any way should become totally familiar with this information prior to operating.

### **2.1.1 User Responsibility**

It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the procedures set forth here are followed and, should any major deviation or change in use from the original specifications be required, appropriate procedures should be established for the continued safe operation of the system. It is strongly recommended that you contact your OEM to ensure that the system can be safely converted for its new use and continue to operate in a safe manner.

## 2.1.2 Safety Instructions

1. Do not operate your equipment with safety devices bypassed or covers removed.
2. Only qualified personnel should operate the equipment.
3. Never perform service or maintenance while automatic control sequences are in operation.
4. To avoid shock or serious injury, only qualified personnel should perform maintenance on the system.



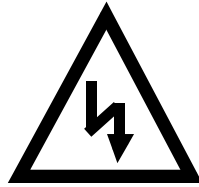
5. **GROUNDING (Protective Earth)**  
The equipment must be grounded (connected to the protective earth connection) according to OEM recommendations and to the latest local regulations for electrical safety. The grounding (protective earth) conductor must not be interrupted inside or outside the equipment enclosures. The wire used for equipment grounding (connection to protective earth) should be green with a yellow stripe.

## 2.2 Safety Signs

The purpose of a system of safety signs is to draw attention to objects and situations which could affect personal or plant safety. It should be noted that the use of safety signs does not replace the need for appropriate accident prevention measures. Always read and follow the instructions based upon the level of hazard or potential danger.

## 2.3 Warning Labels

### *Hazard warning*



Danger Electric  
Shock Risk

When you see this safety sign on a system, it gives a warning of a hazard or possibility of a hazard existing. The type of warning is given by the pictorial representation on the sign plus text if used.

To ignore such a caution could lead to severe injury or death arising from an unsafe practice.

### *Danger, Warning, or Caution warning*



Symbol plus DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION:  
These notices provide information intended to prevent potential personal injury and equipment damage.

### *Hot Surface warning*



Symbol plus HOT SURFACE:  
These notices provide information intended to prevent potential personal injury.

## 2.4 Safety First

G&L Motion Control equipment is designed and manufactured with consideration and care to generally accepted safety standards. However, the proper and safe performance of the equipment depends upon the use of sound and prudent operating, maintenance and servicing procedures by trained personnel under adequate supervision.

For your protection, and the protection of others, learn and always follow these safety rules. Observe warnings on machines and act accordingly. Form safe working habits by reading the rules and abiding by them. Keep these safety rules handy and review them from time to time to refresh your understanding of them.

## **2.5 Safety Inspection**

### **2.5.1 Before Starting System**

1. Ensure that all guards and safety devices are installed and operative and all doors which carry warning labels are closed and locked.
2. Ensure that all personnel are clear of those areas indicated as potentially hazardous.
3. Remove (from the operating zone) any materials, tools or other objects that could cause injury to personnel or damage the system.
4. Make sure that the control system is in an operational condition.
5. Make certain that all indicating lights, horns, pressure gauges or other safety devices or indicators are in working order.

## **2.6 After Shutdown**

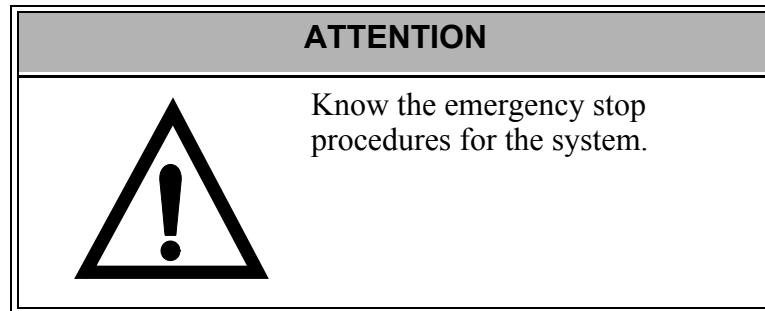
Make certain all controlled equipment in the plant is safe and the associated electrical, pneumatic or hydraulic power is turned off. It is permissible for the control equipment contained in enclosures to remain energized provided this does not conflict with the safety instructions found in this section.

## **2.7 Operating Safely**

1. Do not operate the control system until you read and understand the operating instructions and become thoroughly familiar with the system and the controls.
2. Never operate the control system while a safety device or guard is removed or disconnected
3. Where access to the control system is permitted for manual operation, only those doors which provide that access should be unlocked. They should be locked immediately after the particular operation is completed.
4. Never remove warnings that are displayed on the equipment. Torn or worn labels should be replaced.
5. Do not start the control system until all personnel in the area have been warned.
6. Never sit or stand on anything that might cause you to fall onto the control equipment or its peripheral equipment.



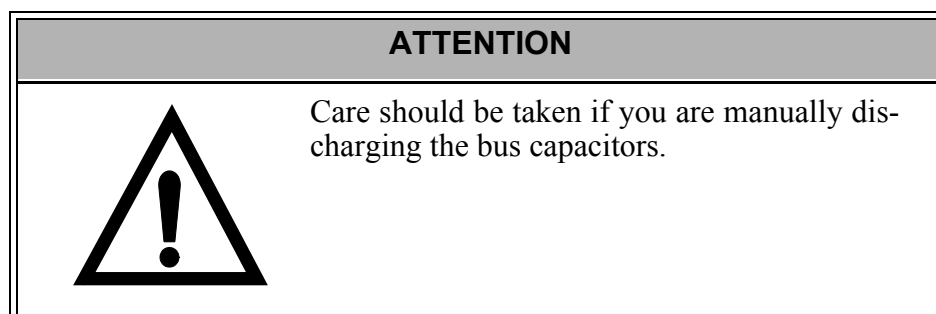
7. Horseplay around the control system and its associated equipment is dangerous and should be prohibited.
- 8.

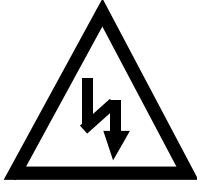


9. Never operate the equipment outside specification limits.
10. Keep alert and observe indicator lights, system messages and warnings that are displayed on the system.
11. Do not operate faulty or damaged equipment. Make certain proper service and maintenance procedures have been performed.

## 2.8 Electrical Service & Maintenance Safety

1. **ALL ELECTRICAL OR ELECTRONIC MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE SHOULD BE PERFORMED BY TRAINED AND AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY.**
2. It should be assumed at all times that the POWER is ON and all conditions treated as live. This practice assures a cautious approach which may prevent accident or injury.
3. To remove power:  
**LOCK THE SUPPLY CIRCUIT DISCONNECTING MEANS IN THE OPEN POSITION.**  
**APPLY LOCKOUT/TAGOUT DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH A DOCUMENTED AND ESTABLISHED POLICY.**
4. Make sure the circuit is safe by using the proper test equipment. Check test equipment regularly.



| <b>WARNING</b>  |  |
|---|--|
|  | Even after power to the drive is removed, it may take up to 10 minutes for bus capacitors to discharge to a level below 50 VDC. To be sure the capacitors are discharged, measure the voltage across the + and - terminals for the DC bus. |

5. There may be circumstances where troubleshooting on live equipment is required. Under such conditions, special precautions must be taken:
  - Make sure your tools and body are clear of the areas of equipment which may be live.
  - Extra safety measures should be taken in damp areas.
  - Be alert and avoid any outside distractions.
  - Make certain another qualified person is in attendance.
6. Before applying power to any equipment, make certain that all personnel are clear of associated equipment.
7. Control panel doors should be unlocked only when checking out electrical equipment or wiring. On completion, close and lock panel doors.
8. All covers on junction panels should be fastened closed before leaving any job.
9. Never operate any controls while others are performing maintenance on the system.
10. Do not bypass a safety device.
11. Always use the proper tool for the job.
12. Replace the main supply fuses only when electrical power is OFF (locked out).

## 2.9 Safe Cleaning Practices

1. Do not use toxic or flammable solvents to clean control system hardware.
2. Turn off electrical power (lock out) before cleaning control system assemblies.
3. Keep electrical panel covers closed and power off when cleaning an enclosure.

4. Always clean up spills around the equipment immediately after they occur.
5. Never attempt to clean a control system while it is operating.
6. Never use water to clean control equipment unless you are certain that the equipment has been certified as sealed against water ingress. Water is a very good conductor of electricity and the single largest cause of death by electrocution.



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## 3 Installing the Drive

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**Note:** The National Electrical Code and any other governing regional or local codes overrule the information in this manual. G & L Motion Control Inc. does not assume responsibility for the user's compliance or non-compliance with any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive and associated systems or equipment. Failure to abide by applicable codes creates the hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage.

### 3.1 Storing the Drive Before Installation

The drive should remain in the shipping container prior to installation. If the equipment is not to be used for a period of time, store it as follows:

- Use a clean, dry location
- Maintain the storage temperature and humidity as shown in the specifications section of this manual.
- Store it where it cannot be exposed to a corrosive atmosphere
- Store it in a non-construction area

### 3.2 Unpacking the Drive

Remove all packing material, wedges, and braces from within and around the components. After unpacking, check the name plate Material Number against the purchase order of the item(s) against the packing list. The model number, serial number and manufacturing date code are located on the side of the unit.

### 3.3 Handling an MMC Smart Drive

The case protects the MMC Smart Drive's internal circuitry against mechanical damage in shipping and handling.

However, like any electronic device, the circuitry can be destroyed by:

- Conditions exceeding those detailed in the specifications tables shown in the Specifications sections in this manual.
- moisture condensing inside the module
- static discharge
- exposure to a magnetic field strong enough to induce a current in the circuitry
- vibration, and other hazards

### **3.4 Inspecting the Drive Before Installation**

Inspect the unit for any physical damage that may have been sustained during shipment.

If you find damage, either concealed or visible, contact your buyer to make a claim with the shipper. If degraded performance is detected when testing the unit, contact your distributor or G&L Motion Control. Do this as soon as possible after receipt of the unit.

### **3.5 Complying with European Directives**

For industrial products installed within the European Union or EEC regions, certain directives and standards apply. See "Conformity" in the Specifications sections of Chapters 5 and 6 for applicable directives.

Servo amplifiers are considered to be subsystems when incorporated into electrical plants and machines for industrial use. The G&L Motion Control servo amplifiers have been designed and tested as such. They bear the CE mark and are provided with a Declaration of Conformance. However, it is the overall machine or system design that must meet European Directives and standards. To help the manufacturer of the machine or plant meet these directives and standards, specific guidelines are provided in this documentation. These include such things as shielding, grounding, filters, treatment of connectors and cable layout.

### **3.6 Conforming with UL and cUL Standards**

G&L Motion Control drives meet safety and fire hazard requirements as outlined in "Conformity" in the Specifications sections of Chapters 5 and 6.

### **3.7 General Installation and Ventilation Requirements**

- The drive must be enclosed in a grounded NEMA12 enclosure offering protection to IP55 such that they are not accessible to an operator or unskilled person, in order to comply with UL<sup>®</sup> and CE requirements. A NEMA 4X enclosure exceeds these requirements providing protection to IP66.
- The environmental conditions must not exceed those detailed in the specifications tables shown in the Specifications sections in this manual.
- Install the panel on a properly bonded, flat, rigid, non-painted galvanized steel, vertical surface that won't be subjected to shock, vibration, moisture, oil mist, dust, or corrosive vapors.

- Maintain minimum clearances for proper airflow, easy module access, and proper cable bend radius.
- Plan the installation of your system so that you can perform all cutting, drilling, tapping, and welding with the drive removed from the enclosure. Because the drive is of the open type construction, be careful to keep any metal debris from falling into it. Metal debris or other foreign matter can become lodged in the circuitry, which can result in damage to components.

The MMC Smart Drive is suitable for operation in a pollution degree 2 environment (i.e., normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs). Install the drive away from all sources of strong electromagnetic noise. Such noise can interfere with MMC Smart Drive operation.

Protect the MMC Smart Drive system from all the following:

- conductive fluids and particles
- corrosive atmosphere
- explosive atmosphere

Diagrams included with this manual and recommendations may be modified if necessary so the wiring conforms to current NEC standards or government regulations.

**Table 3-1: Cabinet Clearance Dimensions**

| Location                        | Minimum Clearance |                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                 | 230V Drive        | 460V Drive        |
| Above Drive Body                | 2.0 in. (50.8 mm) | 4.0 in. (100 mm)  |
| Below Drive Body                | 2.0 in. (50.8 mm) | 4.0 in. (100 mm)  |
| Each Side of Drive              | .50 in. (12.7 mm) | None              |
| In Front of Drive (for cabling) | 3.0 in. (76.2 mm) | 3.0 in. (76.2 mm) |

**NOTE**

Use filtered or conditioned air in ventilated cabinets. The air should be free of oil, corrosives, or electrically conductive contaminants.

## 3.8 Controlling Heat Within the System

The MMC Smart Drive hardware case is designed to promote air circulation and dissipate heat. Normally no fans or air conditioners are needed.

However, if the environment outside the control cabinet is hot or humid, you may need to use a fan, heat exchanger, dehumidifier or air conditioner to provide the correct operating environment.

Make sure that the temperature and humidity within the drive cabinet does not exceed that which is shown in the specifications sections of this manual.

Make sure that components installed in the cabinet with the MMC Smart Drive do not raise the temperature above system limits and that any hot spots do not exceed specifications. For example, when heat-generating components such as transformers, other drives or motor controls are installed, separate them from the drive by doing one of the following:

- Place them near the top of the control cabinet so their heat output rises away from the MMC Smart Drive.
- Put them in another control cabinet above or to one side of the cabinet with the MMC Smart Drive. This protects the MMC Smart Drive from both heat and electrical noise.

The MMC Smart Drive itself is a source of heat, though in most installations its heat dissipates without harmful effects. System heat is generated from power dissipated by:

- the drive
- field side input/output components
- other drives in the cabinet
- the logic power supply
- external shunt resistors
- line reactors

### CAUTION

If the MMC Smart Drive is operated outside the recommended environmental limits, it may be damaged. This will void the warranty.



## 3.9 Bonding

Connecting metal chassis, assemblies, frames, shields and enclosures to reduce the effects of electromagnetic interference (EMI) is the process of bonding.

Most paints act as insulators. To achieve a good bond between system components, surfaces need to be paint-free or metal plated. Bonding metal surfaces creates a low-impedance exit path for high-frequency energy. Improper bonding blocks this direct exit path and allows high-frequency energy to travel elsewhere in the cabinet. Excessive high-frequency energy can negatively affect the operation of the drive.

### 3.9.1 Bonding a Subpanel Using a Stud

1. Weld threaded mounting studs to the back of the enclosure.
2. Brush off any non-conductive materials (e.g. paint) from the studs.
3. Remove any non-conductive materials from the front of the subpanel.
4. Position the mounting holes on the subpanel over the mounting studs on the back of the enclosure and slide the subpanel onto the studs.
5. Attach the subpanel to the mounting stud by sliding a star washer over the stud and then turn and tighten a nut onto the stud.

### 3.9.2 Bonding a Ground Bus Using a Stud

1. Weld threaded mounting studs to the back of the subpanel.
2. Brush off any non-conductive materials (e.g. paint) from the studs.
3. Slide a flat washer over the studs.
4. Remove any non-conductive materials from around the mounting hole on the chassis mounting bracket or ground bus.
5. Position the mounting hole of the chassis or ground bus over the studs on the back of the subpanel and slide the mounting bracket or ground bus onto the stud.
6. Attach the subpanel to the subpanel stud by sliding a star washer and then a flat washer over the stud. Turn and tighten a nut onto the stud.

### **3.9.3 Bonding a Ground Bus or Chassis Using a Bolt**

1. Brush off any non-conductive materials (e.g. paint) from the threaded bolt (s).
2. Slide a star washer over the threaded bolt (s).
3. Use a subpanel having tapped mounting holes. Remove any non-conductive materials from around the mounting holes on both sides of the subpanel.
4. Turn the threaded bolts into the subpanel mounting holes.
5. Slide a star washer onto the threaded end of the bolt.
6. Turn and tighten a nut onto the stud.
7. Slide a flat washer onto the threaded end of the bolt.
8. Position the mounting holes on the groundbus or mounting bracket over the threaded bolts and turn the bolts until they come through the grounding bus or mounting bracket.
9. Slide a star washer onto the threaded end of the bolt.
10. Slide a flat washer onto the threaded end of the bolt.
11. Turn and tighten a nut onto the bolt.

### **3.9.4 Grounding Multiple Drive Cabinets**

1. Mount one bonded ground bus in each cabinet.
2. Designate the cabinet ground bus in one and only one of the cabinets as the common ground bus for all of the cabinets in the system.
3. Connect the ground wires from the ground bus in each individual cabinet ground bus to the designated common ground bus (mounted in only one of the cabinets).
4. Connect the common cabinet ground bus to an external ground system that is connected to a single point ground.

### 3.9.5 Bonding Multiple Subpanels

G&L Motion Control recommends bonding both the top and bottom of subpanels sharing the same enclosure. Use a 25.4 mm (1.0 in.) x 6.35 mm (0.25) wire braid. Be sure the area around each wire braid fastener is clear of any non-conductive materials. Bond the cabinet ground bus to at least one of the subpanels.

#### NOTE

Subpanels that are not bonded together may not share a common low impedance path. This difference in impedance may affect networks and other devices that span multiple panels.

### 3.10 Drive Mounting Guidelines

- A control cabinet for the MMC Smart Drive should have a NEMA-12 rating or better. A cabinet with this rating protects its contents from dust and mechanical damage.
- The cabinet must be large enough to provide adequate air circulation for the MMC Smart Drive and other components. Always allow for adequate air flow through the MMC Smart Drive vents.
- The cabinet must have a rigid non-painted galvanized metal surface to mount the MMC Smart Drive on.
- The cabinet door should open fully for easy access.

#### IMPORTANT

Post warnings according to National, State, or local codes for the voltage present in the control cabinet. Diagrams included with this manual and recommendations may be modified if necessary so the wiring conforms to current NEC standards or government regulations.

#### NOTE

This drive contains parts and assemblies that are sensitive to ESD (Electrostatic Discharge). Follow static control precautions during installation, testing, service, or repair of this assembly. Parts and assemblies can be damaged if proper precautions are not taken.

1. Lay out the positions for the drive and accessories in the enclosure.
2. Attach the drive to the cabinet, first using the upper mounting slots of the drive and then the lower. The recommended mounting hardware is M5 metric(#10-32).
3. Tighten all mounting fasteners.

### 3.11 Drive System Grounding Procedures

The ground of the MMC Smart Drive power source must be connected directly to a **Single Point Ground (SPG)** tie block. The tie block should be made of brass or copper, bolted or brazed to the control cabinet. If the tie block is bolted rather than brazed, scrape away paint or grease at the point of contact. Put star washers between the tie block and the cabinet to ensure good electrical contact.

Metal enclosures of power supplies, drives, etc., should also have good electrical contact with the SPG.

#### CAUTION

The Single Point Ground should be the only common point for all the ground lines. If not, ground loops may cause current flow among components of the system which can interfere with proper operation of the MMC Smart Drive.

Devices to be connected directly to the Single Point Ground include:

- Plant safety ground.
- Protective earth ground(s) from the MMC Smart Drive power terminals.
- The metal panel or cabinet on which the MMC Smart Drive is mounted.
- "Common" or "0 V" lines from power supplies that provide +24 power to devices and external power to the I/O modules and the devices to which they are connected.
- Protective grounds from the devices themselves, such as device drivers, machinery, and operator interface devices.
- Protective earth ground from line and load sides of any AC line filters.
- The ground of the power source of the computer workstation or laptop, if any, from which you monitor the system operation. An AC outlet in the control cabinet is recommended.
- Single point grounds from other control cabinets, if any, in the system.

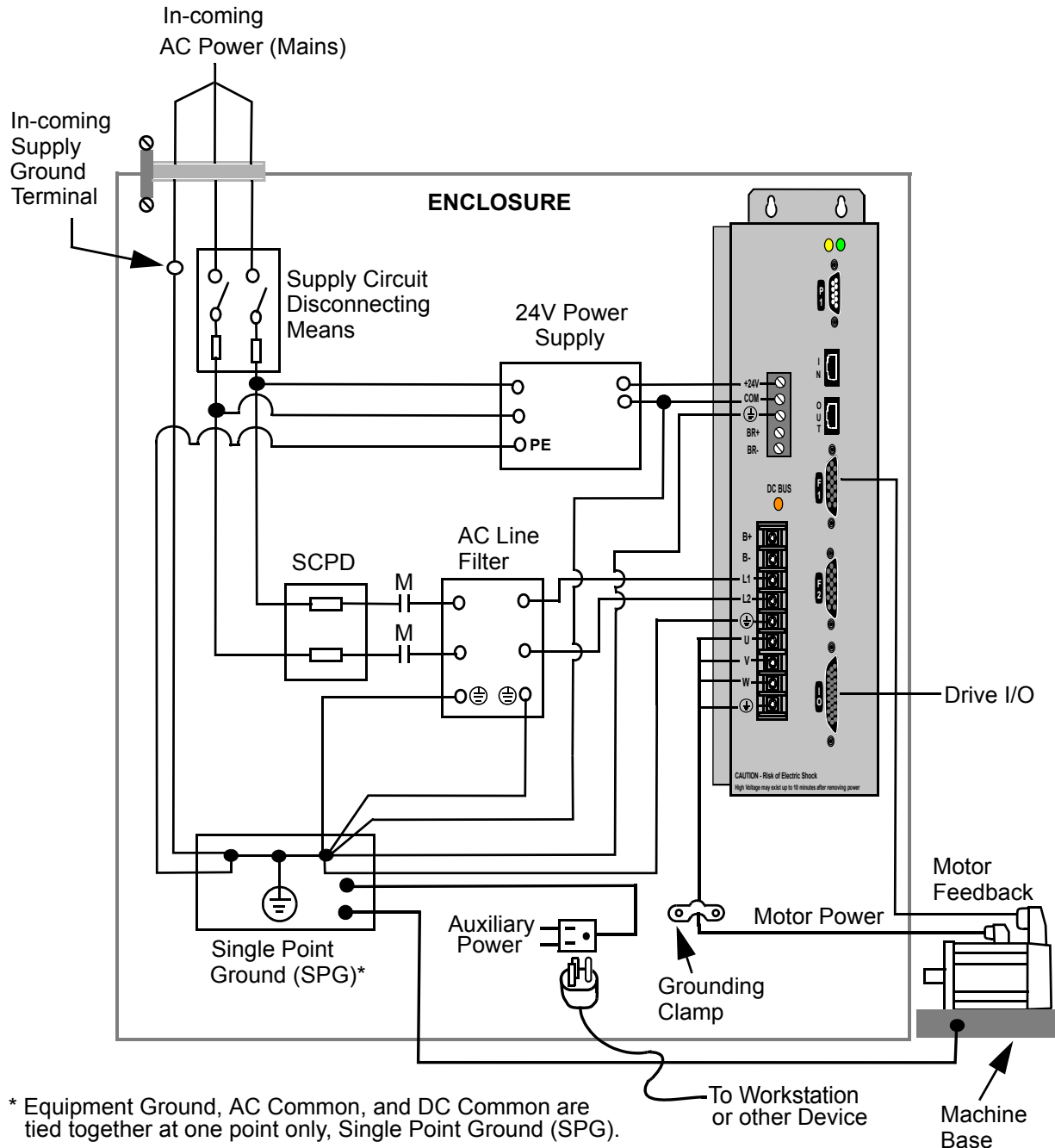
#### IMPORTANT

You must ensure that the "0V" or "Common" of all devices connected to the MMC Smart Drive are connected to Single Point Ground (SPG). Failure to do so may result in erratic operation or damage to the MMC Smart Drive and devices connected to it. Examples of devices connected to the MMC Smart Drive include the power source that supplies power to the MMC Smart Drive and devices connected to the MMC Smart Drive PiCPro Port. Note that some devices (for example, a Personal Computer) may have their "0V" and "Protective Earth Ground" connected together internally, in which case only one connection has to be made to SPG for that device. Also note that the AC/DC converter for some portable PCs have chassis connected from the wall plug to the PC. The ground for the AC outlet must be connected to the SPG.

Also, you must ensure that the MMC Smart Drive "Protective Earth Ground" connection is connected to SPG, and that the MMC Smart Drive is mounted to a metal panel or enclosure that is connected to SPG.

### 3.11.1 Grounding Requirements

**Figure 3-1: Example of Grounding Required for CE Compliant Single Phase 230V Drive System**



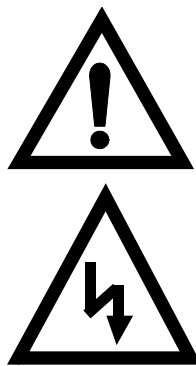
1. Mount the filter as close to the Drive as possible. If the distance exceeds 600 mm (2.0 ft), use shielded cable between the Drive and the filter, strapping the shield to chassis at each end of the cable. This is particularly important for attenuation of higher frequency emissions (5-30 MHz).

2. Shield or separate the wires connecting the AC power to the filter from other power cables (e.g., connections between the Drive and the filter, motor power cable, etc.). If the connections are not separated from each other, the EMI on the Drive side of the filter can couple over to the source side of the filter, thereby reducing or eliminating the filter's effectiveness. The coupling mechanism can radiate or allow stray capacitance between the wires.
3. Bond the filter and the Drive to a grounded conductive surface (the enclosure) to establish a high frequency (HF) connection. To achieve the HF ground, the contact surface interface between the filter, Drive, and the enclosure should be free from paint or any other type of insulator.
4. Size the filter following manufacturer recommendations.
5. Provide a large enough ground bar to connect all wires with no more than two wires per connection.
6. Clamp motor power cable shield for EMC termination.

**IMPORTANT**

Filter AC power to the drives to be compliant to CE emission requirements.

**WARNING**



High voltage exists in AC line filters. The filter must be grounded properly before applying power. Filter capacitors retain high voltages after power removal. Before handling the equipment, voltages should be measured to determine safe levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in personal injury.

### **3.11.2 Grounding Multiple Drives in the Same Cabinet**

1. Mount a common bonded ground bus in the cabinet.
2. Connect the ground wires for all drives to the common bonded cabinet ground bus.
3. Connect the common bonded cabinet ground bus to an external ground system that is connected to a single point ground.

## **3.12 System Wiring Guidelines**

The MMC Smart Drive relies on electrical signals to report what is going on in the application and to send commands to it. In addition, signals are constantly being exchanged within the system. The MMC Smart Drive is designed for use in industrial environments, but some guidelines should be followed.

This section contains common system wiring configurations, size, and practices that can be used in a majority of applications. National Electrical Code, local electrical codes, special operating temperatures, duty cycles, or system configurations take precedence over the values and methods provided.



Wherever possible, install wiring and related components in the following order:

1. main power line disconnecting means
2. transformer (optional)
3. fuses (SCPD)
4. motor control
5. line reactor (as required)
6. line filter (optional)
7. device protection fuses (as required)
8. drive
9. shunt resistors (optional)

### 3.12.1 Recommended Signal Separation

G&L Motion Control recommends separation of low level signals (encoder, analog, communications, fast DC inputs) from high voltage or high current lines. Maintain at least two inches of separation.

Inside a control cabinet, connect the shields of shielded cables at the MMC Smart Drive. It is recommended that factory cables (from G&L Motion Control) are used between MMC drives, controls, and motors to ensure CE compliance.


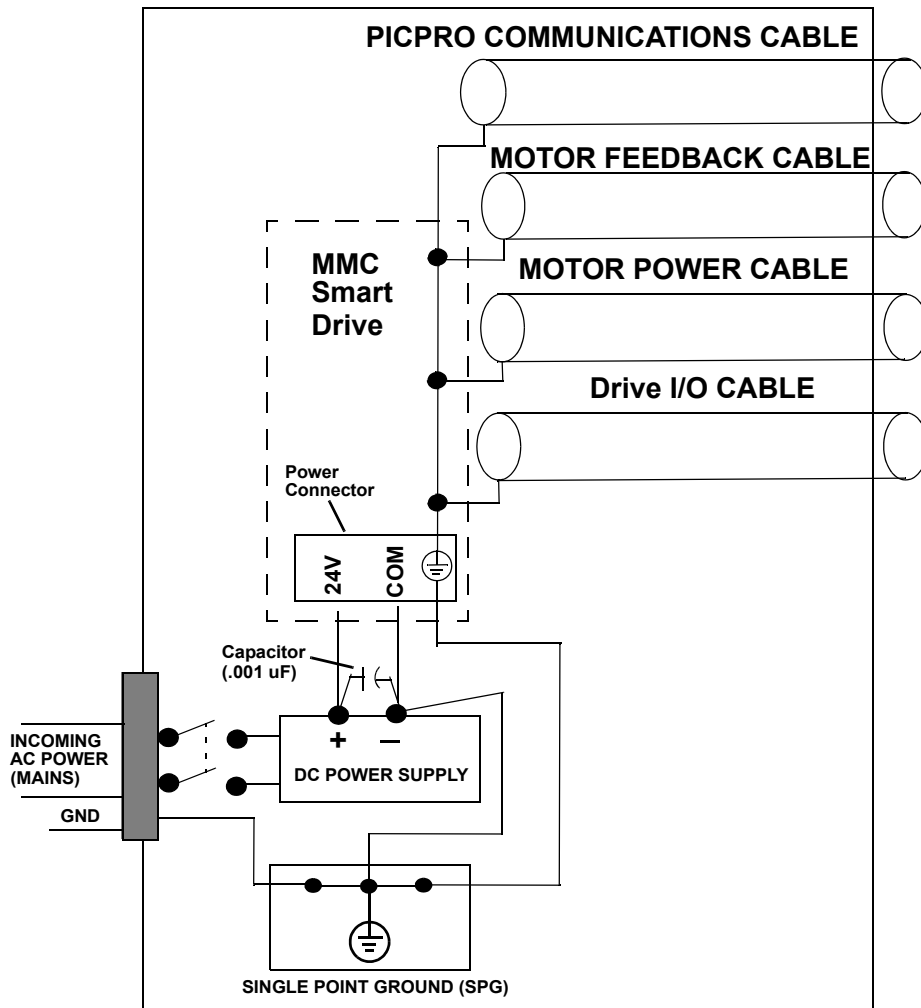
| <b>WARNING</b>  |   |
|---|---|
|  | Use care when wiring I/O devices to the MMC Smart Drive and when plugging in cables. Wiring the wrong device to the connector or plugging a connector into the wrong location could cause intermittent or incorrect machine operation or damage to equipment. |

Figure 3-2: Recommended Signal Separation



To prevent excessive conducted emissions from a DC power source (typically 24V) used for digital I/O, a .001 micro farad capacitor should be used. Connect the capacitor from the +24V DC to COMMON at the distribution terminals.

### 3.12.2 Building Your Own Cables

- Connect the cable shield to the connector shells on both ends of the cable for a complete 360 degree connection.
- Use a twisted pair cable whenever possible, twisting differential signals with each other, and single-ended signals with the appropriate ground return.

#### NOTE

G & L Motion Control Inc. cables are designed to minimize EMI and are recommended over hand-built cables.

### 3.12.3 Routing Cables

Guidelines for routing cables in a cabinet include the following:

- Always route power and control cables separately.
- Do not run high and low voltage wires/cable in the same wireway.
- Cross high and low voltage conductors at 90 degree angles.
- On parallel cable runs, maximize the distance between high and low voltage cables.
- Maintain the least amount of unshielded cable leads.

## 3.13 Wiring the Drive

These procedures assume you have bonded and mounted your MMC Smart Drive to the subpanel and that there is no power applied to the system.

### 3.13.1 Sizing the 24V Power Supply

When you size your power supply, you must ensure that the supply is large enough to handle the total load. Refer to the specification tables for the +24VDC input power requirements.

In most cases, one power supply can be used for an entire control system. However, depending upon the drives and external I/O used in the application, the power distribution may be split into two or more power supplies.

Use of switches in series with the 24VDC power input is not recommended. The drive contains energy storage capacitors at the inputs. While no harm is done to the drive, this much capacitance across the 24VDC source may cause voltage dips when the switch in series with the 24VDC power is closed.

**CAUTION**

A possible ignition hazard within the MMC Smart Drive exists if excessive current is drawn from the 24 VDC powering the MMC Smart Drive. To prevent this possibility (due to improper wiring or 24 VDC supply failure), a fuse should be used in series with the 24 VDC to the MMC Smart Drive. Specifically, a 4 A max. "UL248 Series" fuse should be used. In addition, the 24 VDC shall be supplied by an isolating source such that the maximum open circuit voltage available to the MMC Smart Drive is not more than 30 VDC.

The +24V power to the MMC Smart Drive is connected through a Phoenix 5-pin connector with a plug-in terminal block. The ground from the power source and the ground from the MMC Smart Drive must be connected to the Single-Point Ground (SPG). Devices connected to the Drive I/O Port may have their own power sources for input or output control signals provided that each one is:

- at the correct voltage and current levels for the module and the device.
- connected to the same Single-Point Ground that the MMC Smart Drive uses.

It is recommended that the same main disconnect switch be used for the MMC Smart Drive and for all devices in the application.

**IMPORTANT**

No matter how the system is installed, before you connect the MMC Smart Drive to the application, make sure that power is off to the system and to the devices that are wired to the MMC Smart Drive.

### 3.13.2 System AC Power Wiring Guidelines

**NOTE**

In addition to the guidelines listed below, follow all national and local electrical codes and regulations.

- Install a supply circuit disconnecting means.
- Install a Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD).
- Due to high inrush current at power-up, use dual element time delay fuses for the SCPD.
- Install additional device protection fusing (460V models). Only high speed type fuses provide proper protection.
- Refer to the Specifications sections in Chapter 4 of this manual for device and conductor requirements.
- Clamp the motor power cable shield to the drive using the G&L Motion Control supplied bracket. Maximum tightening torque for bracket screws is 10 lb-in.
- Use shielded cables and AC line filters (for CE Compliance). Make sure that wiring from the drive to the line filter is as short as possible. Locate common grounding bus bars as close as possible to the drive. The braid shield of the cable should be clamped at the drive or mounting panel.
- Power connections for each drive in a system should be separately connected directly to the AC power supply. Do not daisy chain drive power connections.
- Make sure the phase to neutral ground voltage does not exceed the input ratings of the drive when using an autotransformer.

### 3.13.3 Connecting Interface Cables

#### IMPORTANT

This drive contains ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) sensitive parts and assemblies. Follow static control precautions when installing, testing, servicing, or repairing components in a drive system.

- Plug PiCPro cable into the PiCPro port (9-pin D-shell for the Analog Interfaced MMC-SD, and 6-pin mini-din for the Digital Interfaced MMC-SD).
- Plug the one 15-pin D-shell, Feedback cable into the FBK1 connector.
- Plug the 26-pin D-shell, Drive I/O cable into the I/O connector.
- Tighten the attachment screws for all cables to the drive connectors.

#### WARNING



To avoid personal injury and/or equipment damage:

- Ensure installation complies with specifications regarding wire types, conductor sizes, branch circuit protection, and disconnect devices. The National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes outline provisions for safely installing electrical equipment.
- Ensure motor power connectors are used for connection purposes only. Do not use them to turn the unit on and off.
- To avoid personal injury and/or equipment damage, ensure shielded power cables are grounded to prevent potentially high voltages on the shield.

### 3.13.4 Preparing Motor Connection Wires

#### NOTE

It is recommended that G & L Motion Control Inc. cables be used. G & L Motion Control Inc. cables are designed to minimize EMI and are recommended over hand-built cables.

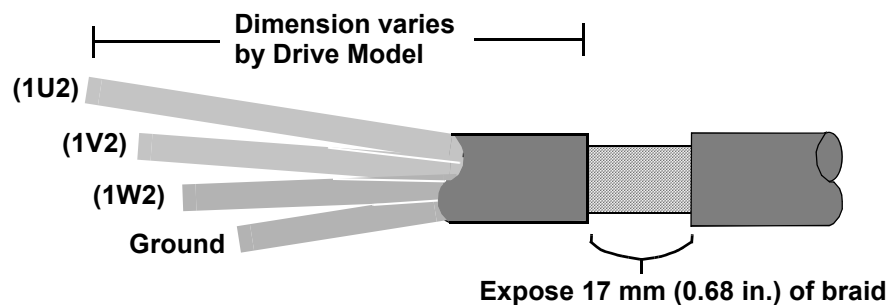
1. Strip back cable jacket approximately 152 mm (6.0 in.) from the end of the cable.
2. Strip approximately 12 mm (0.50 in.) of insulation from the end of each conductor. Do not tin ends after stripping.

#### IMPORTANT

Do not nick, cut or damage wire strands while removing wire insulation.

3. Strip the cable jacket away from the cable until the shield braid is visible. Expose 17 mm (0.68 in.) of cable shield braid.

**Figure 3-3: : Motor Cable**



4. Attach the individual wires from the motor cable to their assigned terminal. Refer to Chapters 5 and 6 for front panel connectors and terminal assignments.
5. Tighten each terminal screw.
6. Gently pull on each wire to make sure it does not come out of its terminal. Reinsert and tighten any loose wires.
7. Attach the plastic cover to terminal block

Factory supplied motor power cables for LSM, MSM, FSM, AKM, DDR, CDDR, and YSM Series motors are shielded, and the power cable is designed to be terminated at the drive during installation. A small portion of the cable jacket is removed which exposes the shield braid. The exposed shield braid must be clamped to the drive chassis using the provided clamp and clamp screws

**Figure 3-4: Terminating Motor Power Cable for 230V Drive**

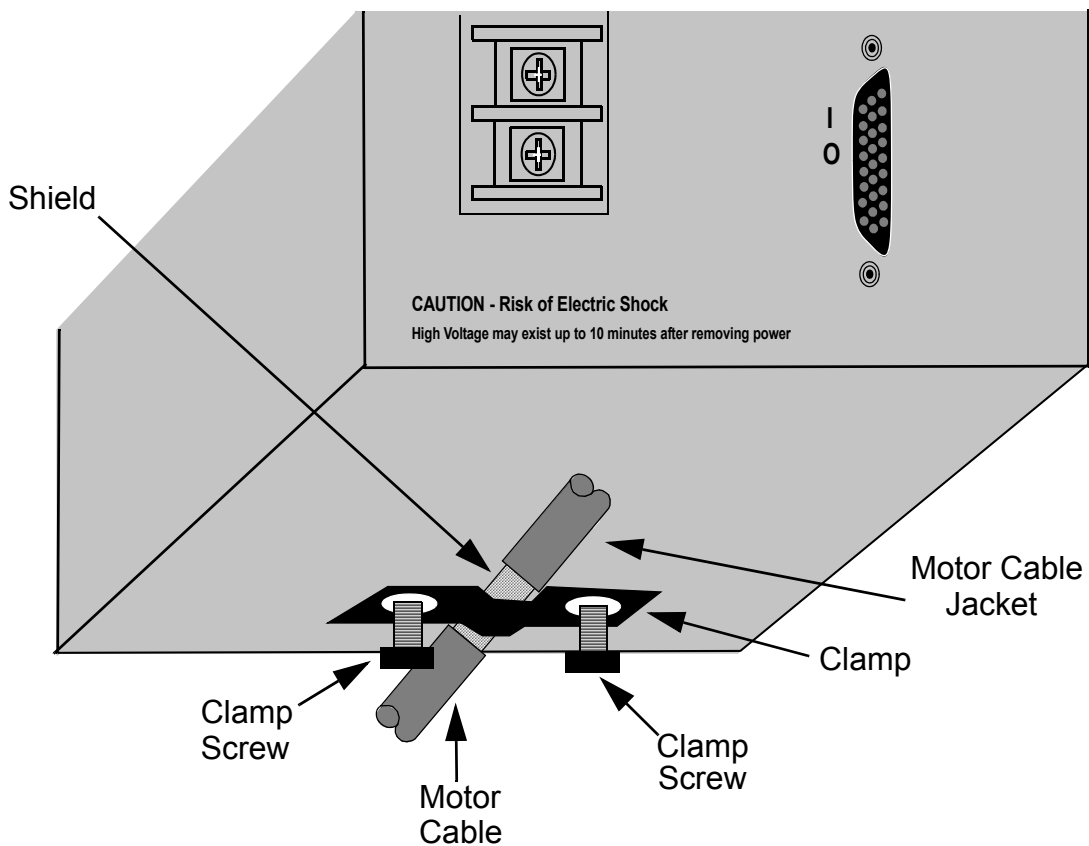
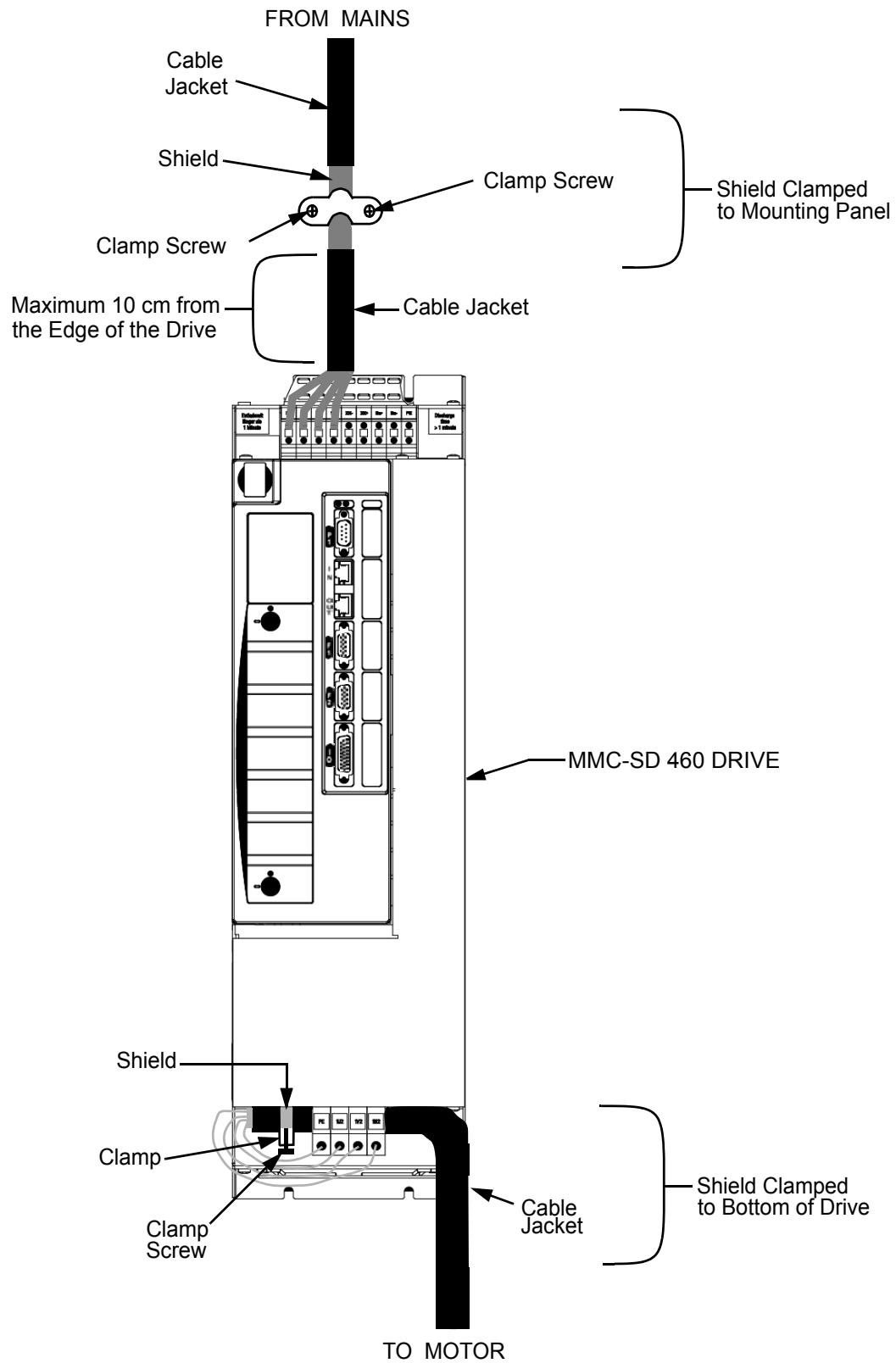




Figure 3-5: Terminating Incoming AC Power (Mains) Cable for 460V Drive





## 4 System Power Protection and Related Devices

### 4.1 AC Input Power Requirements

The MMC Smart Drive is powered from an external AC power source. The power required for each drive type is listed in [Table 4-1](#).

**Table 4-1: AC Input Power Requirements**

| Drive Model <sup>a</sup>           | Requirements                                 |                               |                                |                               |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                                    | Nominal Input Current (Amps <sub>RMS</sub> ) |                               | Transformer (kVA) <sup>b</sup> |                               |
| <b>230 Volt Drives<sup>a</sup></b> | <b>Input Voltage = 120VAC</b>                | <b>Input Voltage = 230VAC</b> | <b>Input Voltage = 120VAC</b>  | <b>Input Voltage = 230VAC</b> |
| MMC-SD-0.5-230                     | 5  | 5                             | .5                             | 1                             |
| MMC-SD-1.0-230                     | 9  | 9                             | 1                              | 2                             |
| MMC-SD-2.0-230                     | 18   | 18                            | 2                              | 4                             |
| <b>460 Volt Drives<sup>a</sup></b> | <b>Input Voltage = 230VAC</b>                | <b>Input Voltage = 460VAC</b> | <b>Input Voltage = 230VAC</b>  | <b>Input Voltage = 460VAC</b> |
| MMC-SD-1.3-460                     | 2.8  | 2.44                          | 1.2                            | 3.0                           |
| MMC-SD-2.4-460                     | 4.8  | 4.18                          | 2.0                            | 5.0                           |
| MMC-SD-4.0-460                     | 8.1  | 7.0                           | 3.4                            | 8.5                           |
| MMC-SD-6.0-460                     | 12.4   | 10.8                          | 5.2                            | 12.8                          |
| MMC-SD-8.0-460                     | 17.0   | 14.8                          | 7.0                            | 17.6                          |
| MMC-SD-12.0-460                    | 19.2   | 16.7                          | 8.0                            | 19.5                          |
| MMC-SD-16.0-460                    | 24.2   | 21.1                          | 10.0                           | 25.0                          |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460                    | 38.0   | 33.1                          | 16.0                           | 39.5                          |
| MMC-SD-30.0-460                    | 53.0   | 46.0                          | 22.0                           | 55.0                          |
| MMC-SD-42.0-460                    | 70.0   | 70.0                          | 29.0                           | 73.0                          |
| MMC-SD-51.0-460                    | 84.0   | 73.0                          | 35.0                           | 87.0                          |
| MMC-SD-65.0-460                    | 105  | 91.0                          | 44.0                           | 110                           |

a. Drive Model pertains to Analog (no dash suffix) and digital (-D)

b. See [Section 4.4 on page 56](#) for calculating application transformer requirement

## 4.2 Protection

### 4.2.1 Motor Overload Protection

The MMC Smart Drive utilizes solid state motor overload protection in accordance with UL508C that operates:

- within 8 minutes at 200% overload
- within 20 seconds at 600% overload

### 4.2.2 Fuses

High speed class J "combination" fuses are available that provide both Branch Circuit Protection and Device Protection in a single device, as shown in [Table 4-2 on page 46](#). If one of the listed Combination fuses is not used, the following fusing requirements must be met:

- Branch Circuit Protection (the Branch Circuit supplies power to the drive) must be provided in accordance with NFPA 79 7.2.3 and 7.2.10, but in no case should be larger than the "Maximum Fuse Size" as shown in [Table 4-2 on page 46](#). Class RK1, J, or CC dual element time delay type fuses should be used as the branch circuit SCPD (Short Circuit Protection Device). Supplemental UL1007 protectors **shall not** be used to provide Branch Circuit Protection.
- Device Protection (the Device is the Drive) must be provided to meet the UL508C requirements. A High Speed (semiconductor) type fuse with a "Clearance  $I^2t$  Rating" greater than shown in [Table 4-2 on page 46](#) may be applied in series with the Branch Circuit fuse to meet these requirements. See important [Note](#) below.
- The interrupt capability of the Branch Circuit Protection fuse must be less than or equal to the short circuit rating (Prospective Short-circuit Symmetrical Amperes) of the Branch Circuit supplying the drive.

**NOTE: SEMICONDUCTOR FUSES**

A semiconductor fuse by itself usually cannot be used for Branch Circuit Protection. This is because the fuse would need to be sized too close to its melt current, and over time, this can alter its ability to interrupt faults. Whenever both a semiconductor fuse and a branch circuit fuse are placed in series, the semiconductor fuse is sized larger than the branch fuse.

Table 4-2: Protection Devices

| 230V Drive Model <sup>a</sup> | SCPD Fuse Size <sup>b</sup>          |                                |                        |   |                          |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------------|
|                               | Input Voltage = 120VAC               | Input Voltage = 230VAC         |                        |   |                          |
| 230 Volt Drives <sup>a</sup>  |                                      |                                |                        |   |                          |
| MMC-SD-0.5-230                | 12A                                  | 12A                            |                        |   |                          |
| MMC-SD-1.0-230                | 15A                                  | 15A                            |                        |   |                          |
| MMC-SD-2.0-230                | 30A                                  | 30A                            |                        |   |                          |
| 460V Drive Model <sup>a</sup> | I <sup>2</sup> t Rating <sup>c</sup> | Maximum Fuse Size <sup>d</sup> |                        | Ferraz (Bussmann) Combination Fuse <sup>e</sup> |                          |
| 460 Volt Drives <sup>a</sup>  |                                      | Input Voltage = 230VAC         | Input Voltage = 460VAC | Input Voltage = 230VAC                          | Input Voltage = 460VAC   |
| MMC-SD-1.3-460                | < 228A <sup>2</sup> s                | 11A                            | 9A                     | HSJ6(DFJ6)                                      | HSJ6(DFJ6)               |
| MMC-SD-2.4-460                | ≤ 228A <sup>2</sup> s                | 19A                            | 16A                    | HSJ15(DFJ15)                                    | HSJ15(DFJ15)             |
| MMC-SD-4.0-460                | ≤ 260A <sup>2</sup> s                | 32A                            | 27A                    | HSJ15(DFJ15)                                    | HSJ15(DFJ15)             |
| MMC-SD-6.0-460                | ≤ 340A <sup>2</sup> s                | 49A                            | 41A                    | HSJ20(DFJ20)                                    | HSJ20(DFJ20)             |
| MMC-SD-8.0-460                | ≤ 616A <sup>2</sup> s                | 68A                            | 56A                    | HSJ30(DFJ30)                                    | HSJ25(DFJ25)             |
| MMC-SD-12.0-460               | ≤ 1, 555A <sup>2</sup> s             | 76A                            | 64A                    | HSJ35(DFJ35)                                    | HSJ30(DFJ30)             |
| MMC-SD-16.0-460               | ≤ 1, 555A <sup>2</sup> s             | 96A                            | 80A                    | HSJ40(DFJ40)                                    | HSJ35(DFJ35)             |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460               | ≤ 1, 555A <sup>2</sup> s             | 152A                           | 126A                   | HSJ60(DFJ60)                                    | HSJ45(DFJ45)             |
| MMC-SD-30.0-460               | ≤ 15,000A <sup>2</sup> s             | 212A                           | 176A                   | N/A <sup>f</sup> (DFJ80)                        | N/A <sup>f</sup> (DFJ60) |
| MMC-SD-42.0-460               | ≤ 15,000A <sup>2</sup> s             | 280A                           | 233A                   | HSJ125(DFJ125)                                  | HSJ100(DFJ100)           |
| MMC-SD-51.0-460               | ≤ 83,700A <sup>2</sup> s             | 336A                           | 280A                   | HSJ150(DFJ150)                                  | HSJ110(DFJ110)           |
| MMC-SD-65.0-460               | ≤ 83,700A <sup>2</sup> s             | 420A                           | 350A                   | HSJ175(DFJ175)                                  | HSJ125(DFJ125)           |

a. Drive Model pertains to Analog (no dash suffix) and digital (-D)

b. This is the maximum time delay fuse size that can be used for Branch Circuit Protection

c. This is the maximum "Clearance I<sup>2</sup>t Rating" of a fuse used for Device Protection. Use a fuse that falls in the operating point below the stated release integral (I<sup>2</sup>t)

d. This is the maximum non-time delay fuse size that can be used for Branch Circuit Protection

e. Listed devices are UL Recognized

f. Combination fuse not available from Ferraz for this drive

**NOTE: ALTERNATE FUSES**

Fuses from other manufacturers can be used if they meet the requirements of [Table 4-2 on page 46](#). The fuses in this table are UL recognized.

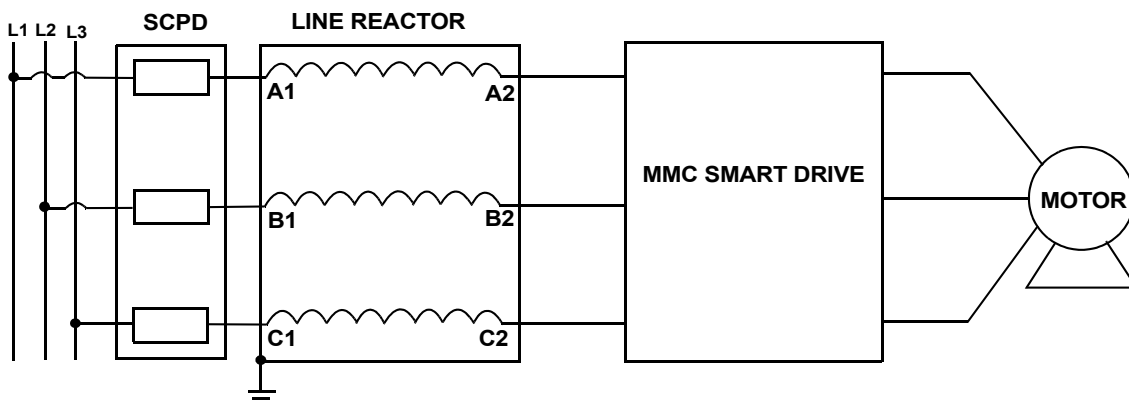
### 4.3 Line Reactors

AC Line Reactors are required when using some models of the MMC Smart Drive. They protect the drive from impermissible rates of current change and reduce harmonic current distortions. When required, they are mounted between the drive and the mains input power source.

| NOTE   |
|--|
| <p>Multiple drives or inverters on a common power line require one reactor per drive. Individual reactors provide filtering between each drive (and thereby reduce crosstalk) and also provide optimum surge protection for each unit. A single reactor serving several drives does not provide adequate protection, filtering or harmonic reduction when the system is partially loaded. Refer to <a href="#">Figure 4-1</a> for an example of one line reactor connected to one drive.</p> |

| WARNING  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
|    | <p>Danger Electric Shock Risk</p> |
| <p>The frame of line/load reactors must be grounded at one of the reactor mounting holes typically by using a star washer under the heads of the mounting bolts. <b>INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT IF THESE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT OBSERVED.</b></p> |                                   |

**Figure 4-1: Line Reactor Connection (Simplified)**



Line reactors are not necessary for the 230V MMC Smart Drives or the 460V size 1 and 2 MMC Smart Drives. Line reactors are required for the 460V size 3 and size 4 MMC Smart Drives.



### 4.3.1 Specifications and Dimensions for Required Line Reactors

| Table 4-3: MMC-SD-12-460 Line Reactor Specifications |            |            |         |             |
|--|------------|------------|---------|-------------|
| Fundamental Amperage                                 | Power Loss | Inductance | Weight  | Part Number |
| 25A  | 52W        | 1.2 mH     | 14 lbs. | M.1302.7373 |

0.38 x 0.75 (4 SLOTS)

3.00

3.43 MAX

2.35

LABEL

WIRE RANGE: 22-5 AWG

CAUTION - TERMINAL SCREW TIGHTENING TORQUE: 16 in-lb MAX

6.00 MAX

7.25 MAX

| Table 4-4: MMC-SD-16-460 Line Reactor Specifications |            |            |         |             |
|--|------------|------------|---------|-------------|
| Fundamental Amperage                                 | Power Loss | Inductance | Weight  | Part Number |
| 35A  | 54W        | 0.8 mH     | 16 lbs. | M.1302.7374 |

0.38 x 0.75 (4 SLOTS)

3.00

4.00 MAX

2.63

LABEL

WIRE RANGE: 22-5 AWG

CAUTION - TERMINAL SCREW TIGHTENING TORQUE: 16 in-lb MAX

5.75 MAX

7.25 MAX

| Table 4-5: MMC-SD-24-460 Line Reactor Specifications |            |            |         |             |
|--|------------|------------|---------|-------------|
| Fundamental Amperage                                 | Power Loss | Inductance | Weight  | Part Number |
| 45A  | 62W        | 0.7 mH     | 28 lbs. | M.1302.7375 |

0.38 x 0.75 (4 SLOTS)

3.00

4.75 MAX

3.16

LABEL

WIRE RANGE: 18-4 AWG

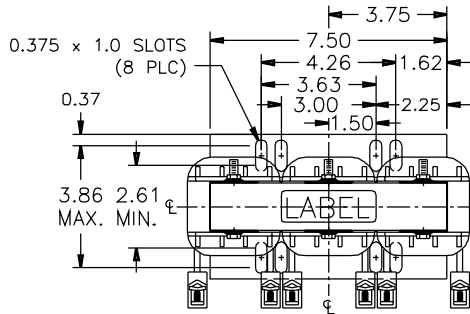
CAUTION - TERMINAL SCREW TIGHTENING TORQUE: 16 in-lb MAX

7.35 MAX

9.00 MAX

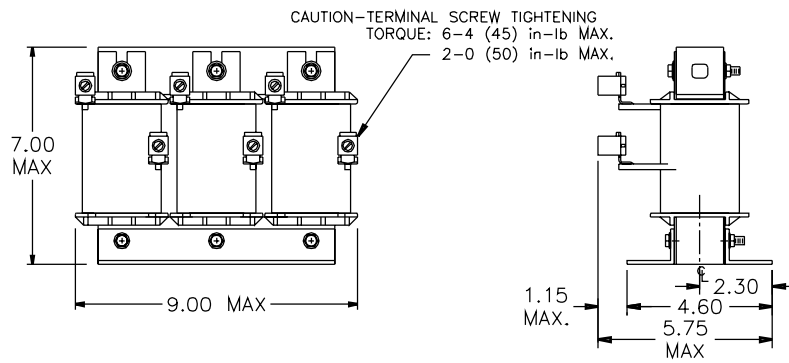
**Table 4-6: MMC-SD-30-460 Line Reactor Specifications**

| Fundamental Amperage | Power Loss | Inductance | Weight  | Part Number |
|----------------------|------------|------------|---------|-------------|
| 55A                  | 67W        | 0.5 mH     | 27 lbs. | M.3000.0105 |



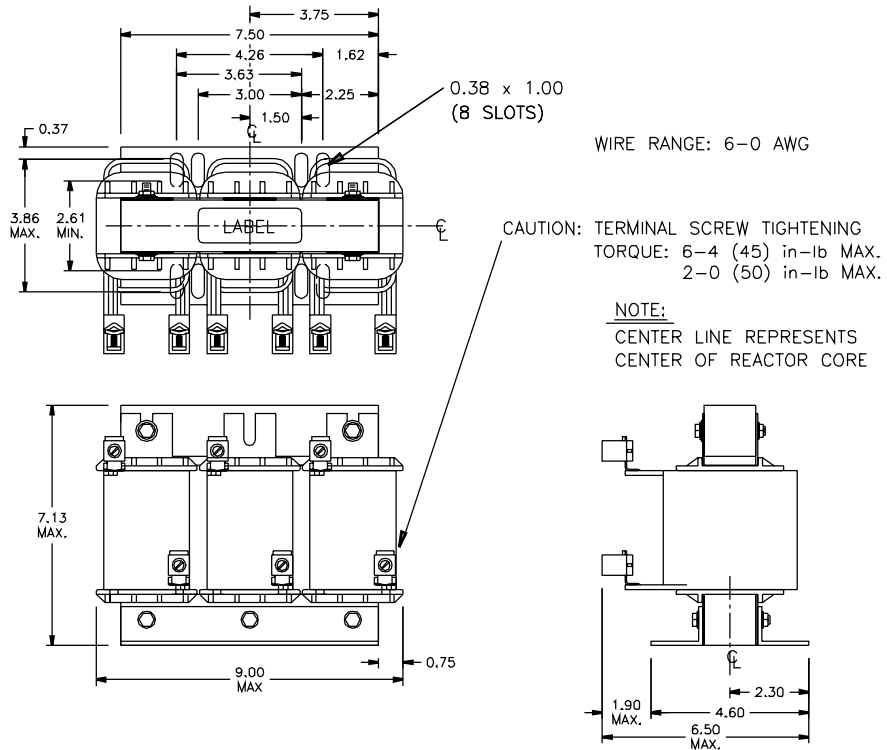
WIRE RANGE: 6-0 AWG

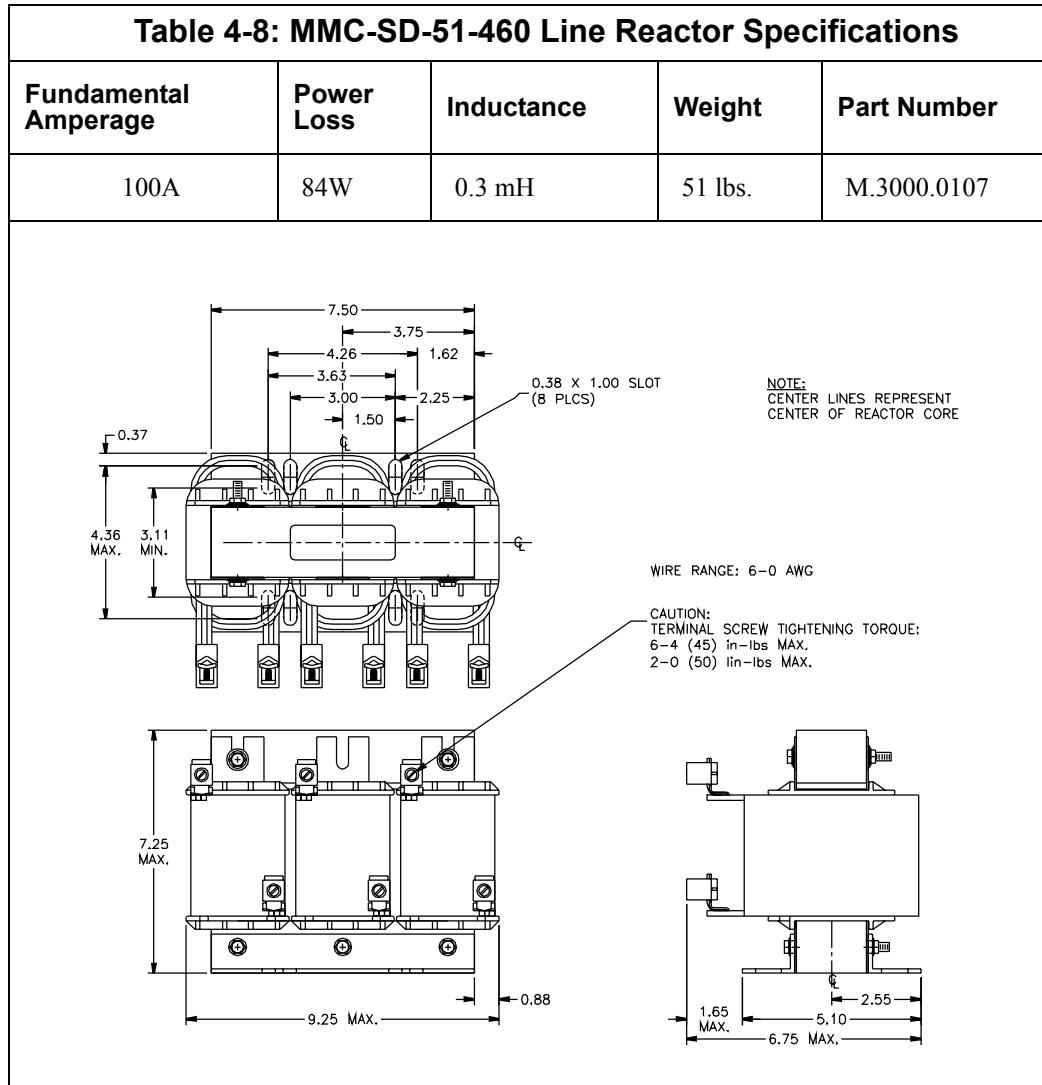
NOTE:  
CENTER LINE REPRESENTS  
CENTER OF REACTOR CORE

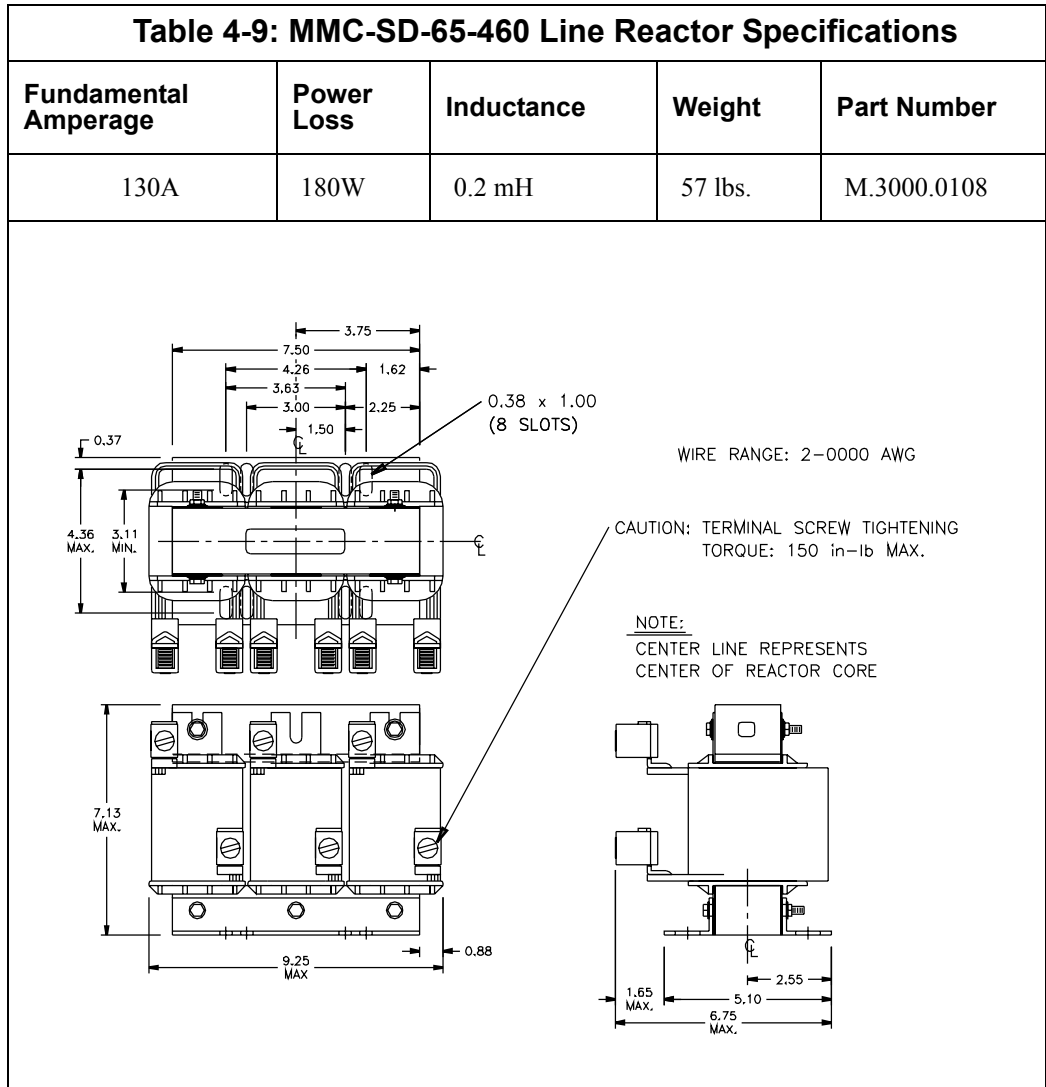


**Table 4-7: MMC-SD-42-460 Line Reactor Specifications**

| Fundamental Amperage | Power Loss | Inductance | Weight  | Part Number |
|----------------------|------------|------------|---------|-------------|
| 80A                  | 86W        | 0.4 mH     | 51 lbs. | M.3000.0106 |







## 4.4 Isolation Transformers

The MMC Smart Drive does not require the use of isolation transformers. However, a transformer may be required to match the voltage requirements of the controller to the available service. To size a transformer for the main AC power inputs, the power output (KVA) of each axis must be known. This can be derived by calculating the horsepower for each axis and converting that horsepower into units of watts. If power is being supplied to more than one motor and a drive, simply add the kW ratings together from each calculation to get a system kW total.

For an autotransformer, ensure that the phase to neutral/ground voltages do not exceed the input voltage ratings of the drive.

If you are using the Motions Solutions Sizing Software, the average speed and average torque data has already been calculated and can be used in the equation. If you are not sure of the exact speed and torque in your application, record the speed/torque curve for your drive/motor combination and use the resulting values as a worst case continuous speed and torque.

Calculations are multiplied by a factor to compensate for the power and loss elements within a power system. A factor of 2.0 is used with a single phase system and a factor of 1.5 is used with a three phase system. This factor should minimize the effects of the secondary line voltage sagging in the transformer during peak current periods.

The speed/torque curve information for 230V motors is based upon a drive input voltage of 230V AC. For a 115V AC input voltage, the maximum speed can be reduced up to one half.

### Example 230V Formula:

$$KVA = \frac{Speed(RPM) \cdot Torque(lb \angle in)}{63,025} \cdot \frac{0.746 \cdot KVA}{HP} \cdot 2.0$$

### Example 460V Formula:

$$KVA = \frac{Speed(RPM) \cdot Torque(lb \angle in)}{63,025} \cdot \frac{0.746 \cdot KVA}{HP} \cdot 1.5$$

#### NOTE

The 3-Phase source powering the drive has to be a center-grounded "Y" configuration. Do not exceed 304 Volts RMS from any phase to ground.



## 4.5 External Shunts

### 4.5.1 Choosing an External Shunt

Power from the motor is returned to the MMC Smart Drive during motor deceleration. Excessive power may have to be dissipated from the MMC Smart drive when large inertia loads are present. External shunts should be used to avoid excessive bus over voltage faults.

G&L Motion Control recommends you use the Motion Solutions Sizing Software to determine the need for and type of external shunt. However, you may perform the following calculations to choose the external shunt for your application.

1. Obtain the Peak Generating Power for the drive in watts (W).
2. Perform the following calculation:

$$W \times T = \text{Watts/sec or Joules}$$

where:

W is watts from Step 1 above,

T is decel time required by the application

3. Obtain the Absorption Energy in Joules for the drive from the Specifications section of the drive manual.
4. Determine the Peak Shunt Power from the drive that would be delivered to the shunt resistor for your application:
  - (Number calculated in Step 2 above) - (Absorption Energy from the drive Specifications table in either Chapter 5 or 6)  
= Watt-seconds
  - (Watt-seconds computed in 5a. above)  $\div$  (Decel Time for the application) = Peak Shunt Power in Watts
5. Determine the Continuous Shunt Power that would be delivered to the shunt resistor for this application:
  - (Duty Cycle of Peak or Peak x Decel Time)  $\div$  (Total Cycle Time) = Continuous Shunt Power in Watts
6. Choose an external shunt from [Table 4-10 on page 58](#).

## 4.5.2 External Shunt Resistor Kits

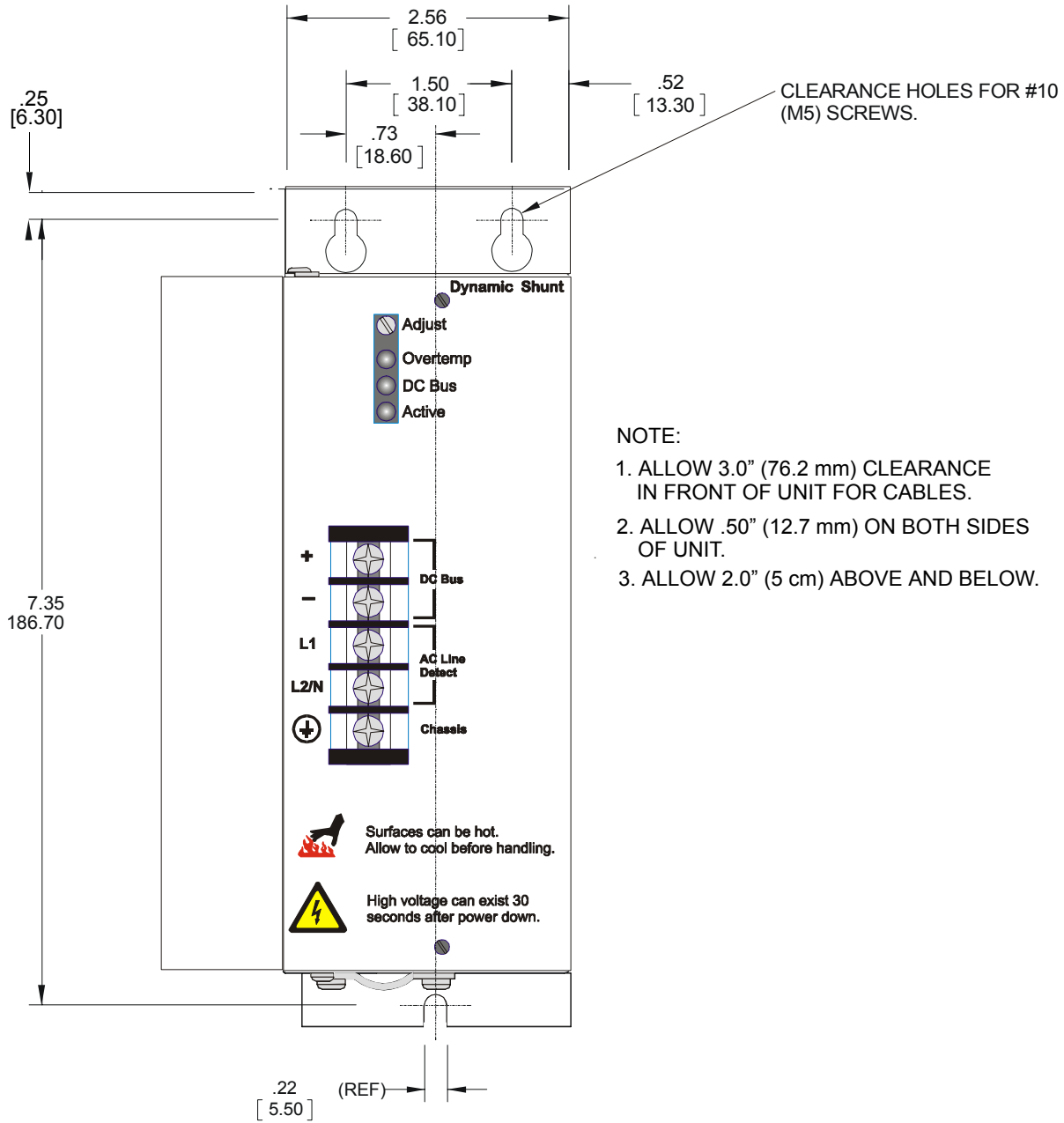
**Table 4-10: Shunt Resistors**

| <b>For Drive<sup>a</sup></b>  | <b>Shunt Resistor Module</b>  | <b>Part Number</b> |
|---|---|--------------------|
| MMC-SD-0.5-230<br>MMC-SD-1.0-230<br>MMC-SD-2.0-230  | 100 $\Omega$ , 300W, 600V, Dynamic  | M.1015.7046        |
| MMC-SD-1.3-460<br>MMC-SD-2.4-460  | 130 $\Omega$ , 450W Cont. Power, 5.4kW Peak Power, 820 V, 240 sec. Time Constant, 121 mm x 93 mm x 605 mm | M.1302.7048        |
| MMC-SD-4.0-460  | 95 $\Omega$ , 700W Cont. Power, 8kW Peak Power, 820 V, 250 sec. Time Constant, 121 mm x 93 mm x 705 mm    | M.1302.7049        |
| MMC-SD-6.0-460<br>MMC-SD-8.0-460  | 50 $\Omega$ , 1400W Cont. Power, 17kW Peak Power, 850V, 250 sec. Time Constant, 130 mm x 182 mm x 710 mm  | M.1302.7060        |
| MMC-SD-12.0-460<br>MMC-SD-16.0-460  | 25 $\Omega$ , 2800W Cont. Power, 32kW Peak Power, 850V, 60 sec. Time Constant, 171 mm x 430 mm x 550 mm   | M.1302.7061        |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460<br>MMC-SD-30.0-460<br>MMC-SD-42.0-460<br>MMC-SD-51.0-460<br>MMC-SD-65.0-460 | 18 $\Omega$ , 3900W Cont. Power, 70kW Peak Power, 850V, 70 sec. Time Constant, 180 mm x 445 mm x 490 mm   | M.1302.7063        |

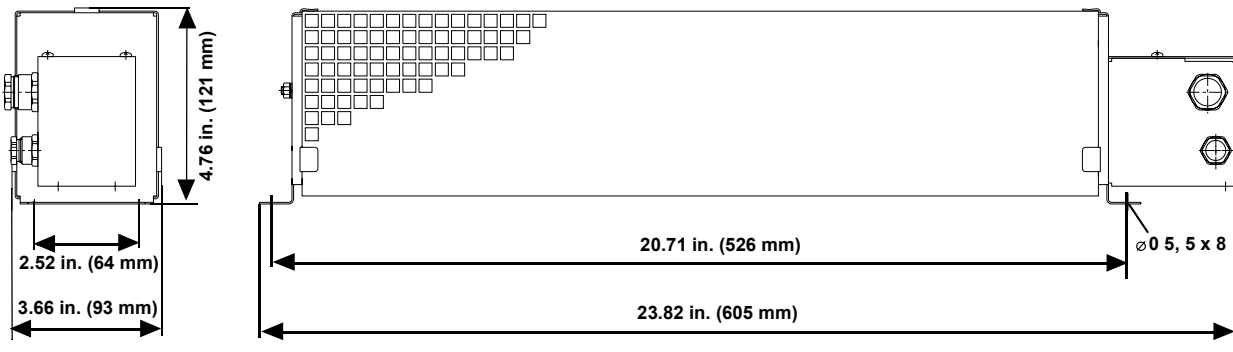
a. Drive Model pertains to Analog (no dash suffix) and digital (-D)

### 4.5.3 Mounting Dimensions for External Shunts

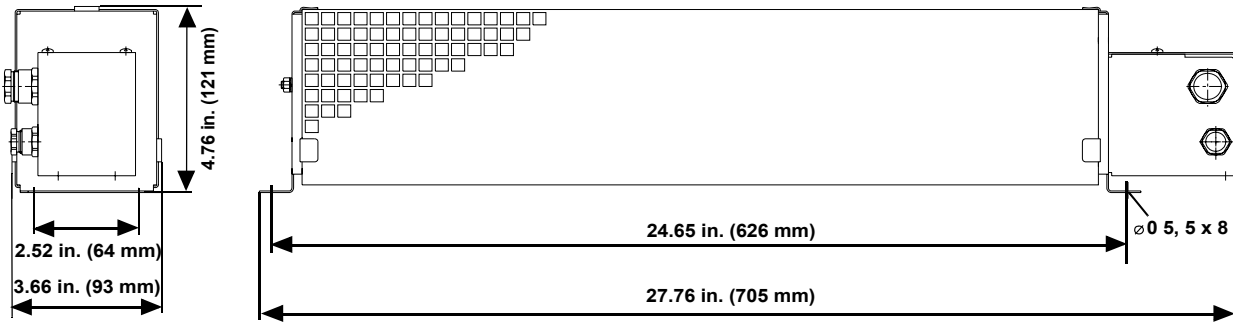
Figure 4-2: Mounting Dimensions for 230V External Shunt (P/N M.1015.7046)



**Figure 4-3: Mounting Dimensions for 460V External Shunt (P/N M.1302.7048)**



**Figure 4-4: Mounting Dimensions for 460V External Shunt (P/N M.1302.7049)**



**Figure 4-5: Mounting Dimensions for 460V External Shunt (P/N M.1302.7060)**

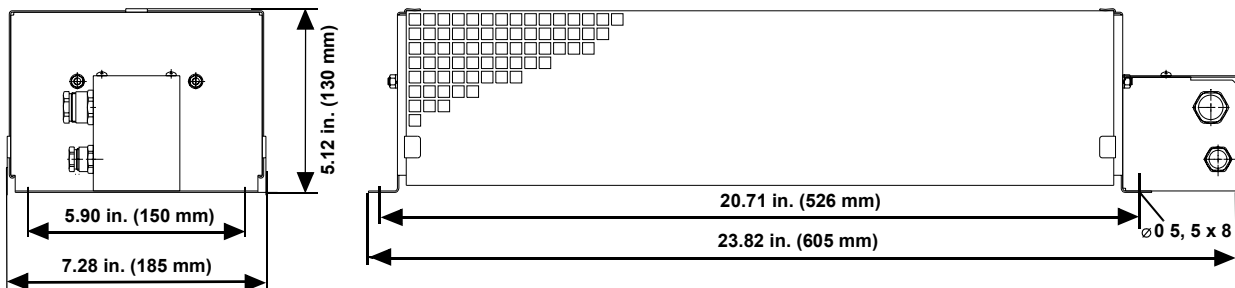
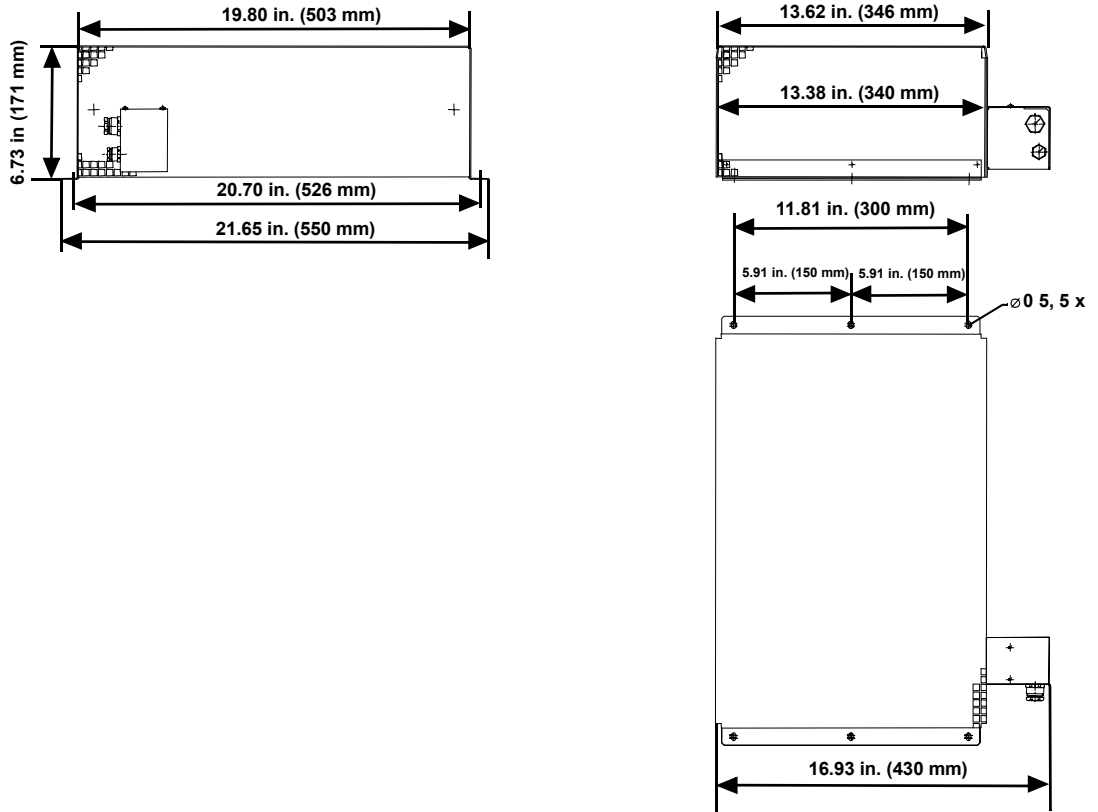
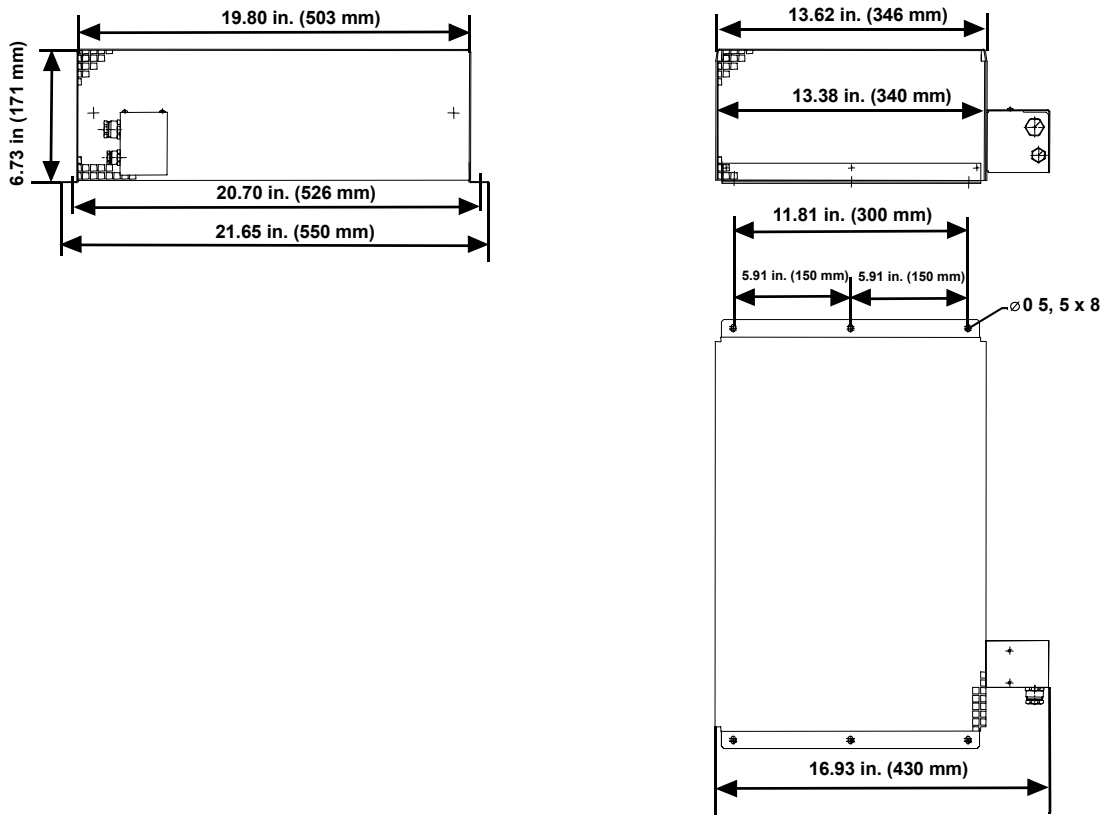


Figure 4-6: Mounting Dimensions for 460V External Shunt (P/N M.1302.7061)



**Figure 4-7: Mounting Dimensions for 460V External Shunt (P/N M.1302.7063)**



## 4.6 Line Filters

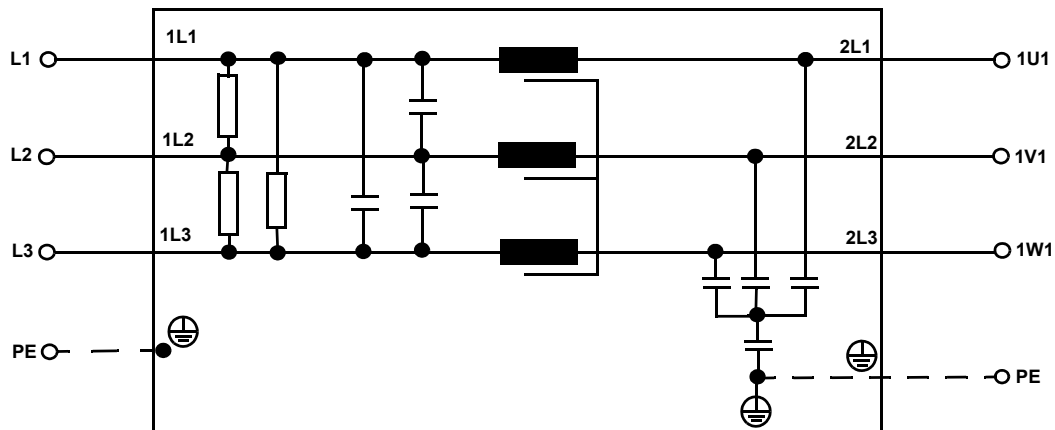
Line Filters consist of combinations of capacitors, reactors, resistors and voltage limiters that are intended to reduce the electromagnetic influence of the environment.

### 4.6.1 Line Filters and CE Compliance

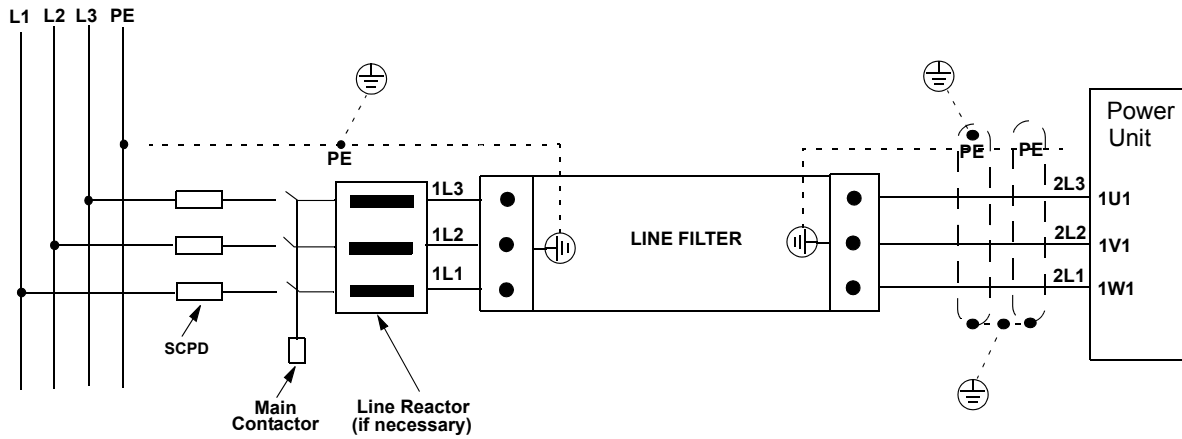
The direction of influence is bi-directional, i.e. there is a reaction in the units of emission of conducted disturbances, and, at the same time, an improvement in the immunity of the drive to interference that occurs in the case of lightning strikes, tripped fuses, or simple switching activities.


1. The filter should be mounted to a grounded conductive surface.
2. The filter must be mounted close to the drive input terminals. If the distance exceeds 2 feet (600 mm), then a shielded cable should be used to connect the drive and filter, rather than a wire.
3. The wires connecting the AC source to the filter should be shielded from, or at least separated from the wires (or strap) connecting the drive to the filter. If the connections are not segregated from each other, then the EMI on the drive side of the filter can couple over to the source side of the filter, thereby reducing, or eliminating the filter effectiveness. The coupling mechanism can be radiation, or stray capacitance between the wires.

**Figure 4-8: Block Diagram Simplified for 3-Phase Line Filter**



**Figure 4-9: Connection Diagram for 3-Phase Line Filter**



| <b>WARNING</b>   |   |
|--|---|
|  | <p>High leakage currents exist in AC line filters. The filters must be grounded properly before applying power. Filter capacitors retain high voltages after removal. Measure voltages to determine safe levels prior to handling the equipment. Failure to do so could result in severe bodily injury.</p> |

| <b>NOTE</b>   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>To be able to route the interference currents at low impedance back to the interference sources, the filter, the power unit, and the contact area of the motor cable shield must have a junction with the common mounting plate over as wide a surface as possible that has good conductive properties. The best way to ensure this is to use unpainted zinc-coated mounting plates.</p> |  |



## 4.6.2 Part Numbers for AC Line Filters

**Table 4-11: Part Numbers for AC Line Filters**

| Current             | For Drive  | Part Number |
|---------------------|--|-------------|
| 6A, 250V, 1 Phase   | MMC-SD-0.5-230<br>MMC-SD-1.0-230                   | M.1015.6922 |
| 10A, 250V, 1 Phase  | MMC-SD-2.0-230                                     | M.1015.6917 |
| 7A, 480V, 3 Phase   | MMC-SD-1.3-460<br>MMC-SD-2.4-460                   | M.1302.5241 |
| 16A, 480V, 3 Phase  | MMC-SD-4.0-460<br>MMC-SD-6.0-460<br>MMC-SD-8.0-460 | M.1302.5244 |
| 30A, 480V, 3 Phase  | MMC-SD-12.0-460<br>MMC-SD-16.0-460                 | M.1302.5245 |
| 42A, 480V, 3 Phase  | MMC-SD-24.0-460                                    | M.1302.5246 |
| 56A, 480V, 3 Phase  | MMC-SD-30.0-460<br>MMC-SD-42.0-460                 | M.1302.5247 |
| 75A, 480V, 3 Phase  | MMC-SD-51.0-460                                    | M.1302.5248 |
| 100A, 480V, 3 Phase | MMC-SD-65.0-460                                    | M.3000.0109 |

## 4.7 Technical Data for AC Line Filters

### 4.7.1 Technical Data for 230V Line Filters

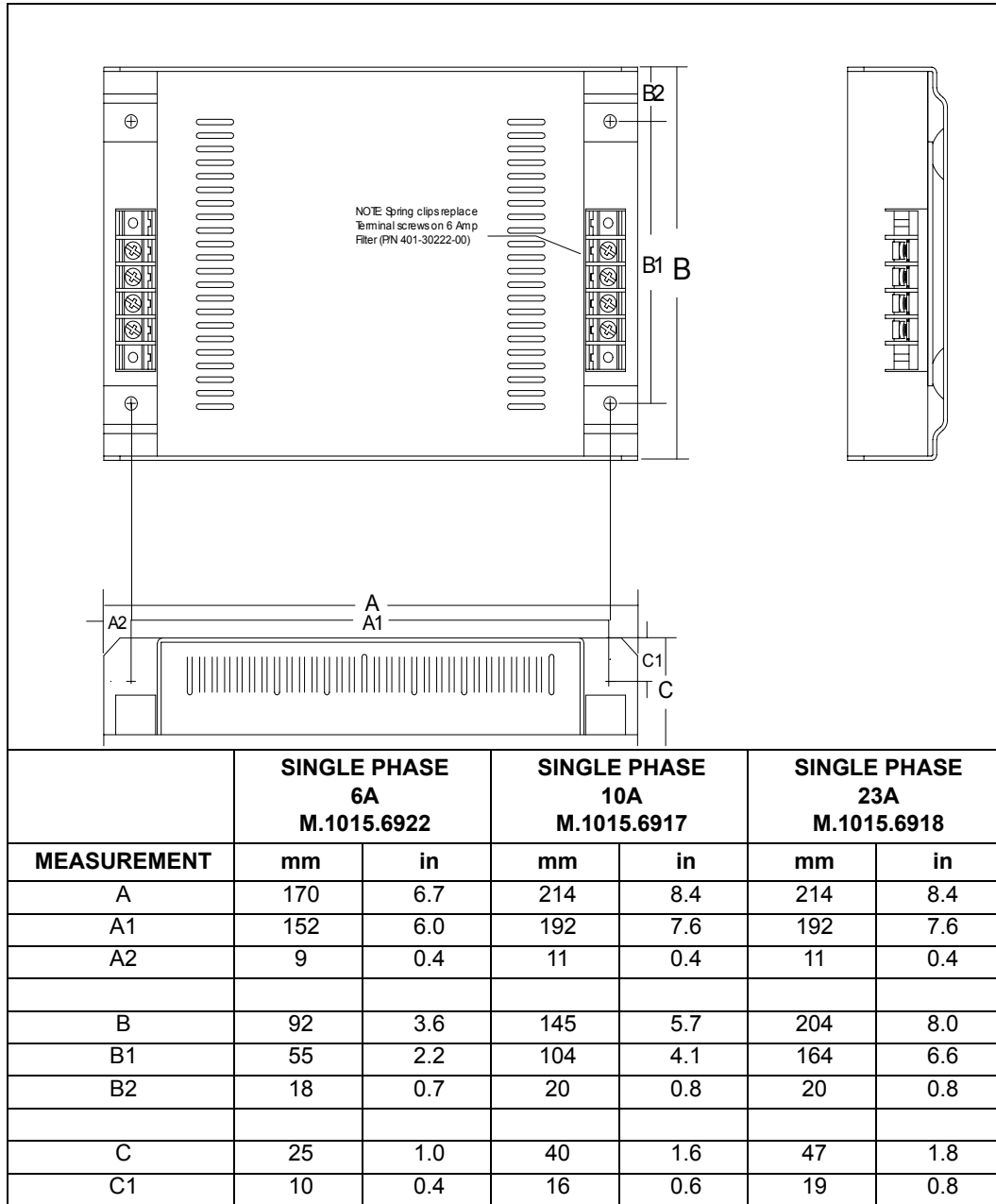
|  | M.1015.6922                    | M.1015.6917                     | M.1015.6918                     |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>Voltage/Freq.</b>   | 250VAC @ 50/50Hz               | 250VAC @ 50/50Hz                | 250VAC @ 50/50Hz                |
| <b>Current</b>   | 6A @ 50°C                      | 10A @ 50°C                      | 23A @ 50°C                      |
| <b>Overload Current</b>  | 150% 1 minute<br>200% 1 second | 150% 1 minute<br>200% 1 second  | 150% 1 minute<br>200% 1 second  |
| <b>Temperature</b>   | -25 to 95°C                    | -25 to 95°C                     | -25 to 95°C                     |
| <b>Leakage Current</b>   | 5mA @ 240V, 50 Hz              | 46mA @ 240V, 50 Hz              | 200mA @ 250V, 50Hz              |
| <b>Electric Strength</b>   | 2500VAC/1 minute               | 2500VAC/1 minute                | 2500VAC/1 minute                |
| <b>Power Loss</b>  | 3.5W (Full Load)               | 2.7W (Full Load)                | 10W (Full Load)                 |
| <b>Terminals</b>   | 2mm sq. spring clamp           | M4 screw cross/ sq.<br>2x 2.5mm | M4 screw cross/ sq.<br>2x 2.5mm |
| <b>Weight</b>  | 0.3Kg (0.66 Lb.)               | 0.95Kg (2.0 Lb)                 | 1.6Kg (2.5 Lb)                  |
| <b>Back Mounting</b>   | 4 x M4                         | 4 x M4                          | 4 x M4                          |
| <b>Side Mounting</b>   | 2 x M5                         | 2 x M6                          | 2 x M6                          |
| Line filters are manufactured to millimeter dimensions (inches are approximate conversions). |                                |                                 |                                 |

## 4.7.2 Technical Data for 460V Line Filters

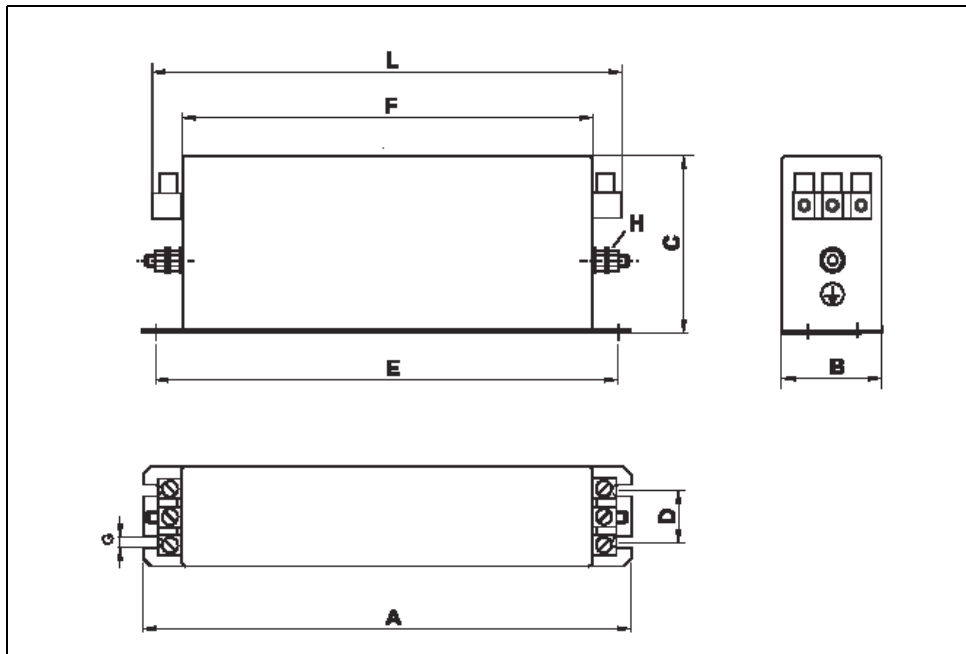
| Item   | Part Number  |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
|--|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|  | M.1302.5241  | M.1302.5244      | M.1302.5245       | M.1302.5246       | M.1302.5247      | M.1302.5248       | M.3000.0109       |
| Maximum Supply Voltage                                     | 3 x 480VAC, 50/60Hz  |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
| Rated current (at 40°C)                                    | 7A   | 16A              | 30A               | 42A               | 56A              | 75A               | 100A              |
| Peak current   | 1.5 x I <sub>N</sub> for < 1 min. per hour at T <sub>B</sub> = 40°           |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
| Test Voltage Phase/Phase<br>Phase/Ground                   | 2.1 kVDC for 2 sec. at 25°C<br>2.7 kVDC for 2 sec. at 25°C                   |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
| Maximum Connection Cross-section                           | 4mm <sup>2</sup>   | 4mm <sup>2</sup> | 10mm <sup>2</sup> | 10mm <sup>2</sup> | 4mm <sup>2</sup> | 25mm <sup>2</sup> | 50mm <sup>2</sup> |
| Operational Environmental Temperature Range T <sub>B</sub> | -25°C ... +55°C<br>Reduction of rated current from 40°C onwards by 1.4% / °C |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
| Power Loss (typical)                                       | 4W   | 8W               | 12W               | 15W               | 18W              | 24W               | 24W               |
| Site Altitude  | Below 2000 m above sea level (higher altitudes on request)                   |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
| Storage Temperature Range                                  | -25°C ... +85°C  |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
| Type of Protection   | IP20   |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                   |
| Weight   | 0.6kg  | 1.0kg            | 1.3kg             | 1.6kg             | 1.9kg            | 2.6kg             | 4.0kg             |

### 4.7.3 Dimensions for AC Line Filters

#### 4.7.4 230V Line Filter Dimensions



### 4.7.4.1 460V Line Filter Dimensions



| Part Number | A   | B  | C   | D  | E   | F   | L   | G   | H   |
|-------------|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| M.1302.5241 | 190 | 40 | 70  | 20 | 180 | 160 | 185 | 5.4 | M5  |
| M.1302.5244 | 250 | 50 | 70  | 25 | 235 | 220 | 245 |     |     |
| M.1302.5245 | 270 | 50 | 85  | 30 | 255 | 240 | 265 |     |     |
| M.1302.5246 | 310 | 50 | 85  | 30 | 295 | 280 | 305 |     |     |
| M.1302.5247 | 250 | 85 | 90  | 60 | 235 | 220 | 258 | 6.5 | M6  |
| M.1302.5248 | 270 | 80 | 135 | 60 | 255 | 240 | 278 |     |     |
| M.3000.0190 | 270 | 90 | 150 | 65 | 255 | 240 | 326 | 6.5 | M10 |

## 5 230V Single Phase MMC Smart Drive

### 5.1 LEDs

Table 5-1: LEDs Description for 230V Single Phase MMC Smart Drive

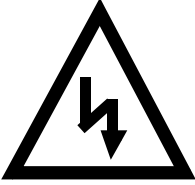
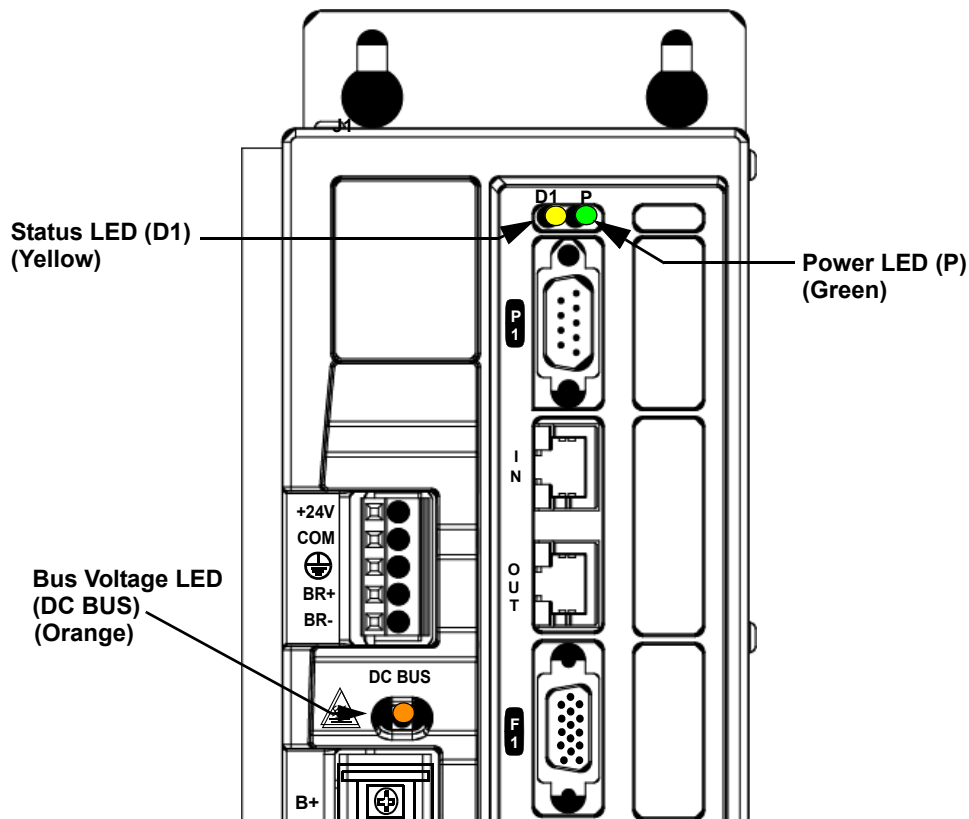
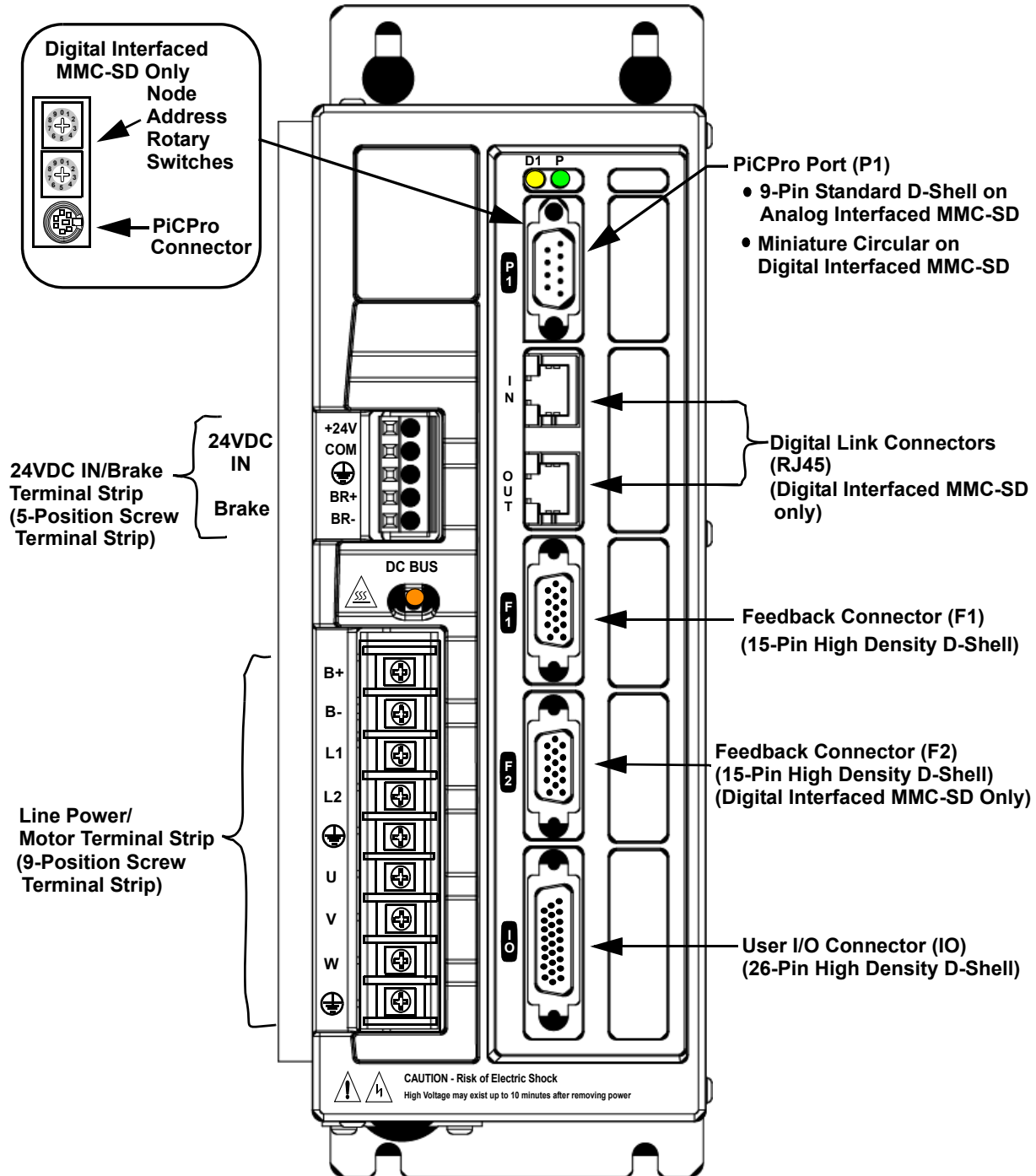
| LED   | Color  | Description   |
|---|--------|---|
| P   | Green  | Power LED. Indicates when illuminated that power is being supplied to the 24V input terminal strip.   |
| D1  | Yellow | Status LED. Drive status and fault information.   |
| DC BUS<br> | Orange | Bus Voltage LED. Indicates when illuminated that the DC bus is at a hazardous voltage.<br><br><b>DANGER</b><br>DC bus capacitors may retain hazardous voltages for up to ten minutes after input power has been removed. Always use a voltmeter to ensure that the DC bus voltage is below 50VDC before servicing the drive. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life. |

Figure 5-1: Location of LEDs on 230V Single Phase MMC Smart Drive



## 5.2 Connectors and Switches on the 230V Drive

Figure 5-2: Front Panel, 230V Single Phase (500W, 1kW, 2 kW)



## 5.2.1 PiCPro Communication Port

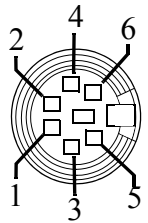
### 5.2.1.1 PiCPro Port (P1)

The PiCPro (P1)port provides RS232 level serial communication for the PiCPro programming interface.

**Table 5-2: Pin Description - PiCPro Port (P1)  
(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD)**

| PiCPro Port (P1) Signals |   |                 |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Function                 | Notes   | Pin             |
| Receive Data             | Receives parameter and control data from the PiCPro software loaded on a PC.                  | 1               |
| Transmit Data            | Transmits data from the user application via the drive to the PiCPro software loaded on a PC. | 2               |
| Signal Ground            | Provides the return path for signals  | 3 and 5         |
| Protective Ground        | Provides a path for the ground signal to an external single point ground.                     | Connector Shell |

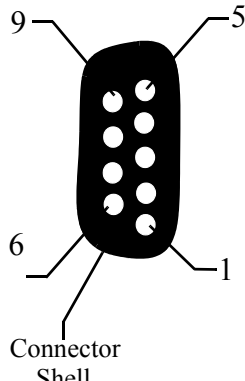
**Table 5-3: Pin Assignment - PiCPro Port (P1)  
(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD)**

| Pin Assignment<br>PiCPro Port (P1) - 230V Single Phase (500W, 1kW, 2kW) |                     |        |   |
|---|---------------------|--------|---|
| Pin   | Label               | In/Out | Pin Sequence  |
| 1   | RS232 Receive Data  | In     | Miniature Circular<br> |
| 2   | RS232 Transmit Data | Out    |   |
| 3   | Signal Ground       | In/Out |   |
| 4   | NC                  | N/A    |   |
| 5   | Signal Ground       | In/Out |   |
| 6   | NC                  | N/A    |   |
| Connector Shield  | Shield              | In     |   |

**Table 5-4: Pin Description - PiCPro Port (P1)  
(Analog Interfaced MMC-SD)**

| PiCPro Port (P1) Signals |   |                 |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Function                 | Notes   | Pin             |
| Receive Data             | Receives parameter and control data from the PiCPro software loaded on a PC.                  | 2               |
| Transmit Data            | Transmits data from the user application via the drive to the PiCPro software loaded on a PC. | 3               |
| Data Terminal Ready      | Indicates that the drive is ready to send data to the PiCPro software loaded on a PC.         | 4               |
| Signal Ground            | Provides the return path for signals  | 5               |
| Request to send          | Sends a request to the PiCPro software loaded on a PC to send data from the drive to PiCPro.  | 7               |
| Protective Ground        | Provides a path for the ground signal to an external single point ground.                     | Connector Shell |

**Table 5-5: Pin Assignment - PiCPro Port (P1)  
(Analog Interfaced MMC-SD)**

| Pin Assignment<br>PiCPro Port (P1) - 230V Single Phase (500W, 1kW, 2kW) |                           |        |   |
|---|---------------------------|--------|---|
| Pin   | Label                     | In/Out | Pin Sequence  |
| 1   | NC                        | N/A    |  |
| 2   | RS232 Receive Data        | In     |   |
| 3   | RS232 Transmit Data       | Out    |   |
| 4   | RS232 Data Terminal Ready | Out    |   |
| 5   | RS232 Signal Ground       | In/Out |   |
| 6   | NC                        | N/A    |   |
| 7   | RS232 Request to Send     | Out    |   |
| 8   | NC                        | N/A    |   |
| 9   | NC                        | N/A    |   |
| Connector Shell   | Shield                    | In     |   |

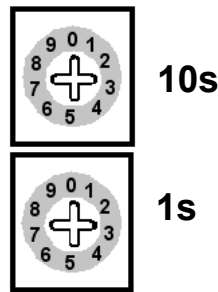


### 5.2.2 Node Address Rotary Switch (Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only)

Two rotary switches are used to set the drive address. Rotate the switch to the desired address.

Addresses can be set to any number from 1 through 64. The top switch represents values of base ten. The bottom switch represents values of base 1.

As an example, rotating the switch to a setting of 2 on the top switch equals the value of 20 (2 x 10). Rotating the switch on the bottom switch to a setting of 5 equals the value of 5. The actual address setting is 25 (20 + 5).



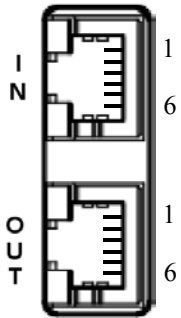
### 5.2.3 Digital Link Connector (IN/OUT) (Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only)

The Digital Link connectors allow digital interfaced MMC-SD drives to communicate with one another.

**Table 5-6: Pin Description - Digital Link Connector (IN/OUT) (Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only)**

| Digital Link Connector (IN/OUT) Signals |   | Pin             |                 |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Function                                | Notes   | In Connector    | Out Connector   |
| Receive Data +                          | Receives data from connected drives.                                      | 1               | 3               |
| Receive Data -                          | Receives data from connected drives.                                      | 2               | 6               |
| Transmit Data +                         | Transmits data to connected drives.                                       | 3               | 1               |
| Transmit Data -                         | Transmits data to connected drives.                                       | 6               | 2               |
| Protective Ground                       | Provides a path for the ground signal to an external single point ground. | Connector Shell | Connector Shell |

**Table 5-7: Pin Assignment - Digital Link Connector (IN/OUT)  
(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only)**

| Pin                  | Label   | In/Out | Contact Sequence  |
|----------------------|---|--------|---|
| <b>IN Connector</b>  |   |        | RJ-45 Connector<br> |
| 1                    | Receive +   | In     |   |
| 2                    | Receive -   | In     |   |
| 3                    | Transmit +  | Out    |   |
| 4                    | Not Used  | N/A    |   |
| 5                    | Not Used  | N/A    |   |
| 6                    | Transmit -  | Out    |   |
| Connector Shield     | Provides a path for the ground signal to an external single point ground. | In     |   |
| <b>OUT Connector</b> |   |        |   |
| 1                    | Transmit +  | Out    |   |
| 2                    | Transmit -  | Out    |   |
| 3                    | Receive +   | In     |   |
| 4                    | Not Used  | N/A    |   |
| 5                    | Not Used  | N/A    |   |
| 6                    | Receive -   | In     |   |
| Connector Shield     | Provides a path for the ground signal to an external single point ground. | In     |   |

## 5.2.4 Feedback Connector (F1)

- All signals (other than the encoder inputs) are bussed internally between the two feedback connectors F1 and F2. The bussed signals include motor commutation inputs, temperature input, and encoder power outputs.
- F1 can interface with incremental encoders, sinewave encoders, and resolvers (using the optional resolver interface module). These signals are conditioned and routed to the I/O connector.

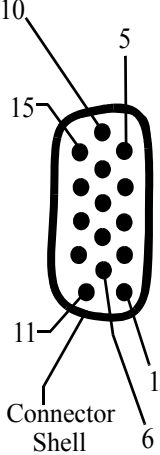
### NOTE

Because of the variety of feedback devices that can be used, the following table contains signal descriptions only (no pin numbers). Refer to [Table 5-9](#) for feedback device specific pin numbers.

**Table 5-8: Pin Description for Feedback Connector (F1)**

| <b>F1 Feedback Signals</b>            |  |  |   |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| <b>Signal Type</b>                    | <b>Signal Name</b>   | <b>Notes</b>   | <b>Pin</b>  |
| Incremental Encoder Inputs            | A1, A1/, B1, B1/, I1, I1/                                  | Differential A quad B encoder signals.   | Pin Assignments vary depending on the type of Feedback Device used. Refer to <a href="#">Table 5-9</a> for pin assignments. |
| Sinewave Encoder Inputs               | Sin, Sin/, Cos, Cos/                                       | Sinewave Encoder signals   |   |
| Sinewave Encoder Data Channel In/Out  | RS-485 Data +, RS-485 Data -, RS-485 Clock+, RS-485 Clock- | RS-485 signals for connecting the Sinewave Encoder Data Channel to the drive   |   |
| Motor Commutation Hall Sensor Inputs  | Commutation Track S1, S2, S3                               | Hall device input signals that are used to initialize the commutation angle. They consist of a 74HC14 input with 10 $\mu$ s filter and 1 K pull up to +5V. Shared with F2. |   |
| Sinewave Encoder Commutation Inputs   | Commutation Sin+, Commutation Sin-                         | Sinewave signals that are used to initialize the motor commutation angle when a Heidenhein Sincoder is used as the motor feedback device.                                  |   |
| Resolver Inputs                       | Sin+, Sin-, Cos+, Cos-                                     | Resolver rotor feedback signals used when optional Resolver Interface Board is installed.  |   |
| Resolver Outputs                      | Carrier+, Carrier-   | Resolver rotor excitation signals used when optional Resolver Interface Board is installed.  |   |
| Temperature Input                     | Temperature  | Thermostat (normally-closed) or Thermistor (Phillips KTY84-130 PTC or equivalent recommended) input for detecting over temperature conditions within the motor.            |   |
| Travel Limit Inputs                   | + Travel Limit, -Travel Limit                              | Over travel limit inputs (Reserved for future use).  |   |
| Encoder Power Outputs                 | +5V Source, +9V Source                                     | Regulated +5VDC and regulated +9VDC for powering the attached encoder.   |   |
| Sinewave Encoder Reference Mark Input | Ref Mark/  | Reference Mark input used with some Sinewave Encoders used to indicate motor position within one revolution.   |   |
| Signal and Power Common               | Common   | Return path for feedback signals and power supplies (+5V and +9V).   |   |

**Table 5-9: Encoder/Resolver Pin Assignments for Feedback Connector (F1)**

| Encoder/Resolver Pin Assignments for Motor Feedback 15 Pin Connector (F1)<br>230V Single Phase (500W, 1kW, 2kW) |                         |                       |                  |        |                           |                    |            |   |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------|---|
| Pin   | Feedback Device         |                       |                  |        |                           |                    | In/<br>Out | Pin<br>Sequence   |
|   | Sinewave Encoder        |                       |                  |        |                           |                    |            |   |
|   | Digital<br>Incremental  | Stegmann<br>Hiperface | Endat***         | SSI*** | Heidenhain<br>Sincoder*** | Resolver*          |            |   |
| 1   | A1                      | Cos                   |                  |        | Cos+                      |                    | In         | 15-pin Female<br>HD D-Sub<br><br> |
| 2   | A1/                     | Cos/                  |                  |        | Cos-                      |                    |            |   |
| 3   | B1                      | Sine                  |                  |        | Sin+                      |                    |            |   |
| 4   | B1/                     | Sine/                 |                  |        | Sin-                      |                    |            |   |
| 5   | I1                      | RS-485 Data+          |                  |        | Ref Mark                  | Carrier+           | **         |   |
| 6   | Common                  |                       |                  |        |                           |                    | In/Out     |   |
| 7   | N/U                     | +9V Source            | N/U              | N/U    | N/U                       | N/U                | Out        |   |
| 8   | Commutation<br>Track S3 | N/U                   | N/U              | N/U    | N/U                       | N/U                | In         |   |
| 9   | + Travel Limit          |                       |                  |        | Commutation<br>Cos+       | +Travel<br>Limit   |            |   |
| 10  | I1/                     | RS-485 Data-          |                  |        | Ref Mark/                 | Carrier-           | **         |   |
| 11  | Temperature             |                       |                  |        |                           |                    | In         |   |
| 12  | Commutation<br>Track S1 | N/U                   | RS-485<br>Clock+ |        | Commutation<br>Sin+       | N/U                | In<br>**** |   |
| 13  | Commutation<br>Track S2 | N/U                   | RS-485<br>Clock- |        | Commutation<br>Sin-       | N/U                |            |   |
| 14  | +5V Source              | N/U                   | +5V Source       |        |                           | N/U                | Out        |   |
| 15  | - Travel Limit          |                       |                  |        | Commutation<br>Cos-       | -Travel Lim-<br>it | In         |   |
| Shell   | Shield                  |                       |                  |        |                           |                    | N/A        |   |

\* Requires installation of optional resolver board.

\*\* The direction of data flow for pins 5 and 10 is as follows:  
 Stegmann Hiperface, ENDAT: I/O  
 Digital Incremental, SSI, Heidenhain Sincoder: IN  
 Resolver: OUT

\*\*\* For future use.

\*\*\*\* Pins 12 and 13 are outputs when ENDAT or SSI is installed.

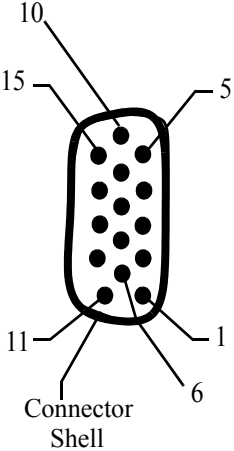
### 5.2.5 Feedback Connector (F2) (Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only)

- All motor signals (other than the encoder inputs) are bussed internally between the two feedback connectors F1 and F2. The bussed signals include motor commutation inputs, temperature input, travel limit inputs, and encoder power outputs.
- F2 can be designated (in PiCPro) as the motor feedback connector but only if F1 is not (either one or the other must be designated as such).
- Travel Limits can be defined in PiCPro software as either coming into the MMC Smart Drive at the F2 connector or at the User I/O connector.
- F2 can interface with only incremental type encoders.
- The hall sensor inputs on F1 and F2 are connected together, allowing either F1 or F2 to accept the hall sensor signal, but NOT both. Only one feedback may be connected to motor hall sensor inputs.

**Table 5-10: Pin Description for Feedback Connector (F2)**

| F2 Feedback Signals                  |  |                  |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Signal Type                          | Notes  | Pins             |
| Incremental Encoder Input            | Differential A quad B encoder signals.   | 1,2, 3, 4, 5, 10 |
| Motor Commutation Hall Sensor Inputs | Hall-device input signals that are used to initialize the motor commutation angle. They consist of a 74HC14 input with a 10 $\mu$ s filter and a 1K pull-up to +5V. Shared with F1.  | 8, 12, 13        |
| Temperature Input                    | Thermostat (normally-closed) or Thermistor (Phillips KTY84-130 PTC or equivalent recommended) input for detecting over temperature conditions within the motor. If a thermostat is used, connect one side to 0V, and the other side to the Temperature Input (pin 11). | 11               |
| Travel Limit Inputs                  | Over-travel limit inputs. They consist of a 74HC14 input with a 10 $\mu$ s filter and a 1K pull-up to +5V.   | 9, 15            |
| Encoder Power Outputs                | Regulated +5VDC and regulated +9V VDC for powering the attached encoder.   | 7, 14            |
| Signal and Power Common              | Return path for feedback signals and power supplies (+5V and 9 V).   | 6                |

**Table 5-11: Pin Assignments for Feedback Connector (F2)  
(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only)**

| Pin Assignments<br>F2 Feedback 15 Pin Connector<br>230V Single Phase (500W, 1kW, 2kW) |               |        |  |
|---|---------------|--------|--|
| Pin   | Label         | In/Out | Pin Sequence   |
| 1   | A2            | In     | 15-pin Female HD D-Sub<br><br> |
| 2   | A2/           | In     |  |
| 3   | B2            | In     |  |
| 4   | B2/           | In     |  |
| 5   | I2            | In     |  |
| 6   | Common        | In/Out |  |
| 7   | +9V           | Out    |  |
| 8   | S3            | In     |  |
| 9   | Travel Limit+ | In     |  |
| 10  | I2/           | In     |  |
| 11  | Temperature   | In     |  |
| 12  | S1            | In     |  |
| 13  | S2            | In     |  |
| 14  | +5V           | Out    |  |
| 15  | Travel Limit- | In     |  |
| Shell   | Shield        | In     |  |

## 5.2.6 User I/O Connector (IO)

**Table 5-12: Pin Description for User I/O Connector (IO)**

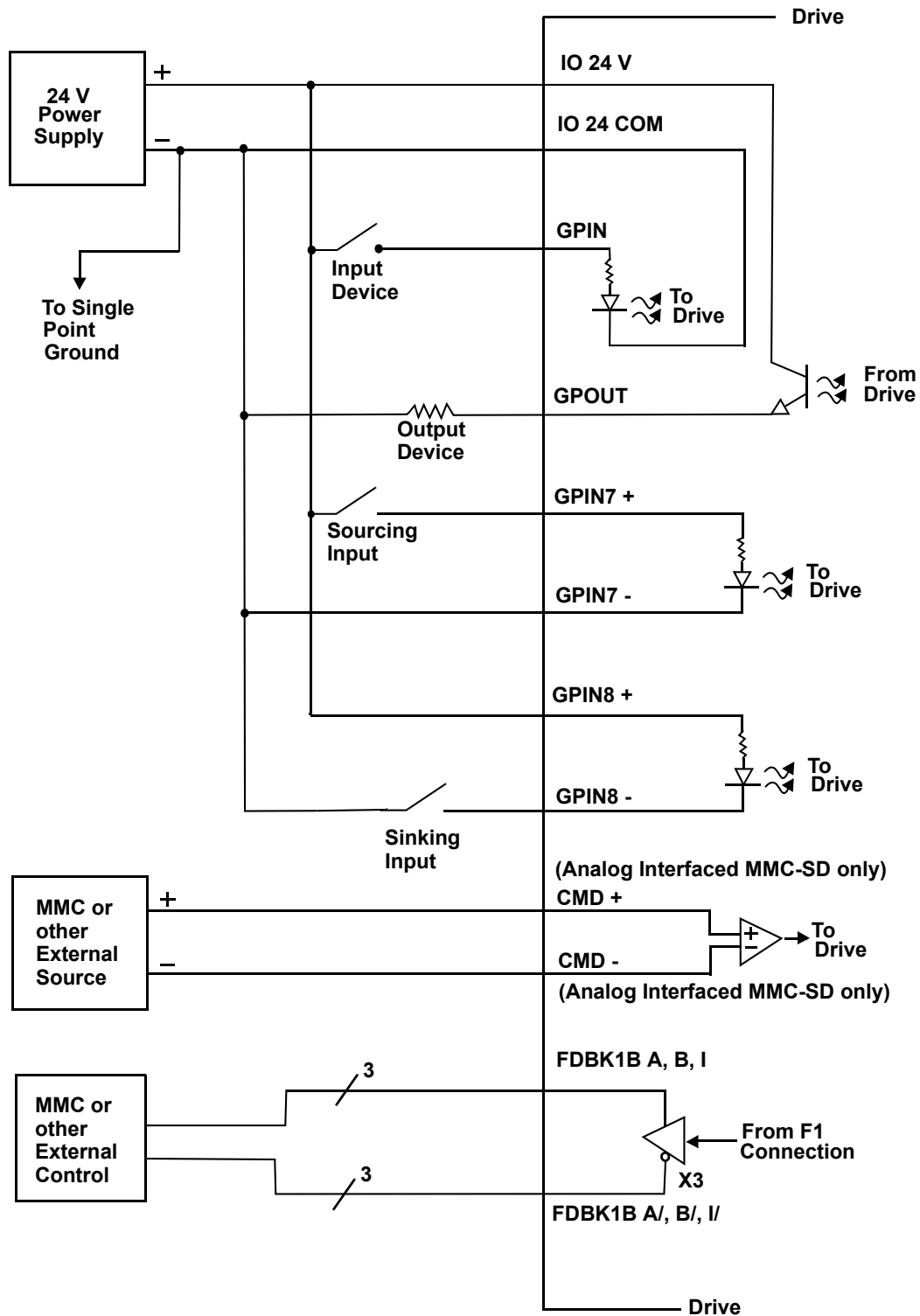
| Signals for User I/O Connector (IO)                      |  |                        |
|--|--|------------------------|
| Signal Type  | Notes  | Pins                   |
| Analog Command Inputs<br>(Analog Interfaced MMC-SD only) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Analog velocity or torque commands of 0 to +/- 10V</li> <li>Separate scale and offset parameters are used relative to the command signal being velocity or torque</li> </ul>  | 14, 15                 |
| Fast Inputs<br>(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD only)          | Used for latching encoder position.  | 8, 9, 11, 12           |
| General Purpose Software Assignable Inputs               | 24VDC sourcing type. Default assignments: Pin 17 (GPIN1) = Drive Enable, Pin 18 (GPIN2) = Fault Reset  | 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 |
| Buffered F1 Encoder Output                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RS485 drivers are used and the signal that is output depends on the encoder or resolver type used. See Specifications in Chapter 5 of this manual.</li> <li>These signals are generated after the feedback from the F1connector is filtered and processed.</li> </ul> | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6       |
| General Purpose Software Assignable Outputs              | 24VDC sourcing type. Default assignment: Pin 26 (GPOUT4) = Drive Ready   | 23, 24, 25, 26         |
| IO24V, IO24COM   | 24 VDC inputs for powering GPIN and GPOUT I/O.   | 10, 16                 |



**Table 5-13: Pin Assignment for User I/O Connector (IO)**



| Pin Assignment<br>User I/O Connector 26-Pin 230V Single Phase (500W, 1kW, 2kW) |              |                  |        |     |              |                  |        |              |
|--|--------------|------------------|--------|-----|--------------|------------------|--------|--------------|
| Pin  | Wiring Label | PiCPro I/O Label | In/Out | Pin | Wiring Label | PiCPro I/O Label | In/Out | Pin Sequence |
| 1  | FDBK1B A     |                  | Out    | 14  | CMD +        |                  | In     |              |
| 2  | FDBK1B A/    |                  | Out    | 15  | CMD -        |                  | In     |              |
| 3  | FDBK1B B     |                  | Out    | 16  | IO24COM      |                  | In     |              |
| 4  | FDBK1B B/    |                  | Out    | 17  | GPIN1        | Input1           | In     |              |
| 5  | FDBK1B I     |                  | Out    | 18  | GPIN2        | Input2           | In     |              |
| 6  | FDBK1B I/    |                  | Out    | 19  | GPIN3        | Input3           | In     |              |
| 7  | Shield       |                  | Out    | 20  | GPIN4        | Input4           | In     |              |
| 8  | GPIN7 +      | Input7           | In     | 21  | GPIN5        | Input5           | In     |              |
| 9  | GPIN7 -      |                  | In     | 22  | GPIN6        | Input6           | In     |              |
| 10   | IO24V        |                  | In     | 23  | GPOUT1       | Output1          | Out    |              |
| 11   | GPIN8 +      | Input8           | In     | 24  | GPOUT2       | Output2          | Out    |              |
| 12   | GPIN8 -      |                  | In     | 25  | GPOUT3       | Output3          | Out    |              |
| 13   | Shield       |                  |        | 26  | GPOUT4       | Output4          | Out    |              |

Figure 5-3: Wiring Diagram for User I/O Connector (IO)



### 5.2.7 24 VDC IN/Brake Terminal Strip

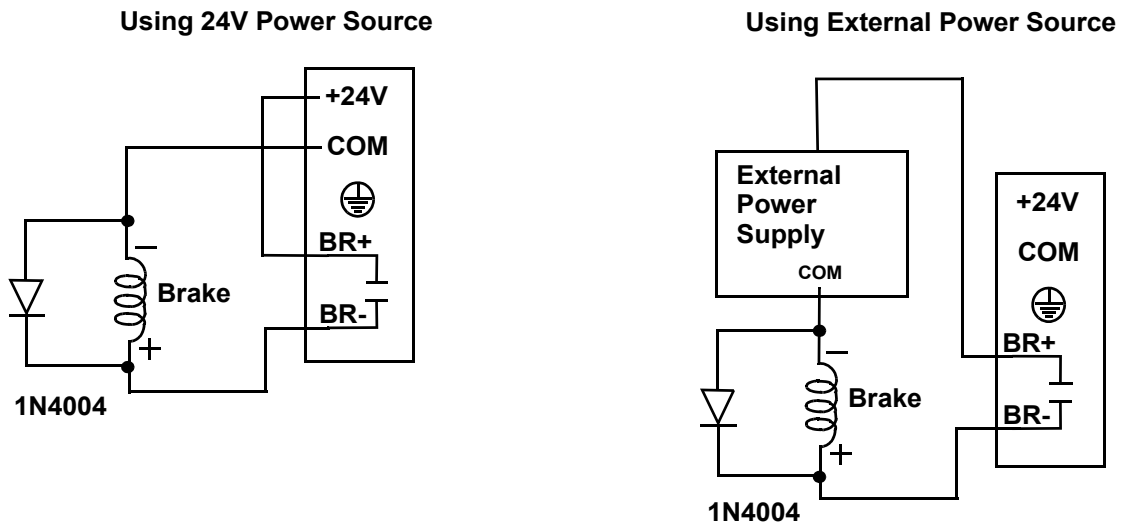
Table 5-14: Pin Assignment for 24 VDC IN/Brake Terminal Strip

| 24VDC IN/Brake Terminal Strip  |   |                   |  |                  |        |
|--|---|-------------------|--|------------------|--------|
| Terminal   | Terminal Label  | Signal Type       | Signal Description                                 | PiCPro I/O Label | In/Out |
| <b>+24V</b><br><b>COM</b><br><br><b>BR+</b><br><b>BR-</b> | +24V  | Logic Power       | +24V user supplied power signal terminal.          | N/A              | In     |
|  | COM   | Common            | +24V Common  | N/A              | In     |
|  |  | Protective Ground | Must be connected to Protective Earth Ground (SPG) | N/A              | In     |
|  | BR+   | Brake Relay +     | Refer to Figure 5-3 below.                         | Output5/Relay    | Out    |
|  | BR-   | Brake Relay -     |  |                  | Out    |

**NOTE**

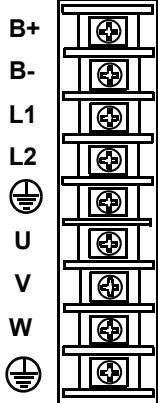
Use of a diode (as shown) or an external RC type snubber is highly recommended for use with inductive loads, especially DC inductive loads.

Figure 5-4: BR+ and BR- Wiring Examples



### 5.2.8 Motor Terminal Strip

Table 5-15: Pin Assignment for Motor Terminal Strip

| Motor Terminal Strip   |                |                   |   |        |
|--|----------------|-------------------|---|--------|
| Terminal   | Terminal Label | Signal Type       | Signal Description                                  | In/Out |
|  <p>B+<br/>B-<br/>L1<br/>L2<br/>⊕<br/>U<br/>V<br/>W<br/>⊕</p> | B+             | DC Bus            | Power from drive to active shunt                    | Out    |
|  | B-             |                   |   |        |
|  | L1             | AC Power          | 100-240VAC single phase power in to drive.          | In     |
|  | L2             |                   |   |        |
|  | ⊕              | Protective Ground | Must be connected to Protective Earth Ground (SPG). | In     |
|  | U              | Motor Power       | Power U-phase from the drive to the motor.          | Out    |
|  | V              |                   | Power V-phase from the drive to the motor.          | Out    |
|  | W              |                   | Power W-Phase from the drive to the motor.          | Out    |
|  | ⊕              | Protective Ground | Connection for motor ground.                        | In     |

## 5.3 Specifications - 230V MMC Smart Drive

### 5.3.1 General Data for all 230V Models

| General Drive Data   |  |
|--|--|
| Minimum wire size for input power wires                      | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG) 75° C copper.                              |
| Maximum tightening torque for power wire terminals           | 1.17 Nm (10.4 in-lbs.)   |
| Commutation  | Three Phase Sinusoidal   |
| Current Regulator  | Digital PI 125 µsec. update rate                                       |
| Velocity Regulator   | Digital PID - 250 µsec. update rate                                    |
| Environmental Data   |  |
| Operating Temperature Range                                  | 7° C to 55° C (45° F to 131° F)  |
| Storage Temperature Range                                    | -30° C to 70° C (-22° F to 158° F)                                     |
| Humidity   | 5% to 95% non-condensing   |
| Altitude   | 1500 m (5000 ft)<br>Derate 3% for each 300 m above 1500m               |
| Vibration Limits (per IEC 68-2-6)<br>Operating/Non-operating | 10-57 Hz (constant amplitude.15 mm)<br>57 - 2000 Hz (acceleration 2 g) |
| Shock (per IEC 68-2-27)<br>Non-operating                     | Four shocks per axis (15g/11 msec)                                     |
| F1 and F2 Feedback Inputs                                    |  |
| Input receiver type  | Maxim 3098 A quad B differential RS422 receiver                        |
| Encoder signals  | Differential quadrature  |
| Input threshold  | ±200 mV  |
| Input termination  | 150Ω, provided internally  |
| Maximum input voltage  | 5V peak to peak differential -10 to +13.2V common mode                 |
| Maximum input signal frequency                               | 720 K Hz (2.88 M feedback counts per second)                           |

| <b>General Purpose Inputs</b>                                |   |
|--|---|
| Configuration  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8 optically isolated 24V DC inputs</li> <li>• Active high</li> <li>• 6 are current sourcing only (current flow into input)</li> <li>• 2 are sink or source</li> </ul>      |
| Guaranteed On  | 15 VDC  |
| Guaranteed Off   | 5 VDC   |
| Time delay on  | 1 ms max.   |
| Time delay off   | 1 ms max.   |
| Input voltage  | Nominal 24 VDC, maximum 30 VDC  |
| <b>General Purpose Outputs</b>                               |   |
| Configuration  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4 optically isolated 24V DC outputs</li> <li>• Active high</li> <li>• Current sourcing only (current into load)</li> <li>• Short circuit and overload protected</li> </ul> |
| Maximum current  | 50mA per output   |
| Voltage range  | 24VDC +15%-10%  |
| Time delay on for resistive loads                            | 50 $\mu$ sec. max   |
| Time delay off for resistive loads                           | 50 $\mu$ sec. max   |
| Leakage current in off state                                 | 0.5 mA max  |
| <b>Command Input (Analog Interfaced Digital MMC-SD only)</b> |   |
| Command Input  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analog velocity or torque, 0 to <math>\pm</math> 10V</li> <li>• 14 bit effective resolution</li> </ul>   |

| <b>Digital Link In/Out Ports (Digital Interfaced MMC-SD only)</b> |  |
|---|--|
| "In" port   | Sends and receives high speed data to and from connected MMC-SD's "Out" port.  |
| "Out" port  | Sends and receives high speed data to and from connected MMC-SD's "In" port.   |
| Cable Type  | Shielded, Straight Pinned, CAT5 or better (CAT5e, CAT6, etc.)  |
| Maximum Cable Length  | 82.5 ft (25 m)   |
| <b>User I/O Connector Encoder Emulation Output</b>                |  |
| F1 Motor Feedback Type  | Input Limit<br>Encoder Emulation Output<br>(A quad B Differential Output)  |
| Incremental Encoder   | 720 KHz<br>2.88 M counts/sec.<br>The motor encoder A/B/I inputs are electrically buffered and retransmitted via the User I/O connector.  |
| High Resolution Encoder   | 100 KHz<br>400 K counts/sec.<br>The encoder SIN/COS signals are electrically squared and retransmitted as A/B. The index mark "I" is synthesized by the drive control DSP. Absolute position information is not available via the Encoder Emulation Output.  |
| Resolver  | 500 RPS<br>2.00 M counts/sec.<br>The field-installable resolver interface module converts the motor resolver to 1024 lines/4096 counts per revolution of A/B encoder output. The module synthesizes the index mark "I" once per revolution of the resolver. Absolute position information is not available via the Encoder Emulation Output. |
| <b>Conformity</b>   |  |
| CE Marked   | Conforms to Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC (amended by 93/68/EEC) and EMC Directive 89/336/EEC (amended by 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC).<br>Conformance is in accordance with the following standards:<br>EN 50178 and EN61800-3  |
| UL and C/UL Listed  | E233454  |

### 5.3.2 Physical and Electrical Data for 230V Drives

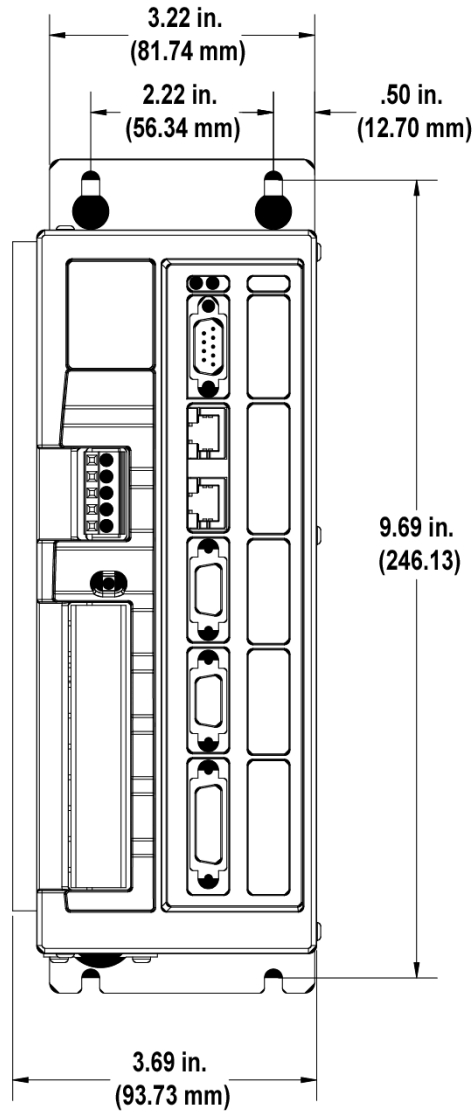
|  | Model   |                     |                     |
|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|
|  | MMC-SD-0.5-230 (-D)   | MMC-SD-1.0-230 (-D) | MMC-SD-2.0-230 (-D) |
| <b>Physical</b>                              |   |                     |                     |
| <b>Weight</b>                                | 4.9 lbs. (2.23 kg)  | 5.6 lbs. (2.55 kg)  | 5.7 lbs. (2.59 kg)  |
| <b>Electrical Specifications</b>             |   |                     |                     |
| <b>AC Input Specifications</b>               |   |                     |                     |
| Nominal Input Power                          | 1.0 kVA   | 2.0 kVA             | 4.0 kVA             |
| Input Voltage                                | 100-240 VAC (nominal), Single Phase, 88-265 VAC (absolute limits) |                     |                     |
| Input Frequency                              | 47 - 63 Hz  |                     |                     |
| Nominal Input Current                        | 5A RMS  | 9A RMS              | 18A RMS             |
| Maximum Inrush Current (0-Peak)              | 70A   | 70A                 | 70A                 |
| Power Loss                                   | 22W   | 37W                 | 70W                 |
| <b>AC Output Specifications</b>              |   |                     |                     |
| Continuous Output Current (0-Peak)           | 2.5A  | 5A                  | 10A                 |
| Continuous Output Power                      |   |                     |                     |
| Input = 115 VAC                              | 250W  | 500W                | 1kW                 |
| Input = 230 VAC                              | 500W  | 1kW                 | 2kW                 |
| Peak Output Current (0-Peak)                 | 7.5A  | 15A                 | 30A                 |
| Output Frequency                             | 0-266 Hz  |                     |                     |
| <b>DC Input Power Specifications (24VDC)</b> |   |                     |                     |
| Input Voltage Range                          | 24 VDC +15% -10%  |                     |                     |
| Typical Input Current                        | 350 mA  | 650 mA              |                     |
| Typical Input Wattage                        | 9 W   | 16 W                |                     |
| Inrush Current                               | 1.5 A for 10 ms   |                     |                     |



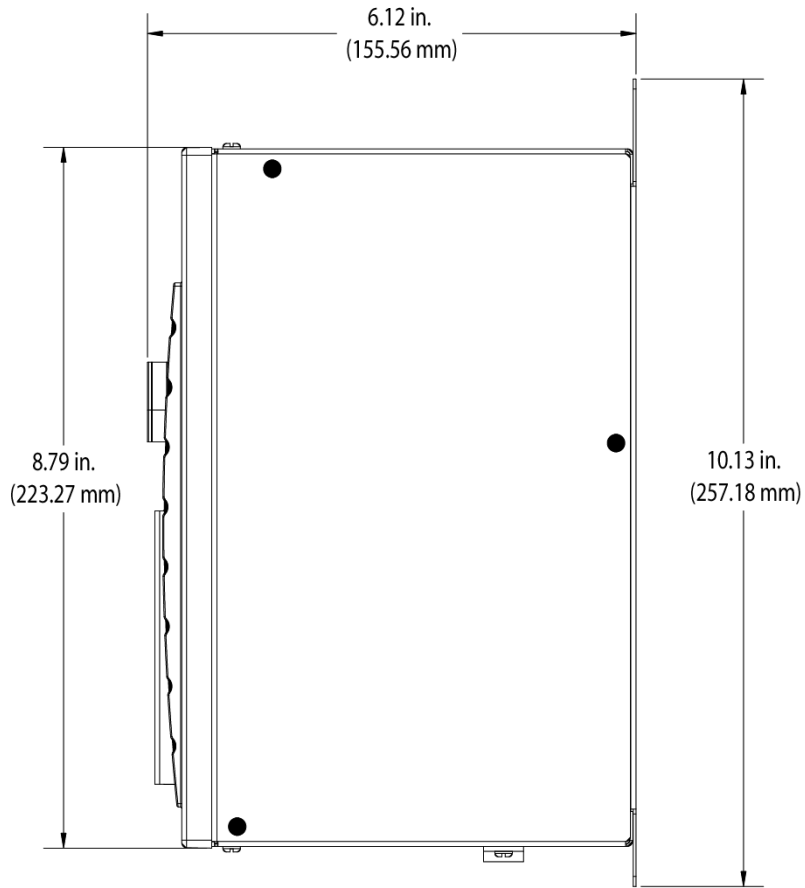
| <b>Relay Contact for Motor Mechanical Brake</b> |                       |              |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|
| Rating (resistive load)                         |                       |              |
| Nominal switching capacity                      | 24 VDC                |              |
| Maximum switching power                         | 831 VA                |              |
| Maximum switching voltage                       | 250 VAC / 100 VDC     |              |
| Maximum switching current                       | 5 A (AC) / 2.5 A (DC) |              |
| <b>Energy Absorbtion Specifications</b>         |                       |              |
| DC Bus Capacitance (Internal)                   | 1410 $\mu$ F          | 1880 $\mu$ F |
| Bus overvoltage threshold                       | 420 VDC               |              |
| Joules available for energy absorption          |                       |              |
| 230V motor w/ 115V line input                   | 94 joules             | 126 joules   |
| 230V motor w/ 230V line input                   | 38 joules             | 51 joules    |

## 5.4 Dimensions for 230V MMC Smart Drive

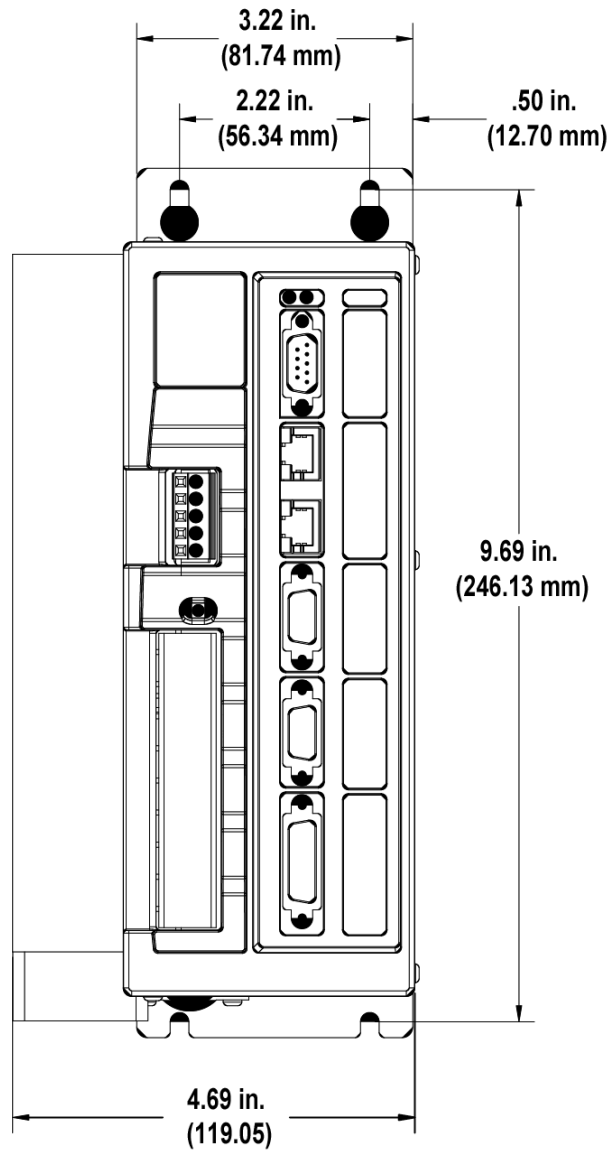
### 5.4.1 230V 500W Drive - Front View



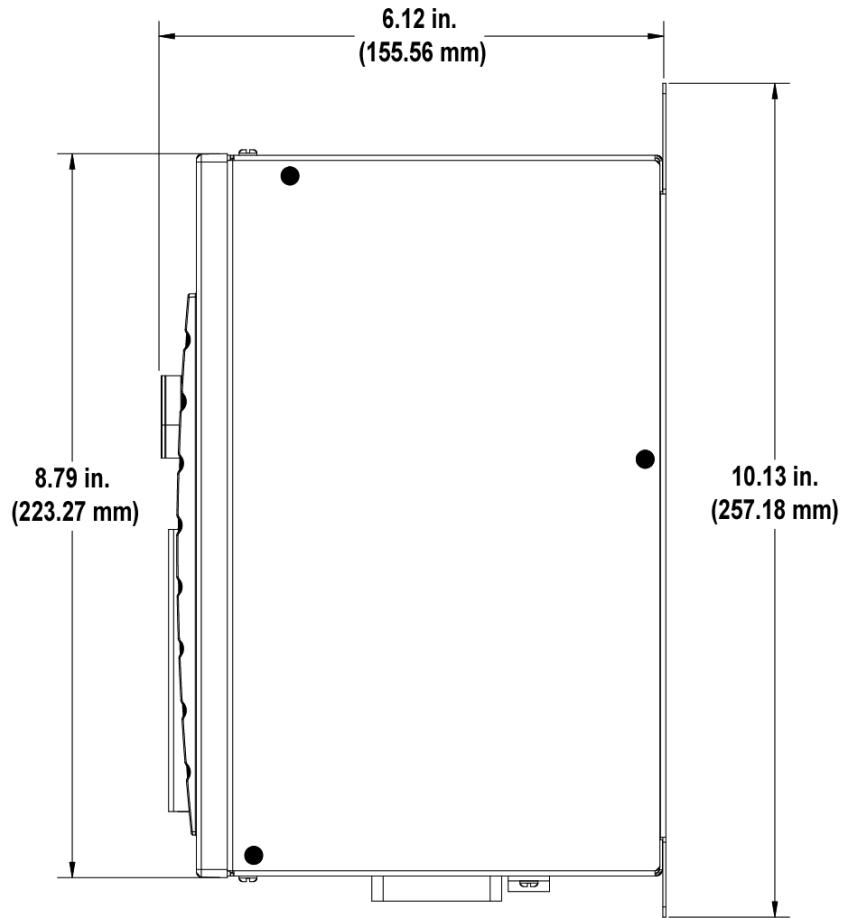
### 5.4.2 230V 500W Drive - Side View



### 5.4.3 230V 1kW and 2kW Drive - Front View



### 5.4.4 230V 1kW and 2kW Drive - Side View





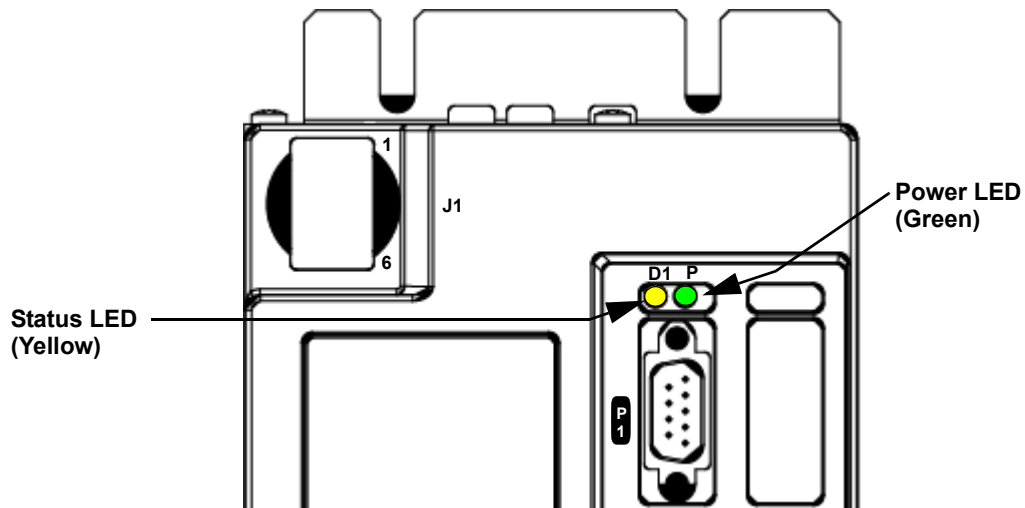
## 6 460V 3-Phase MMC Smart Drive

### 6.1 LEDs

Table 6-1: LEDs Description for 460V 3-Phase MMC Smart Drive

| LED | Color  | Description   |
|-----|--------|---|
| P   | Green  | Power LED. Indicates when illuminated that DC voltage is being supplied to the drive. |
| D1  | Yellow | Status LED. Indicates drive status and fault information.                             |

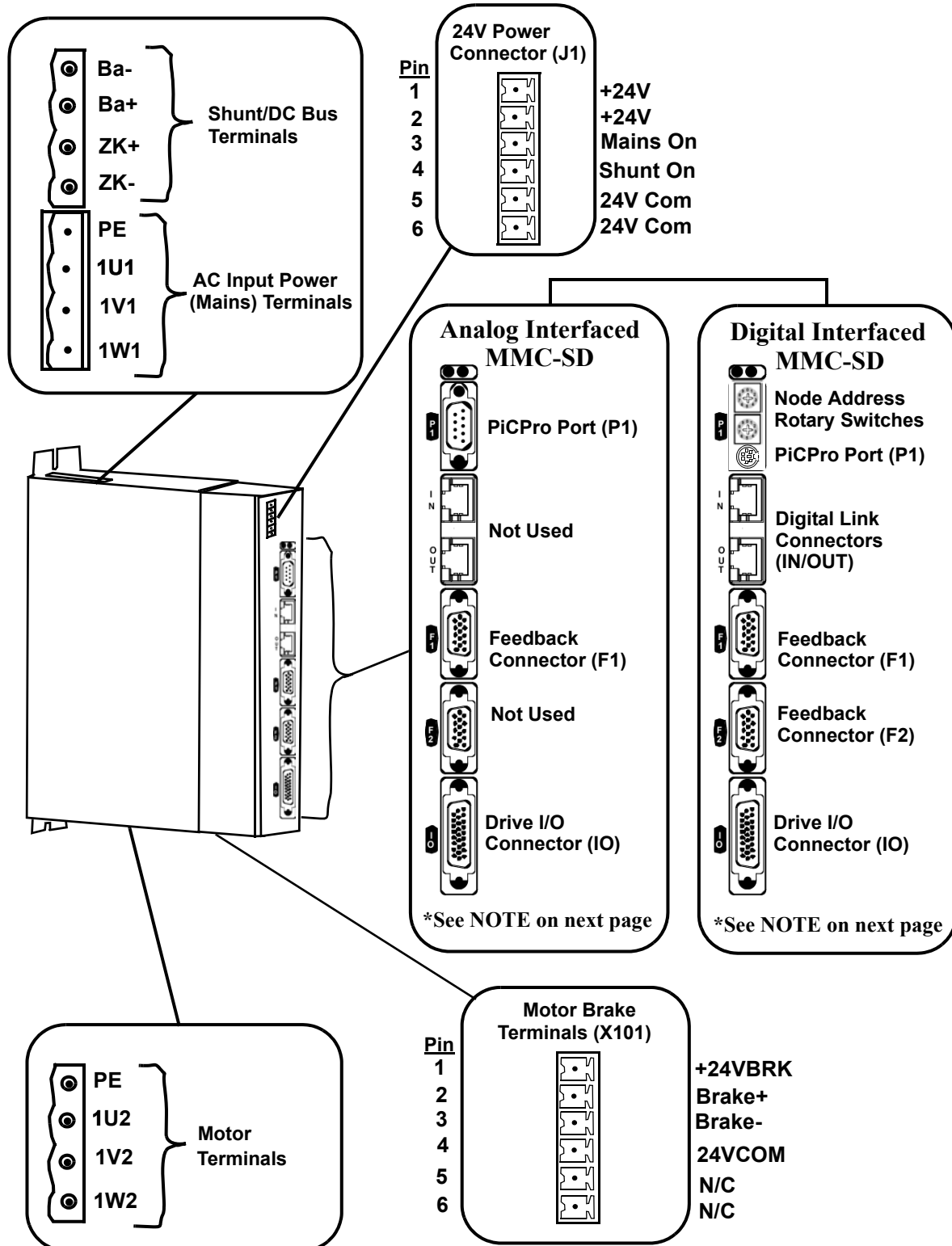
Figure 6-1: LEDs on the Size 1, Size 2, Size 3, and Size 4 460V Drives



## 6.2 Connectors on the 460V Drive

### 6.2.1 Size 1 460V Drive Connectors

Figure 6-2: Connectors on the Size 1 460V Drive






**NOTE**

The functionality and descriptions for the software control, motor feedback and I/O connectors for the Size 1, Size 2, Size 3, and Size 4 460V MMC Smart Drives are the same as those used for the 230V MMC Smart Drive. Refer to [Chapter 5, 230V Single Phase MMC Smart Drive](#), [Section 5.2.1, PiCPro Communication Port](#), [Section 5.2.4, Feedback Connector \(F1\)](#), [Section 5.2.5, Feedback Connector \(F2\) \(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only\)](#), and [Section 5.2.6, User I/O Connector \(IO\)](#).

**6.2.1.1 Shunt/DC Bus Terminals****Table 6-2: 460V Size 1 Shunt/DC Bus Terminals**

| Signal Type  | Signal Description  | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal   |
|--------------|---|----------------|--------|--|
| Power        | External Shunt Resistor. Used to dissipate energy returned to the drive by the motor. | Ba-            | Out    |  |
|              |   | Ba+            |        |  |
| DC Bus Power | Direct DC bus connection  | ZK+            | N/A    |  |
|              |   | ZK-            |        |  |

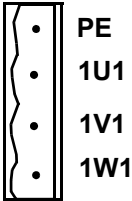
**NOTE**

The shunt resistor (if installed) across Ba+ and Ba- will be connected across the DC bus when the DC bus reaches the "shunt switch threshold" as shown in the specification table; or when the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector is active.

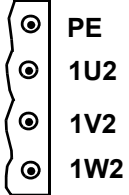
**NOTE**

If a 460V drive is connected to 220V to run a 220V motor, enable the "220V Shunt on 440V Drive" feature using PiCPro, connect GPOUT3 on the Drive I/O (IO) connector to the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector, and install the appropriate shunt resistor across the Ba+ and Ba- terminals. The shunt resistor will be applied across the DC bus when the DC bus voltage rises above 415 volts, and will be removed when the DC bus voltage falls below 400 volts.

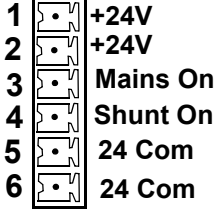
### 6.2.1.2 AC Power Terminal Strip

| Table 6-3: 460V Size 1 AC Power Terminals |   |                |        |   |
|---|---|----------------|--------|---|
| Signal Type                               | Signal Description  | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal  |
| Protective Ground                         | Protective Earth Ground   | PE             | Out    |  |
| Power                                     | 3 phase input power AC source must be center grounded Y system. | 1U1            | In     |   |
|   |   | 1V1            |        |   |
|   |   | 1W1            |        |   |

### 6.2.1.3 Motor Terminals

| Table 6-4: 460V Size 1 Motor Terminals |                              |                |        |   |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|--------|---|
| Signal Type                            | Signal Description           | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal  |
| Protective Ground                      | Protective Earth Ground      | PE             | Out    |  |
| Power                                  | Drive output power to motor. | 1U2            | Out    |   |
|  |                              | 1V2            |        |   |
|  |                              | 1W2            |        |   |

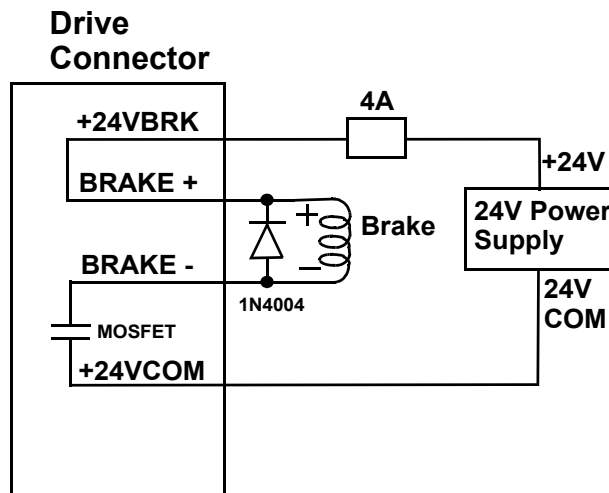
## 6.2.1.4 24V Power Connector (J1)

| Table 6-5: 460V Size 1 24V Power Connector (J1) |  |     |                |        |   |
|---|--|-----|----------------|--------|---|
| Signal Type                                     | Signal Description   | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal  |
| Power   | 24 VDC input power   | 1   | +24V           | In     | <b>Top</b><br> |
|   |  | 2   | +24V           |        |   |
| 24V Logic Output                                | Reserved for future use, do not use!   | 3   | Mains On       | Out    |   |
| 24V Logic Input                                 | When this input is active, the shunt resistor (if installed) between Ba+ and Ba- is connected across the DC bus. | 4   | Shunt On       | In     |   |
| Power   | 24 VDC input common to the drive.  | 5   | 24V Com        | In     |   |
|   |  | 6   | 24V Com        |        |   |

### 6.2.1.5 Motor Brake Terminals (X101)

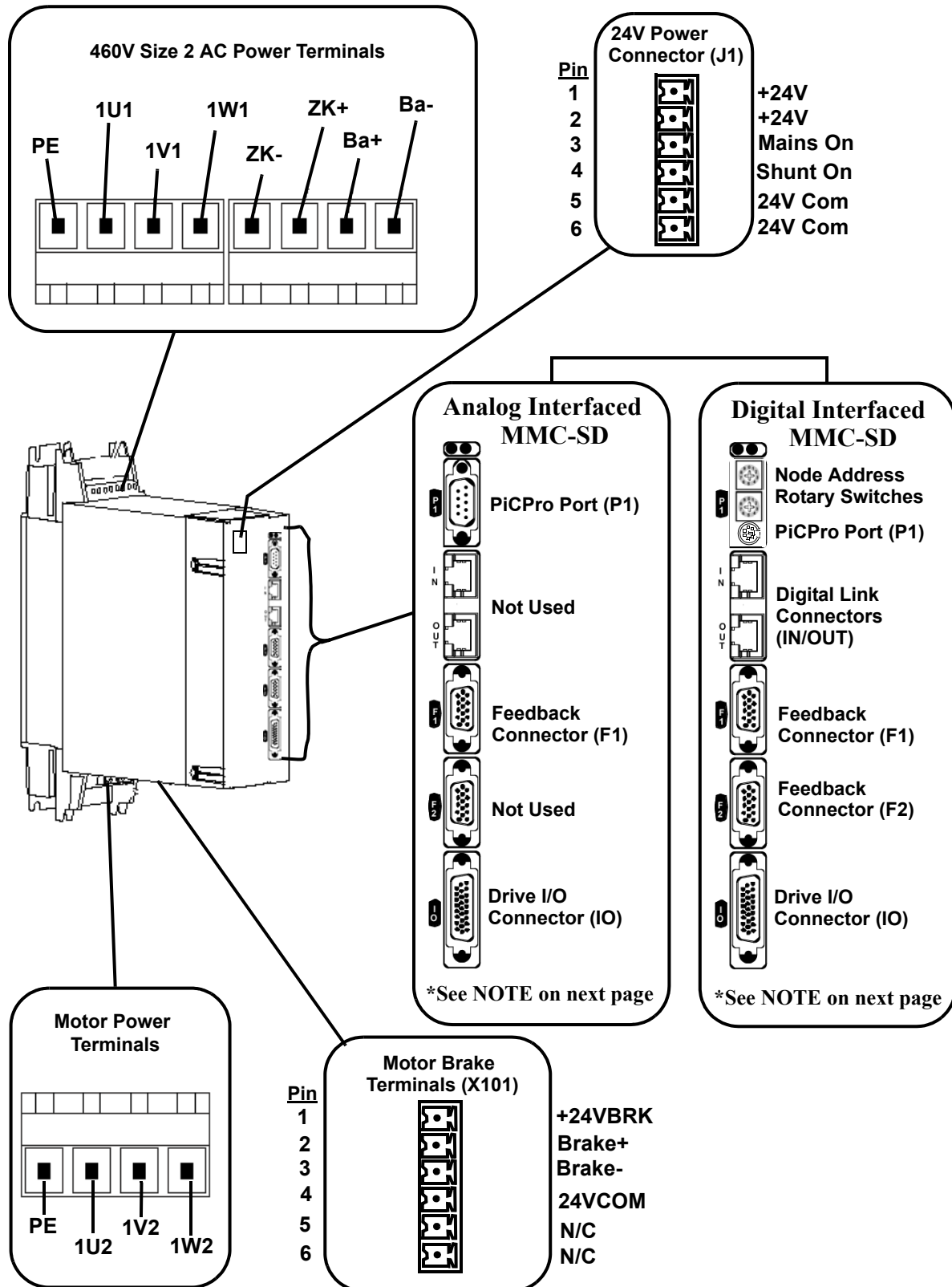
| Table 6-6: 460V Size 1 Motor Brake Terminals (X101) |                          |     |                |          |   |
|---|--------------------------|-----|----------------|----------|---|
| Signal Type   | Signal Description       | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out   | Terminal                                      |
| Power   | 24 VDC brake input power | 1   | +24VBRK        | In       | <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Top</b></p> |
| Brake control                                       | Brake connections        | 2   | Brake +        | Out      |   |
|   |                          | 3   | Brake -        | In       |   |
| Power   | 24 VDC common            | 4   | 24VCOM         | Out      |   |
| Not Used.   |                          | 5   | N/C            | Not Used |   |
|   |                          | 6   | N/C            |          |   |

Figure 6-3: Wiring Example for X101 Connector



### 6.2.2 Size 2 460V Drive

Figure 6-4: Connectors on the Size 2 460V Drive



**NOTE**

The functionality and descriptions for the software control, motor feedback and I/O connectors for the Size 1, Size 2, Size 3, and Size 4 460V MMC Smart Drives are the same as those used for the 230V MMC Smart Drive. Refer to [Chapter 5, 230V Single Phase MMC Smart Drive, Section 5.2.1, PiCPro Communication Port, Section 5.2.4, Feedback Connector \(F1\), Section 5.2.5, Feedback Connector \(F2\) \(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only\) and Section 5.2.6, User I/O Connector \(IO\).](#)

### 6.2.2.1 AC Power Terminals

**Table 6-7: 460V Size 2 AC Power Terminals**

| Signal Type  | Signal Description  | Terminal Label | In/Out |
|--------------|---|----------------|--------|
| Ground       | Protective Ground (Earth)   | PE             | Out    |
| Power        | Three phase AC input power in to drive  | 1U1            | In     |
|              |   | 1V1            |        |
|              |   | 1W1            |        |
| DC Bus Power | Direct DC bus connection  | ZK-            | Out    |
|              |   | ZK+            |        |
| Power        | External Shunt Resistor used to dissipate energy returned to the drive from motor | Ba+            | Out    |
|              |   | Ba-            |        |

**NOTE**

The shunt resistor (if installed) across Ba+ and Ba- will be connected across the DC bus when the DC bus reaches the "shunt switch threshold" as shown in the specification table; or when the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector is active.

**NOTE**

If a 460V drive is connected to 220V to run a 220V motor, enable the "220V Shunt on 440V Drive" feature using PiCPro, connect GPOUT3 on the Drive I/O (IO) connector to the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector, and install the appropriate shunt resistor across the Ba+ and Ba- terminals. The shunt resistor will be applied across the DC bus when the DC bus voltage rises above 415 volts, and will be removed when the DC bus voltage falls below 400 volts.

### 6.2.2.2 Motor Power Terminals

**Table 6-8: 460V Size 2 Motor Power Terminals**

| Signal Type | Signal Description                        | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal |
|-------------|---|----------------|--------|----------|
| Ground      | Protective Ground (Earth)                 | PE             | Out    |          |
| Motor       | Power U-phase from the drive to the motor | 1U2            | Out    |          |
|             | Power V-phase from the drive to the motor | 1V2            | Out    |          |
|             | Power W-phase from the drive to the motor | 1W2            | Out    |          |

### 6.2.2.3 24V Power Connector (J1)

| Table 6-9: 460V Size 2 24V Power Connector (J1) |  |     |                |        |  |
|---|--|-----|----------------|--------|--|
| Signal Type                                     | Signal Description   | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal   |
| Power   | 24 VDC input power   | 1   | +24V           | In     | <p><b>Top</b></p> <p>1 +24V<br/>2 +24V<br/>3 Mains On<br/>4 Shunt On<br/>5 24 Com<br/>6 24 Com</p> |
|   |  | 2   | +24V           |        |  |
| 24V Logic Output                                | Reserved for future use, do not use!   | 3   | Mains On       | Out    |  |
| 24V Logic Input                                 | When this input is active, the shunt resistor (if installed) between Ba+ and Ba- is connected across the DC bus. | 4   | Shunt On       | In     |  |
| Power   | 24 VDC input common to the drive.  | 5   | 24V Com        | In     |  |
|   |  | 6   | 24V Com        |        |  |



### 6.2.2.4 Motor Brake Terminals (X101)

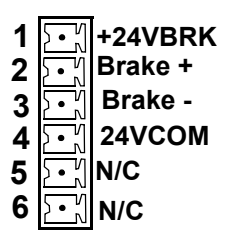
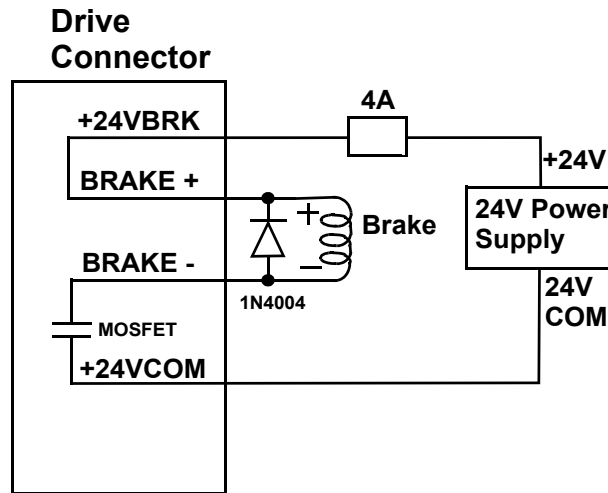
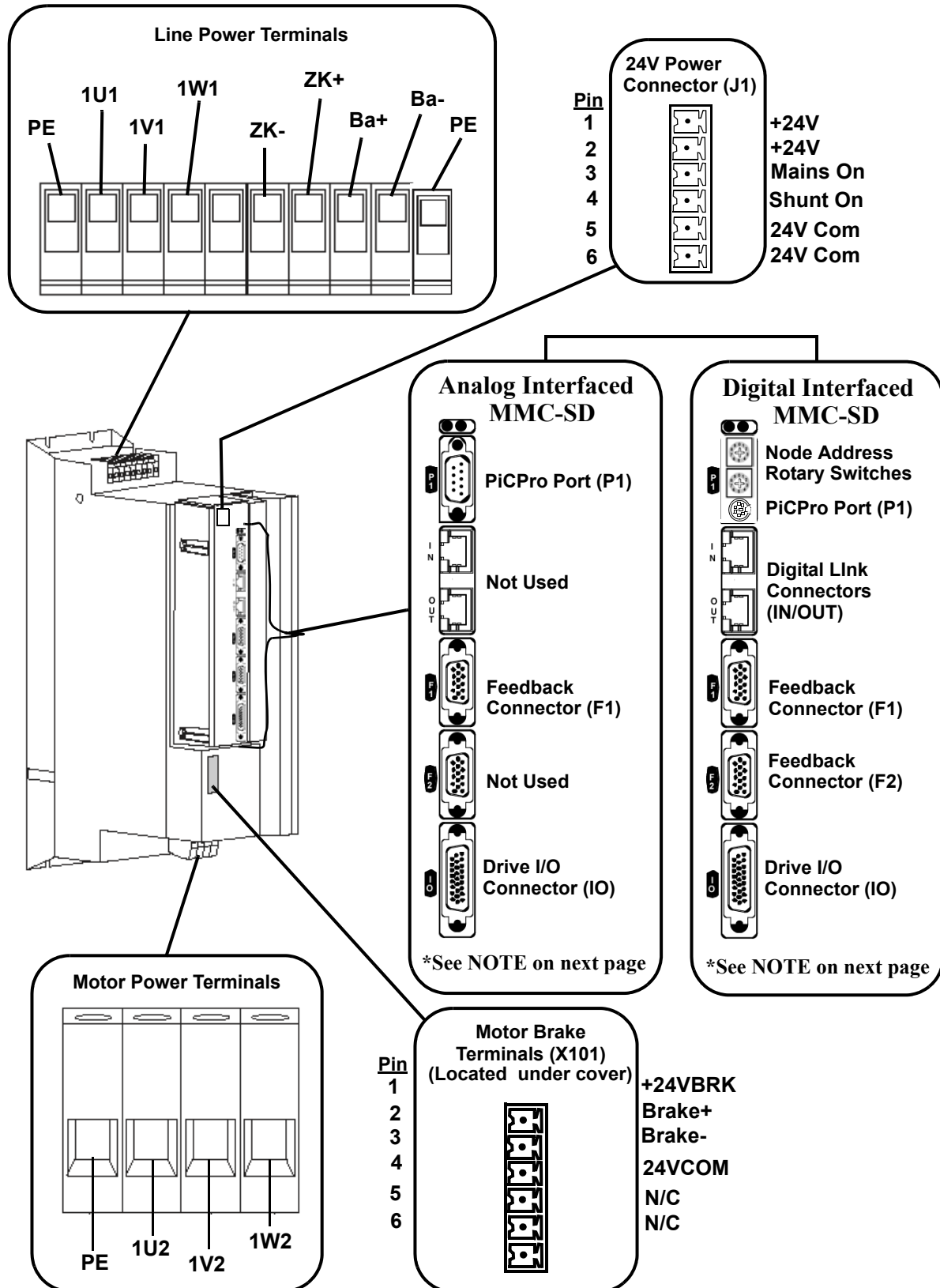
| Table 6-10: 460V Size 2 Motor Brake Terminals (X101) |                                   |     |                |          |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------|----------|---|
| Signal Type  | Signal Description                | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out   | Terminal  |
| Power  | 24 VDC brake input power          | 1   | +24VBRK        | In       | <b>Top</b><br> |
| Brake control  | Brake connections                 | 2   | Brake +        | Out      |   |
|  |                                   | 3   | Brake -        | In       |   |
| Power  | 24 VDC common (supply and magnet) | 4   | 24VCOM         | Out      |   |
| Not Used.  |                                   | 5   | N/C            | Not Used |   |
|  |                                   | 6   |                |          |   |

Figure 6-5: Wiring Example for X101 Connector



### 6.2.3 Size 3 460V Drive

Figure 6-6: Connectors on the Size 3 460V Drive

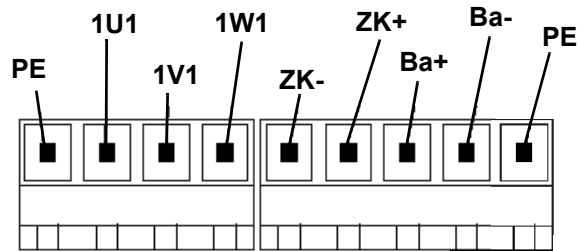


**NOTE**

The functionality and descriptions for the software control, motor feedback and I/O connectors for the Size 1, Size 2, Size 3, and Size 4 460V MMC Smart Drives are the same as those used for the 230V MMC Smart Drive. Refer to [Chapter 5, 230V Single Phase MMC Smart Drive, Section 5.2.1, PiCPro Communication Port, Section 5.2.4, Feedback Connector \(F1\), Section 5.2.5, Feedback Connector \(F2\) \(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only\) and Section 5.2.6, User I/O Connector \(IO\).](#)

### 6.2.3.1 AC Power Terminals

**Table 6-11: 460V Size 3 AC Power Terminals**



| Signal Type  | Signal Description  | Terminal Label | In/Out |
|--------------|---|----------------|--------|
| Ground       | Protective Ground (Earth)   | PE             | Out    |
| Power        | Three phase AC input power in to drive  | 1U1            | In     |
|              |   | 1V1            |        |
|              |   | 1W1            |        |
| DC Bus Power | Direct DC bus connection  | ZK-            | Out    |
|              |   | ZK+            |        |
|              | External Shunt Resistor used to dissipate energy returned to the drive from motor | Ba+            | Out    |
|              |   | Ba-            |        |

**NOTE**

The shunt resistor (if installed) across Ba+ and Ba- will be connected across the DC bus when the DC bus reaches the "shunt switch threshold" as shown in the specification table; or when the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector is active.

**NOTE**

If a 460V drive is connected to 220V to run a 220V motor, enable the "220V Shunt on 440V Drive" feature using PiCPro, connect GPOUT3 on the Drive I/O (IO) connector to the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector, and install the appropriate shunt resistor across the Ba+ and Ba- terminals. The shunt resistor will be applied across the DC bus when the DC bus voltage rises above 415 volts, and will be removed when the DC bus voltage falls below 400 volts.

### 6.2.3.2 Motor Power Terminals

**Table 6-12: 460V Size 3 Motor Power Terminals**

| Signal Type | Signal Description                        | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal  |
|-------------|---|----------------|--------|---|
| Ground      | Protective Ground (Earth)                 | PE             | Out    | <p>The diagram shows a top-down view of a four-terminal connector. From left to right, the terminals are labeled: PE, 1U2, 1V2, and 1W2. Each terminal has a corresponding screw terminal on top and a wire connection point on the bottom.</p> |
| Motor       | Power U-phase from the drive to the motor | 1U2            | Out    |   |
|             | Power V-phase from the drive to the motor | 1V2            | Out    |   |
|             | Power W-phase from the drive to the motor | 1W2            | Out    |   |

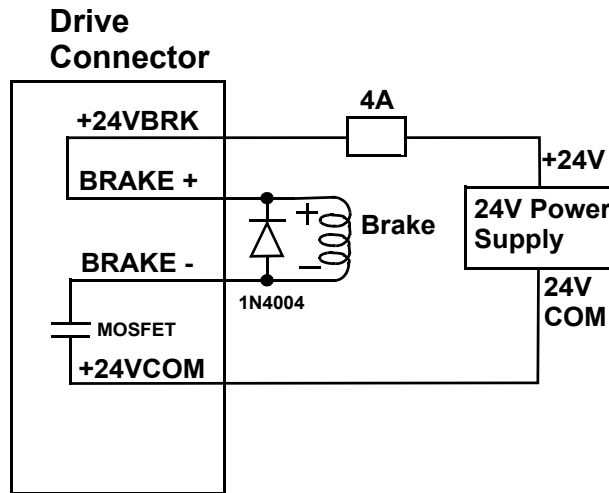
### 6.2.3.3 24V Power Connector (J1)

| Table 6-13: 460V Size 3 24V Power Connector (J1) |  |     |                |        |  |
|--|--|-----|----------------|--------|--|
| Signal Type                                      | Signal Description   | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal   |
| Power  | 24 VDC input power   | 1   | +24V           | In     | <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Top</b></p> <p>1 +24V<br/>2 +24V<br/>3 Mains On<br/>4 Shunt On<br/>5 24 Com<br/>6 24 Com</p> |
|  |  | 2   | +24V           |        |  |
| 24V Logic Output                                 | Reserved for future use, do not use!   | 3   | Mains On       | Out    |  |
| 24V Logic Input                                  | When this input is active, the shunt resistor (if installed) between Ba+ and Ba- is connected across the DC bus. | 4   | Shunt On       | In     |  |
| Power  | 24 VDC input common to the drive.  | 5   | 24V Com        | In     |  |
|  |  | 6   | 24V Com        |        |  |

### 6.2.3.4 Motor Brake Terminals (X101)

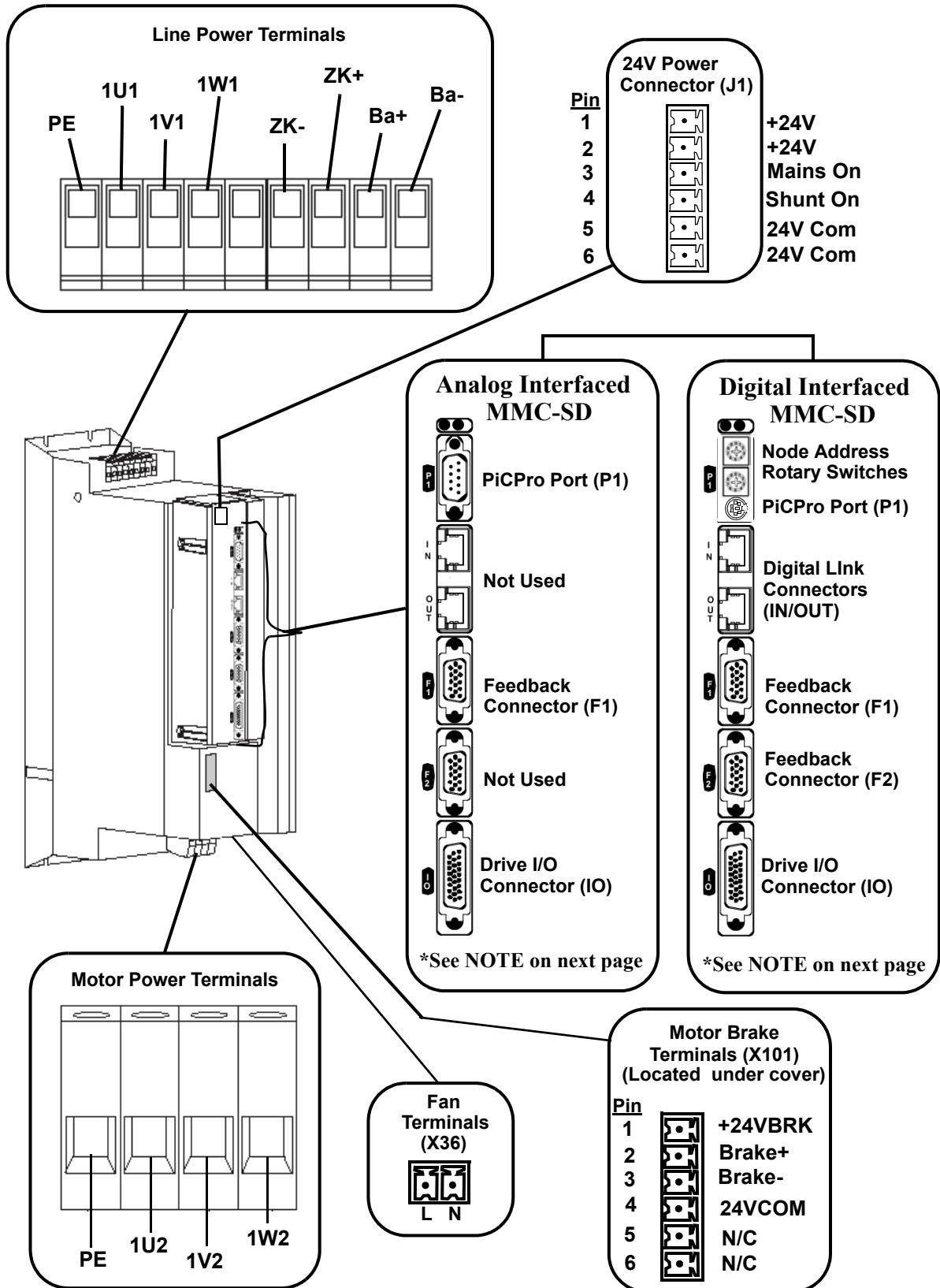
| Table 6-14: 460V Size 3 Motor Brake Terminals (X101) |                                   |     |                |          |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------|----------|---|
| Signal Type  | Signal Description                | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out   | Terminal                                      |
| Power  | 24 VDC brake input power          | 1   | +24VBRK        | In       | <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Top</b></p> |
| Brake control  | Brake connections                 | 2   | Brake +        | Out      |   |
|  |                                   | 3   | Brake -        | In       |   |
| Power  | 24 VDC common (supply and magnet) | 4   | 24VCOM         | Out      |   |
| Not Used.  |                                   | 5   | N/C            | Not Used |   |
|  |                                   | 6   |                |          |   |

Figure 6-7: Wiring Example for X101 Connector



### 6.2.4 Size 4 460V Drive

Figure 6-8: Connectors on the Size 4 460V Drive



**NOTE**

The functionality and descriptions for the software control, motor feedback and I/O connectors for the Size 1, Size 2, Size 3, and Size 4 460V MMC Smart Drives are the same as those used for the 230V MMC Smart Drive. Refer to [Chapter 5, 230V Single Phase MMC Smart Drive, Section 5.2.1, PiCPro Communication Port, Section 5.2.4, Feedback Connector \(F1\), Section 5.2.5, Feedback Connector \(F2\) \(Digital Interfaced MMC-SD Only\) and Section 5.2.6, User I/O Connector \(IO\).](#)

### 6.2.4.1 AC Power Terminals

**Table 6-15: 460V Size 4 AC Power Terminals**

| Signal Type  | Signal Description  | Terminal Label | In/Out |
|--------------|---|----------------|--------|
| Ground       | Protective Ground (Earth)   | PE             | Out    |
| Power        | Three phase AC input power in to drive  | 1U1            | In     |
|              |   | 1V1            |        |
|              |   | 1W1            |        |
| DC Bus Power | Direct DC bus connection  | ZK-            | Out    |
|              |   | ZK+            |        |
|              | External Shunt Resistor used to dissipate energy returned to the drive from motor | Ba+            | Out    |
|              |   | Ba-            |        |



**NOTE**

The shunt resistor (if installed) across Ba+ and Ba- will be connected across the DC bus when the DC bus reaches the "shunt switch threshold" as shown in the specification table; or when the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector is active.

**NOTE**

If a 460V drive is connected to 220V to run a 220V motor, enable the "220V Shunt on 440V Drive" feature using PiCPro, connect GPOUT3 on the Drive I/O (IO) connector to the "Shunt On" input on the J1 connector, and install the appropriate shunt resistor across the Ba+ and Ba- terminals. The shunt resistor will be applied across the DC bus when the DC bus voltage rises above 415 volts, and will be removed when the DC bus voltage falls below 400 volts.

### 6.2.4.2 Motor Power Terminals

**Table 6-16: 460V Size 4 Motor Power Terminals**

| Signal Type | Signal Description                        | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal |
|-------------|---|----------------|--------|----------|
| Ground      | Protective Ground (Earth)                 | PE             | Out    |          |
| Motor       | Power U-phase from the drive to the motor | 1U2            | Out    |          |
|             | Power V-phase from the drive to the motor | 1V2            | Out    |          |
|             | Power W-phase from the drive to the motor | 1W2            | Out    |          |

### 6.2.4.3 24V Power Connector (J1)

| Table 6-17: 460V Size 4 24V Power Connector (J1) |  |     |                |        |  |
|--|--|-----|----------------|--------|--|
| Signal Type                                      | Signal Description   | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out | Terminal   |
| Power  | 24 VDC input power   | 1   | +24V           | In     | <p><b>Top</b></p> <p>1 +24V<br/>2 +24V<br/>3 Mains On<br/>4 Shunt On<br/>5 24 Com<br/>6 24 Com</p> |
|  |  | 2   | +24V           |        |  |
| 24V Logic Output                                 | Reserved for future use, do not use!   | 3   | Mains On       | Out    |  |
| 24V Logic Input                                  | When this input is active, the shunt resistor (if installed) between Ba+ and Ba- is connected across the DC bus. | 4   | Shunt On       | In     |  |
| Power  | 24 VDC input common to the drive.  | 5   | 24V Com        | In     |  |
|  |  | 6   | 24V Com        |        |  |

### 6.2.4.4 Motor Brake Terminals (X101)

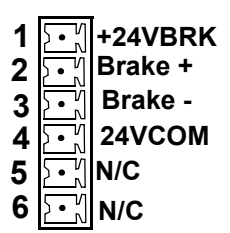
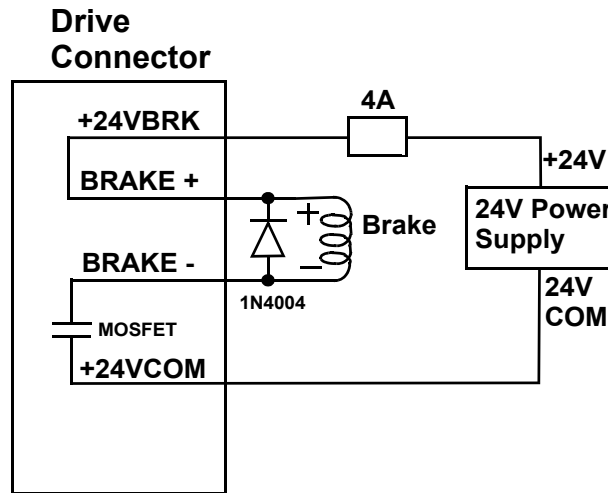
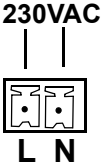
| Table 6-18: 460V Size 4 Motor Brake Terminals (X101) |                                   |     |                |          |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------|----------|---|
| Signal Type  | Signal Description                | Pin | Terminal Label | In/Out   | Terminal  |
| Power  | 24 VDC brake input power          | 1   | +24VBRK        | In       | <b>Top</b><br> |
| Brake control  | Brake connections                 | 2   | Brake +        | Out      |   |
|  |                                   | 3   | Brake -        | In       |   |
| Power  | 24 VDC common (supply and magnet) | 4   | 24VCOM         | Out      |   |
| Not Used.  |                                   | 5   | N/C            | Not Used |   |
|  |                                   | 6   |                |          |   |

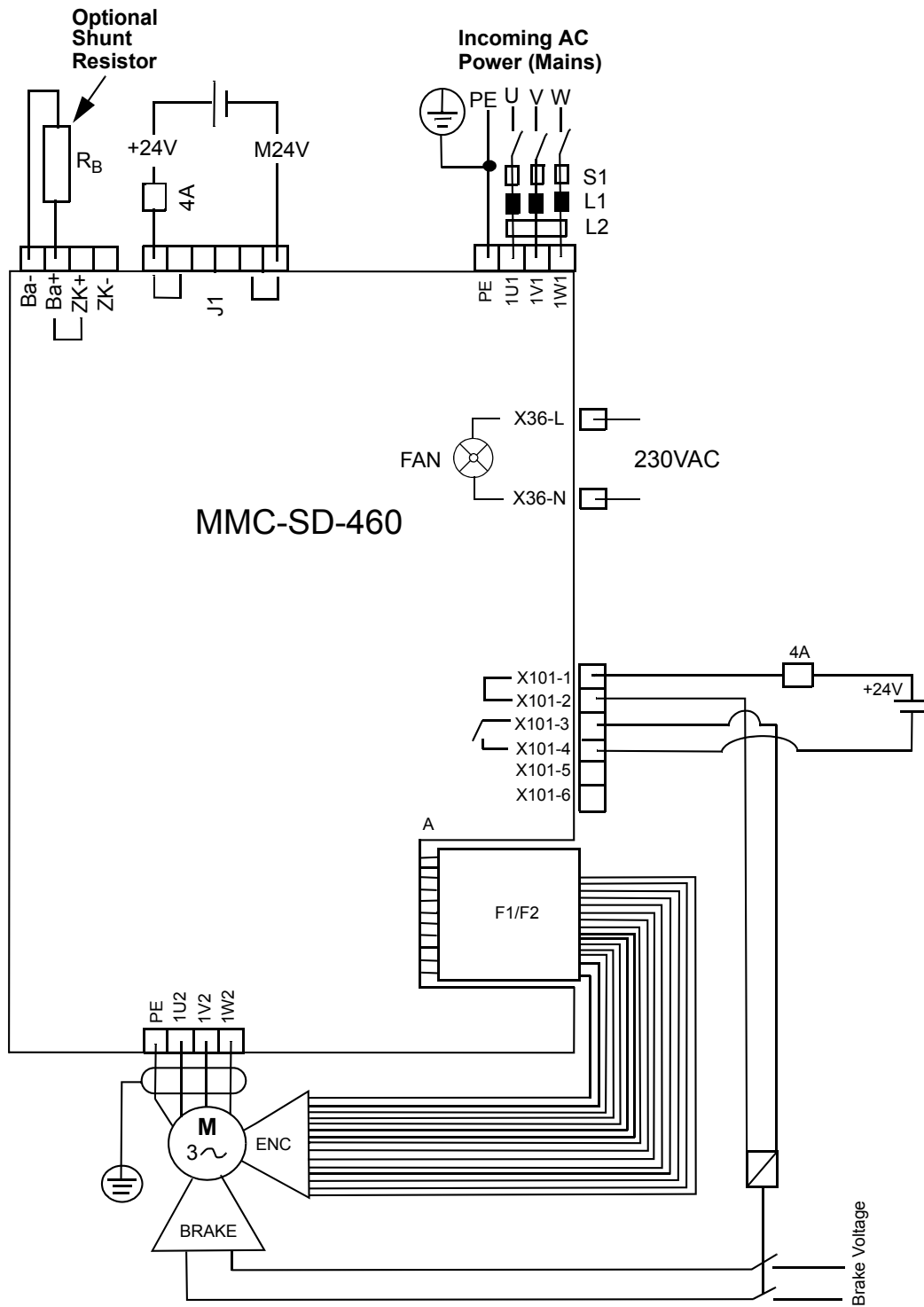
Figure 6-9: Wiring Example for X101 Connector



### 6.2.4.5 Fan Terminals (X36)

| <b>Table 6-19: 460V Size 4 Fan Terminals (X36)</b> |                                     |            |                       |               |  |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| <b>Signal Type</b>                                 | <b>Signal Description</b>           | <b>Pin</b> | <b>Terminal Label</b> | <b>In/Out</b> | <b>Terminal</b>  |
| Power  | 230VAC Line for powering the fan    | 1          | L                     | In            |  <p>230VAC</p> <p>L N</p> |
| Power  | 230VAC Neutral for powering the fan | 2          | N                     | In            |  |

### 6.3 Typical 460V Drive Connection Layout



## 6.4 Specifications - 460V MMC Smart Drive

### 6.4.1 Common Data for Size 1, 2, 3, 4 (All Models)

| General Drive Data  |   |
|---|---|
| Minimum wire size for input power wires   | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG) 75° C copper                            |
| Maximum tightening torque for power wire terminals                                    | 1.25Nm (11 in-lbs.)   |
| Commutation   | 3 Phase Sinusoidal, Space Vector Modulated (SVM)                    |
| Current Regulator   | Digital PI 125 µsec update rate                                     |
| Velocity Regulator  | Digital PID - 250 µsec update rate                                  |
| General Operating Data  |   |
| Operating Temperature Range (MMC-SD-1.3, -2.4, -4.0, -6.0, -8.0, -12.0, -16.0, -24.0) | 7° C to 50° C (45° F to 122° F)                                     |
| Operating Temperature Range (MMC-SD-30.0, -42.0, -51.0, -65.0)                        | 7° C to 55° C (45° F to 131° F). Derate 3% per° C above 40° C.      |
| Storage Temperature Range   | -30° C to 70° C (-22° F to 158° F)                                  |
| Humidity  | 5% to 95% non-condensing  |
| Altitude  | 1500m (5000ft)<br>Derate 3% for each 300 m above 1500m              |
| Vibration Limits (per IEC 68-2-6)<br>Operating/Non-operating                          | 10-57Hz (constant amplitude .15mm)<br>57 - 2000Hz (acceleration 2g) |
| Shock (per IEC 68-2-27)<br>Non-operating  | 15g/11msec per axis   |
| F1 and F2 Feedback Inputs   |   |
| Input receiver type   | Maxim 3098 A quad B differential RS422 receiver                     |
| Encoder signals   | Differential quadrature   |
| Input threshold   | ±200mV  |
| Input termination   | 150Ω, provided internal   |
| Maximum input voltage   | 5Vpp differential -10 to +13.2V common mode                         |
| Maximum input signal frequency  | 720KHz (2.88 M feedback unit count rate)                            |

| <b>General Purpose Inputs</b>                                     |  |
|---|--|
| Configuration   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8 optically isolated 24V DC inputs</li> <li>• Active high</li> <li>• 6 are current sourcing only (current flow into input)</li> <li>• 2 are sink or source</li> </ul>     |
| Guaranteed On   | 15VDC  |
| Guaranteed Off  | 5VDC   |
| Time delay on   | 1ms max.   |
| Time delay off  | 1ms max.   |
| Input voltage   | Nominal 24VDC, maximum 30VDC   |
| <b>General Purpose Outputs</b>                                    |  |
| Configuration   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4 optically isolated 24VDC outputs</li> <li>• Active high</li> <li>• Current sourcing only (current into load)</li> <li>• Short circuit and overload protected</li> </ul> |
| Maximum current   | 50mA per output  |
| Voltage range   | 24VDC +15%-10%   |
| Time delay on for resistive loads                                 | 50μsec. max  |
| Time delay off for resistive loads                                | 50μsec. max  |
| Leakage current in off state                                      | 0.5mA max  |
| <b>Command Input/Output</b>                                       |  |
| Command Input   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analog velocity or torque, 0 to <math>\pm 10V</math></li> <li>• 14 bit effective resolution</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Digital Link In/Out Ports (Digital Interfaced MMC-SD only)</b> |  |
| "In" port   | Sends and receives high speed data to and from connected MMC-SD's "Out" port.  |
| "Out" port  | Sends and receives high speed data to and from connected MMC-SD's "In" port.   |
| Cable Type  | Shielded, Straight Pinned, CAT5 or better (CAT5e, CAT6, etc.)  |
| Maximum Cable Length  | 82.5 ft (25 m)   |

| <b>Drive I/O Connector Encoder Emulation Output</b> |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <b>F1 Motor Feedback Type</b>                       | <b>Input Limit</b>  | <b>Encoder Emulation Output<br/>(A quad B Differential Output)</b>  |
| Incremental Encoder                                 | 720KHz<br>2.88 M counts/sec.  | The motor encoder A/B/I inputs are electrically buffered and retransmitted via the Drive I/O connector.   |
| High Resolution Encoder                             | 100KHz<br>400K counts/sec.  | The encoder SIN/COS signals are electrically squared and retransmitted as A/B. The index mark "I" is synthesized by the drive control DSP. Absolute position information is not available via the Encoder Emulation Output.   |
| Resolver  | 500RPS<br>2.00M counts/sec.   | The field-installable resolver interface module converts the motor resolver to 1024 lines/4096 counts per revolution of A/B encoder output. The module synthesizes the index mark "I" once per revolution of the resolver. Absolute position information is not available via the Encoder Emulation Output. |
| <b>Conformity</b>                                   |   |   |
| CE Marked   | Conforms to Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC (amended by 93/68/EEC) and EMC Directive 89/336/EEC (amended by 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC).<br>Conformance is in accordance with the following standards:<br>EN 50178 and EN61800-3 |   |
| UL and C/UL Listed                                  | E233454   |   |



## 6.4.2 Physical/Electrical Data for 460V Size 1 Drives

|  | Model   |                     |
|--|---|---------------------|
|  | MMC-SD-1.3-460 (-D)   | MMC-SD-2.4-460 (-D) |
| <b>Physical</b>                              |   |                     |
| <b>Weight</b>                                | 10 lbs.   |                     |
| <b>Electrical Specifications</b>             |   |                     |
| <b>AC Input Specifications</b>               |   |                     |
| Nominal Input Power                          | 1.94kVA   | 3.33kVA             |
| Input Voltage                                | 200-460 VAC (nominal), Three Phase, 180-528 VAC (absolute limits) |                     |
| Input Frequency                              | 47-63Hz   |                     |
| Nominal Input Current <sup>a</sup>           | 2.44A RMS   | 4.18A RMS           |
| Maximum Inrush Current                       | 4.56A RMS   | 7.81A RMS           |
| Power Loss                                   | 34W   | 60W                 |
| <b>AC Output Specifications</b>              |   |                     |
| Continuous Output Current (0-peak)           | 3.0A  | 5.5A                |
| Continuous Output Power                      |   |                     |
| Input = 230 VAC                              | .65kW   | 1.2kW               |
| Input = 460 VAC                              | 1.3kW   | 2.4kW               |
| Peak Output Current (0-Peak)                 | 6.0A  | 11.0A               |
| Output Frequency                             | 0-450Hz   |                     |
| <b>DC Input Power Specifications (24VDC)</b> |   |                     |
| Input Voltage Range                          | 24VDC +15% -10%   |                     |
| Typical Input Current                        | 700mA   |                     |
| Typical Input Wattage                        | 17W   |                     |
| Inrush Current                               | 4A for 10ms   |                     |

| <b>Internal Holding Brake Driver</b>                   |              |             |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| Maximum Current  | 0.5A         |             |
| <b>Energy Absorbtion Specifications</b>                |              |             |
| DC Bus Capacitance (Internal)                          | 110 $\mu$ F  | 240 $\mu$ F |
| Shunt Switch Threshold                                 | 780VDC       |             |
| Joules available for energy absorption                 |              |             |
| 230V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 3 joules     | 7 joules    |
| 460V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 28 joules    | 60 joules   |
| 460V motor w/<br>460V line input                       | 10 joules    | 22 joules   |
| <b>External Shunt</b>                                  |              |             |
| Maximum shunt resistor current                         | 5.9A (AC)    |             |
| Minimum shunt resistor                                 | 130 $\Omega$ |             |
| Maximum shunt resistor power at minimum shunt resistor | 4.5kW        | 5kW         |

- a. AC Current is specified for nominal input voltage of 460 VAC. Current for input voltages between 400 and 480 VAC equals approximately = (current for 460 VAC) x 460/input voltage

### 6.4.3 Physical/Electrical Data for 460V Size 2 Drive

|                                      | Model   |                     |                     |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
|                                      | MMC-SD-4.0-460 (-D)   | MMC-SD-6.0-460 (-D) | MMC-SD-8.0-460 (-D) |
| <b>Physical</b>                      |   |                     |                     |
| <b>Weight</b>                        | 16 lbs.   |                     |                     |
| <b>Electrical Specifications</b>     |   |                     |                     |
| <b>AC Input Specifications</b>       |   |                     |                     |
| Nominal Input Power                  | 5.6kVA  | 8.6kVA              | 11.8kVA             |
| Input Voltage                        | 200-460 VAC (nominal), Three Phase, 180-528 VAC (absolute limits) |                     |                     |
| Input Frequency                      | 47-63Hz   |                     |                     |
| Nominal Input Current <sup>a</sup>   | 7A RMS  | 10.8A RMS           | 14.8A RMS           |
| Maximum Inrush Current               | 13.2A RMS   | 20.2A RMS           | 27.7A RMS           |
| Power Loss                           | 102W  | 150W                | 204W                |
| <b>AC Output Specifications</b>      |   |                     |                     |
| Continuous Output Current (0-Peak)   | 9.0A  | 13.5A               | 18.0A               |
| Continuous Output Power              |   |                     |                     |
| Input = 230 VAC                      | 2.0kW   | 3.0kW               | 4.0kW               |
| Input = 460 VAC                      | 4.0kW   | 6.0kW               | 8.0kW               |
| Peak Output Current (0-peak)         | 18.0A   | 27.0A               | 36.0A               |
| Output Frequency                     | 0Hz to 450Hz  |                     |                     |
| <b>Internal Holding Brake Driver</b> |   |                     |                     |
| Maximum Current                      | 0.5A  |                     |                     |

| <b>DC Input Power Specifications (24VDC)</b>           |                 |             |             |
|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Input Voltage Range                                    | 24VDC +15% -10% |             |             |
| Typical Input Current                                  | 1050mA          |             |             |
| Typical Input Wattage                                  | 25W             |             |             |
| Inrush Current   | 4A for 10ms     |             |             |
| <b>Energy Absorbtion Specifications</b>                |                 |             |             |
| DC Bus Capacitance (Internal)                          | 470 $\mu$ F     | 705 $\mu$ F |             |
| Shunt Switch Threshold                                 | 780VDC          |             |             |
| Joules available for energy absorption                 |                 |             |             |
| 230V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 13 joules       | 19 joules   |             |
| 460V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 188 joules      | 177 joules  |             |
| 460V motor w/<br>460V line input                       | 44 joules       | 66 joules   |             |
| <b>External Shunt</b>                                  |                 |             |             |
| Maximum shunt resistor current                         | 9A (AC)         | 9A (AC)     | 9A (AC)     |
| Minimum shunt resistor                                 | 86 $\Omega$     | 60 $\Omega$ | 44 $\Omega$ |
| Maximum shunt resistor power at minimum shunt resistor | 7kW             | 10kW        | 14kW        |

- a. AC Current is specified for nominal input voltage of 460 VAC. Current for input voltages between 400 and 480 VAC equals approximately = (current for 460 VAC) x 460/input voltage

### 6.4.4 Physical/Electrical Data for 460V Size 3 Drive

|                                      | Model   |                      |                      |                   |
|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
|                                      | MMC-SD-12.0-460 (-D)  | MMC-SD-16.0-460 (-D) | MMC-SD-24.0-460 (-D) | MMC-SD-30.0-460-D |
| <b>Physical</b>                      |   |                      |                      |                   |
| <b>Weight</b>                        | 35 lbs.   |                      |                      |                   |
| <b>Electrical Specifications</b>     |   |                      |                      |                   |
| <b>AC Input Specifications</b>       |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Nominal Input Power                  | 13.3kVA   | 16.8kVA              | 26.3 kVA             | 36.7 kVA          |
| Input Voltage                        | 200-460VAC (nominal), Three Phase, 180-528VAC (absolute limits) |                      |                      |                   |
| Input Frequency                      | 47-63Hz   |                      |                      |                   |
| Nominal Input Current <sup>a</sup>   | 16.7A RMS   | 21.1A RMS            | 33.1A RMS            | 44.0A RMS         |
| Maximum Inrush Current               | 32.2A RMS   | 39.2A RMS            | 61.8A RMS            | tbdA RMS          |
| Power Loss                           | 300W  | 390W                 | 600W                 | 840W              |
| <b>AC Output Specifications</b>      |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Continuous Output Current (0-Peak)   | 27.5A   | 36.5A                | 55.0A                | 69.3A             |
| Continuous Output Power              |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Input = 230 VAC                      | 6.0kW   | 8.0kW                | 12.0kW               | 15.0kW            |
| Input = 460 VAC                      | 12.0kW  | 16.0kW               | 24.0kW               | 30.0kW            |
| Peak Output Current (0-peak)         | 55.0A   | 73.0A                | 110.0A               | 110.0A            |
| Output Frequency                     | 0Hz to 450Hz  |                      |                      |                   |
| <b>Internal Holding Brake Driver</b> |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Maximum Current                      | 0.5A  |                      | 1.0A                 |                   |

| <b>DC Input Power Specifications (24VDC)</b>           |                 |              |              |              |
|--|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Input Voltage Range                                    | 24VDC +15% -10% |              |              |              |
| Typical Input Current                                  | 1050mA          |              |              |              |
| Typical Input Wattage                                  | 25W             |              |              |              |
| Inrush Current   | 4A for 10ms     |              |              |              |
| <b>Energy Absorbtion Specifications</b>                |                 |              |              |              |
| DC Bus Capacitance (Internal)                          | 820 $\mu$ F     | 1230 $\mu$ F | 1640 $\mu$ F | 2000 $\mu$ F |
| Shunt Switch Threshold                                 | 780VDC          |              |              |              |
| Joules available for energy absorption                 |                 |              |              |              |
| 230V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 22 joules       | 33 joules    | 45 joules    | 553 joules   |
| 460V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 206 joules      | 309 joules   | 412 joules   | 502 joules   |
| 460V motor w/<br>460V line input                       | 76 joules       | 114 joules   | 152 joules   | 185 joules   |
| <b>External Shunt</b>                                  |                 |              |              |              |
| Maximum shunt resistor current                         | 36A (AC)        |              | 50A (AC)     |              |
| Minimum shunt resistor                                 | 22 $\Omega$     |              | 16 $\Omega$  |              |
| Maximum shunt resistor power at minimum shunt resistor | 29kW            |              | 40kW         |              |

- a. AC Current is specified for nominal input voltage of 460 VAC. Current for input voltages between 400 and 480 VAC equals approximately = (current for 460 VAC) x 460/input voltage

### 6.4.5 Physical/Electrical Data for 460V Size 4 Drive

|                                      | Model   |                   |                   |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                      | MMC-SD-42.0-460-D   | MMC-SD-51.0-460-D | MMC-SD-65.0-460-D |
| <b>Physical</b>                      |   |                   |                   |
| <b>Weight</b>                        | 59 lbs.   |                   |                   |
| <b>Electrical Specifications</b>     |   |                   |                   |
| <b>AC Input Specifications</b>       |   |                   |                   |
| Nominal Input Power                  | 48.5kVA   | 58.2kVA           | 72.1kVA           |
| Input Voltage                        | 200-460VAC (nominal), Three Phase, 180-528VAC (absolute limits) |                   |                   |
| Input Frequency                      | 47-63Hz   |                   |                   |
| Nominal Input Current <sup>a</sup>   | 58A RMS   | 72A RMS           | 95A RMS           |
| Maximum Inrush Current               | tbdA RMS  | tbdA RMS          | tbdA RMS          |
| Power Loss                           | 1080W   | 1350W             | 1740W             |
| <b>AC Output Specifications</b>      |   |                   |                   |
| Continuous Output Current (0-Peak)   | 93.3A   | 117.4A            | 152.7A            |
| Continuous Output Power              |   |                   |                   |
| Input = 230 VAC                      | 21.0kW  | 25.1kW            | 32.5kW            |
| Input = 460 VAC                      | 42.0kW  | 51.0kW            | 65.0kW            |
| Peak Output Current (0-peak)         | 147A  | 189A              | 209A              |
| Output Frequency                     | 0Hz to 450Hz  |                   |                   |
| <b>Internal Holding Brake Driver</b> |   |                   |                   |
| Maximum Current                      | 4.0A  |                   |                   |

**NOTE:** AC Current is specified for nominal input voltage of 460 VAC. Current for input voltages between 400 and 480 VAC equals approximately:  
 (current for 460 VAC) x 460/input voltage

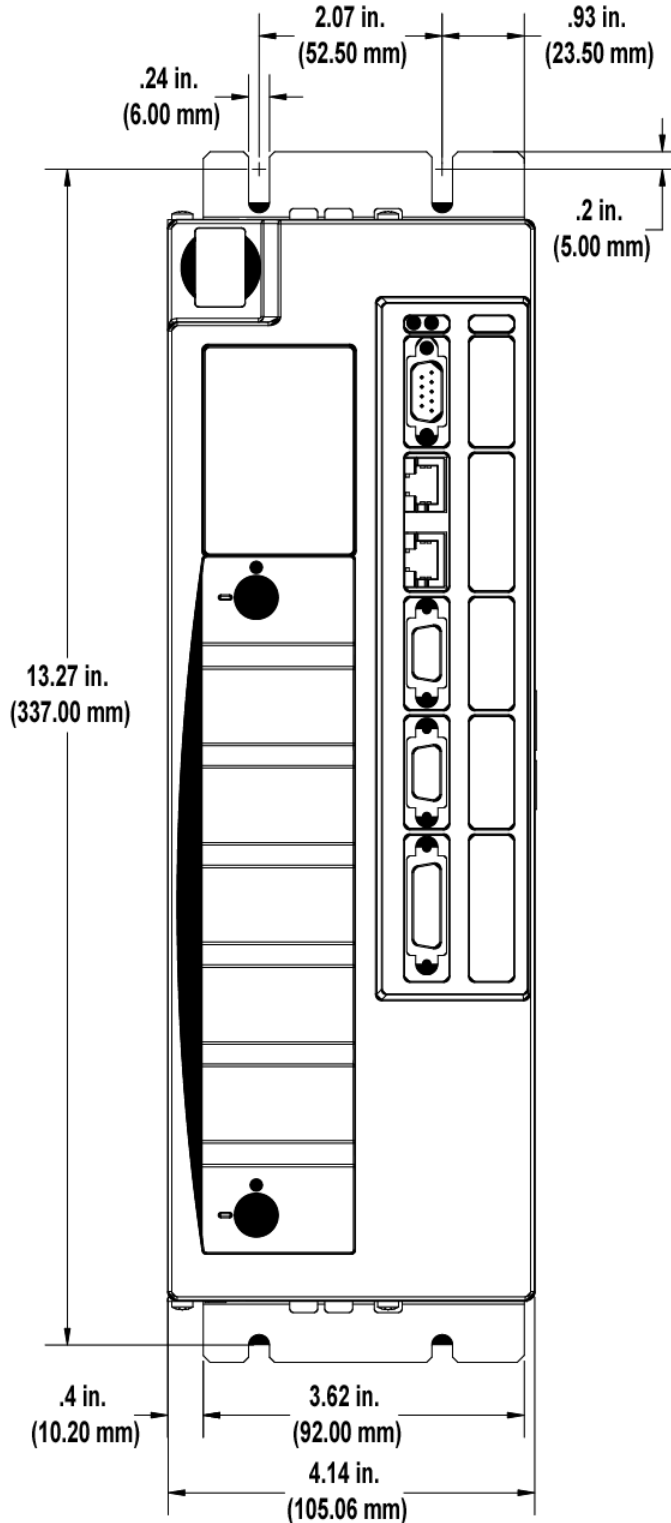
| <b>DC Input Power Specifications (24VDC)</b>           |   |              |              |
|--|---|--------------|--------------|
| Input Voltage Range                                    | 24VDC +15% -10%                             |              |              |
| Typical Input Current                                  | 3.2A  |              |              |
| Typical Input Wattage                                  | 77W   |              |              |
| Inrush Current   | tbdA for tbdms                              |              |              |
| <b>Energy Absorbtion Specifications</b>                |   |              |              |
| DC Bus Capacitance (Internal)                          | 1880 $\mu$ F                                | 2350 $\mu$ F | 3055 $\mu$ F |
| Shunt Switch Threshold                                 | 780VDC                                      |              |              |
| Joules available for energy absorption                 |   |              |              |
| 230V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 50.4joules                                  | 63.1joules   | 82joules     |
| 460V motor w/<br>230V line input                       | 472joules                                   | 591joules    | 768joules    |
| 460V motor w/<br>460V line input                       | 173joules                                   | 218joules    | 284joules    |
| <b>External Shunt</b>                                  |   |              |              |
| Maximum shunt resistor current                         | 67A (AC)                                    | 100A (AC)    | 100A (AC)    |
| Minimum shunt resistor                                 | 12 $\Omega$                                 | 8 $\Omega$   | 8 $\Omega$   |
| Maximum shunt resistor power at minimum shunt resistor | 53kW  | 80           | 80kW         |
| <b>Fan (X36 Connector)</b>                             |   |              |              |
| Input Voltage  | 230VAC (nominal), 207VAC to 253VAC, 50/60HZ |              |              |
| Input Current  | 1A Max                                      |              |              |
| Power Loss   | 87W   |              |              |

a.

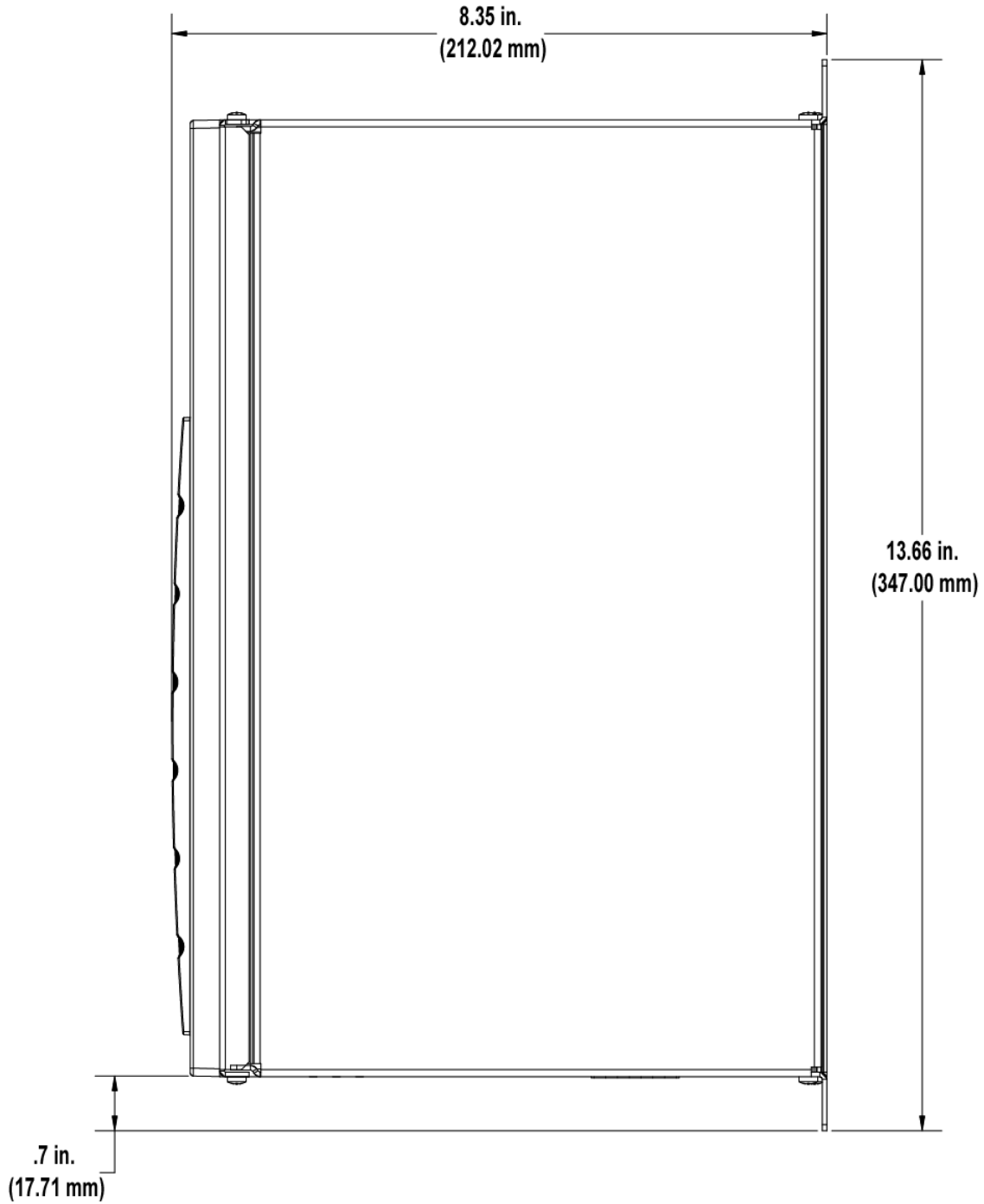


## 6.5 Dimensions for the 460V Drives

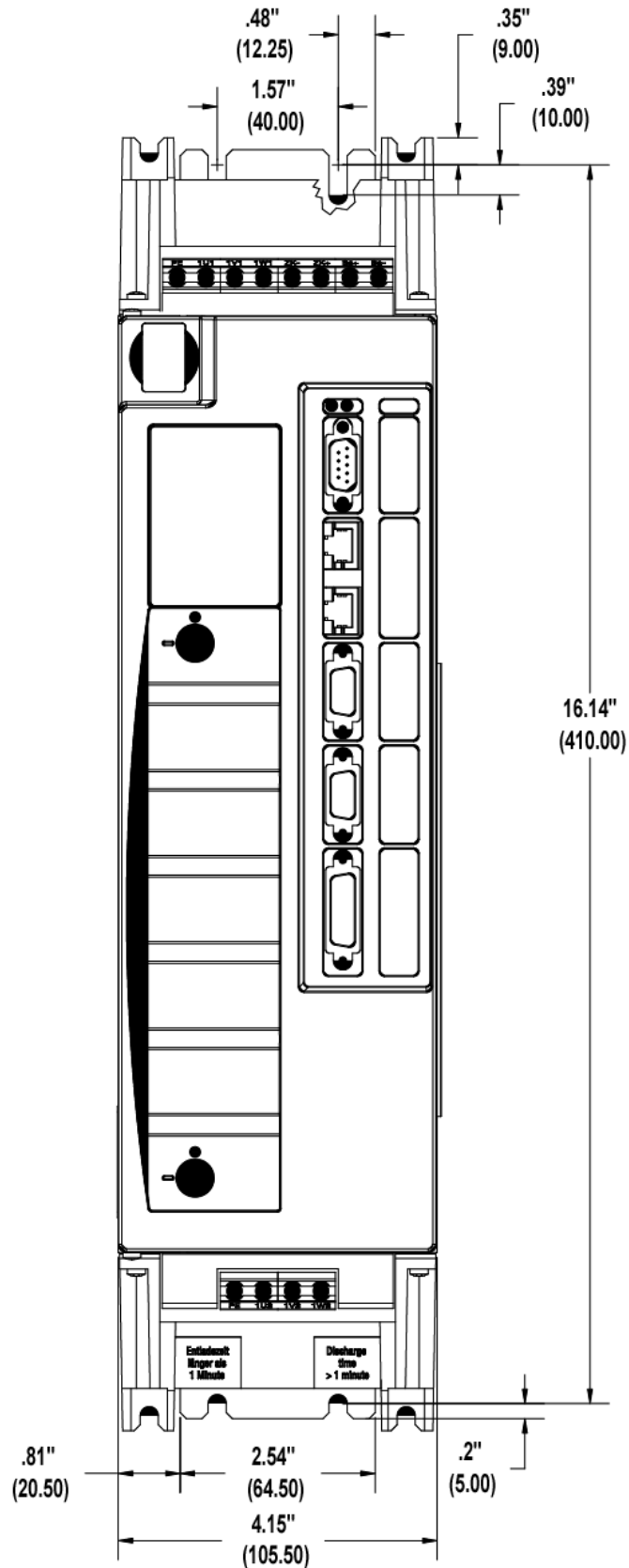
### 6.5.1 Size 1 460V Drive - Front View



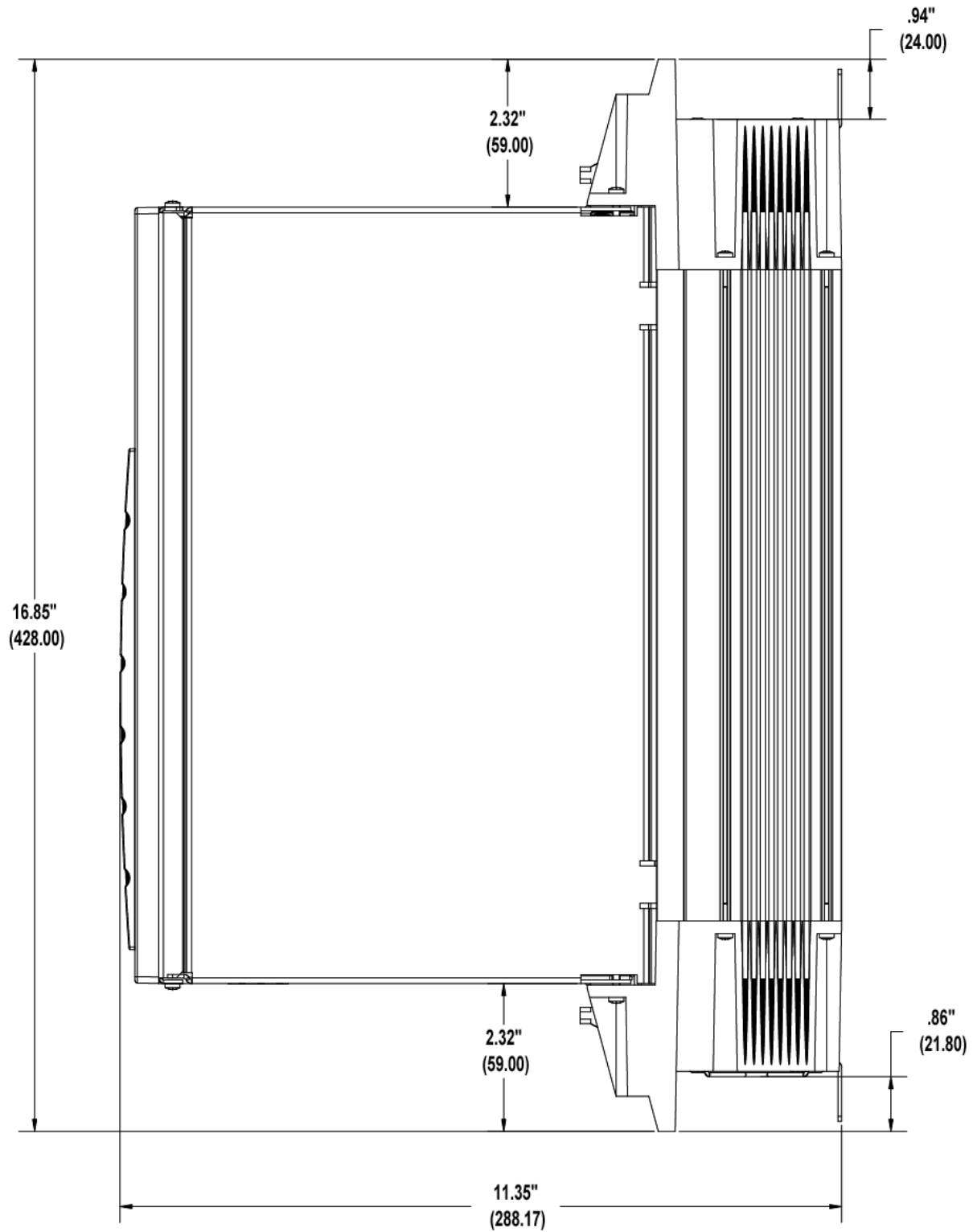
### 6.5.2 Size 1 460V Drive - Side View



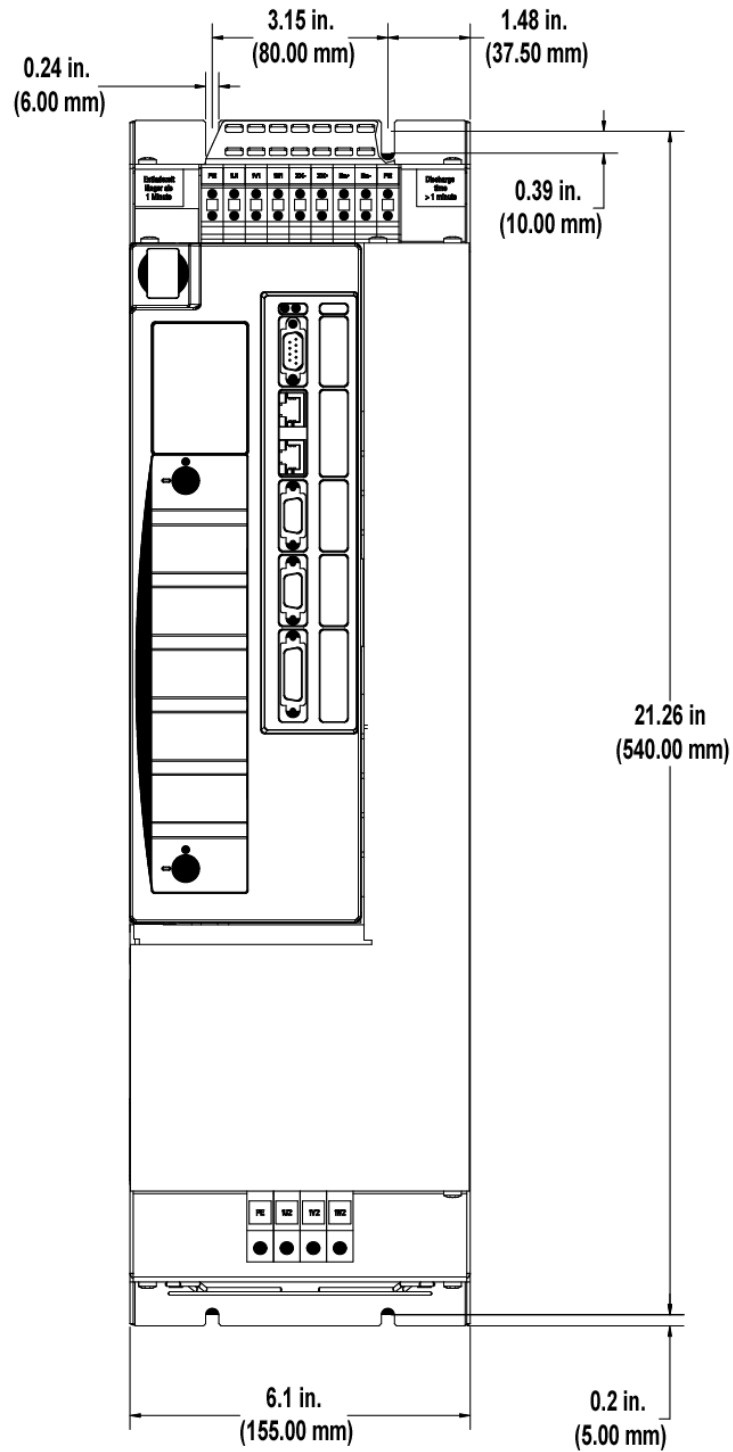
### 6.5.3 Size 2 460V Drive - Front View



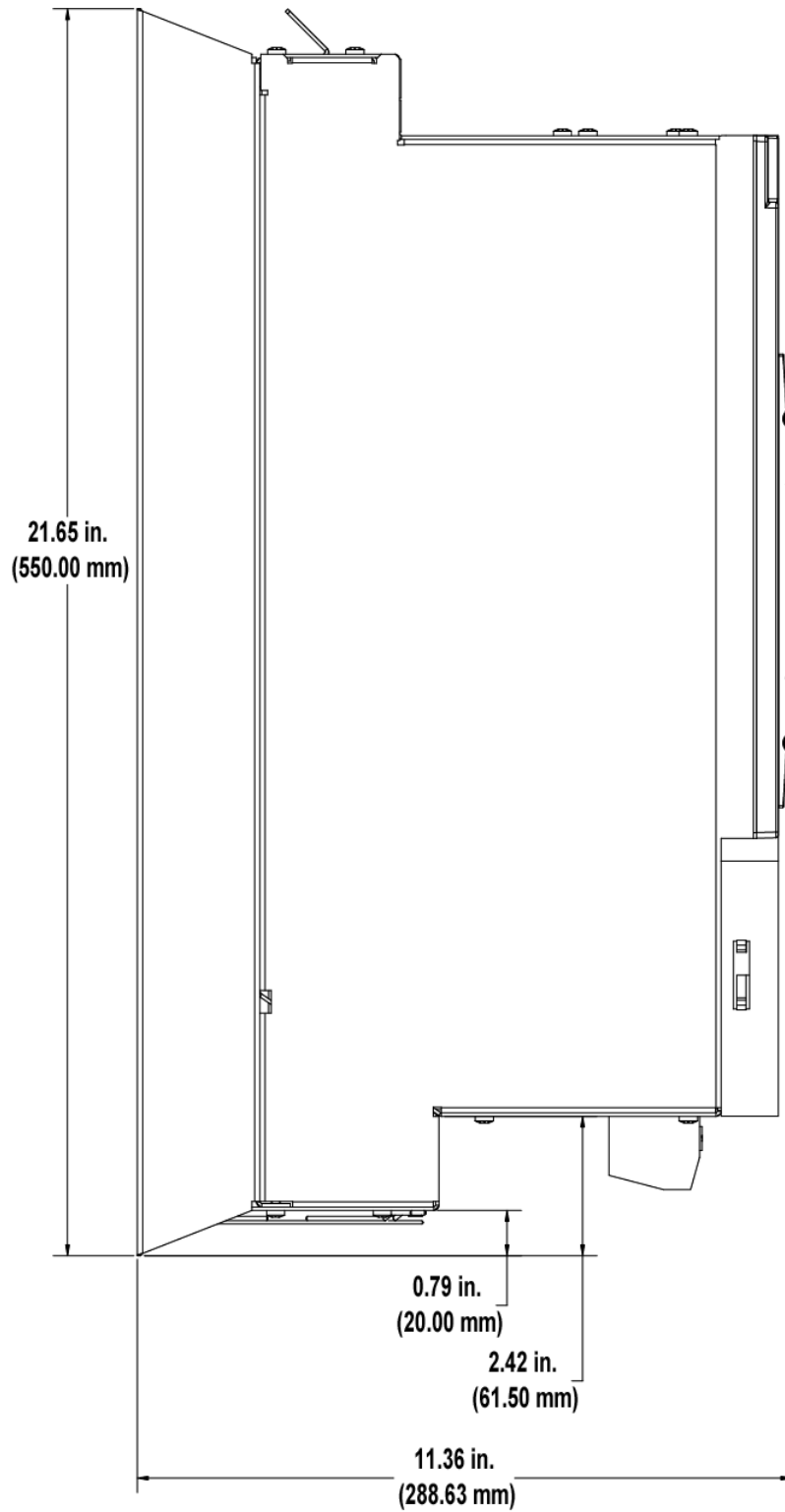
### 6.5.4 Size 2 460V Drive - Side View



### 6.5.5 Size 3 460V Drive - Front View

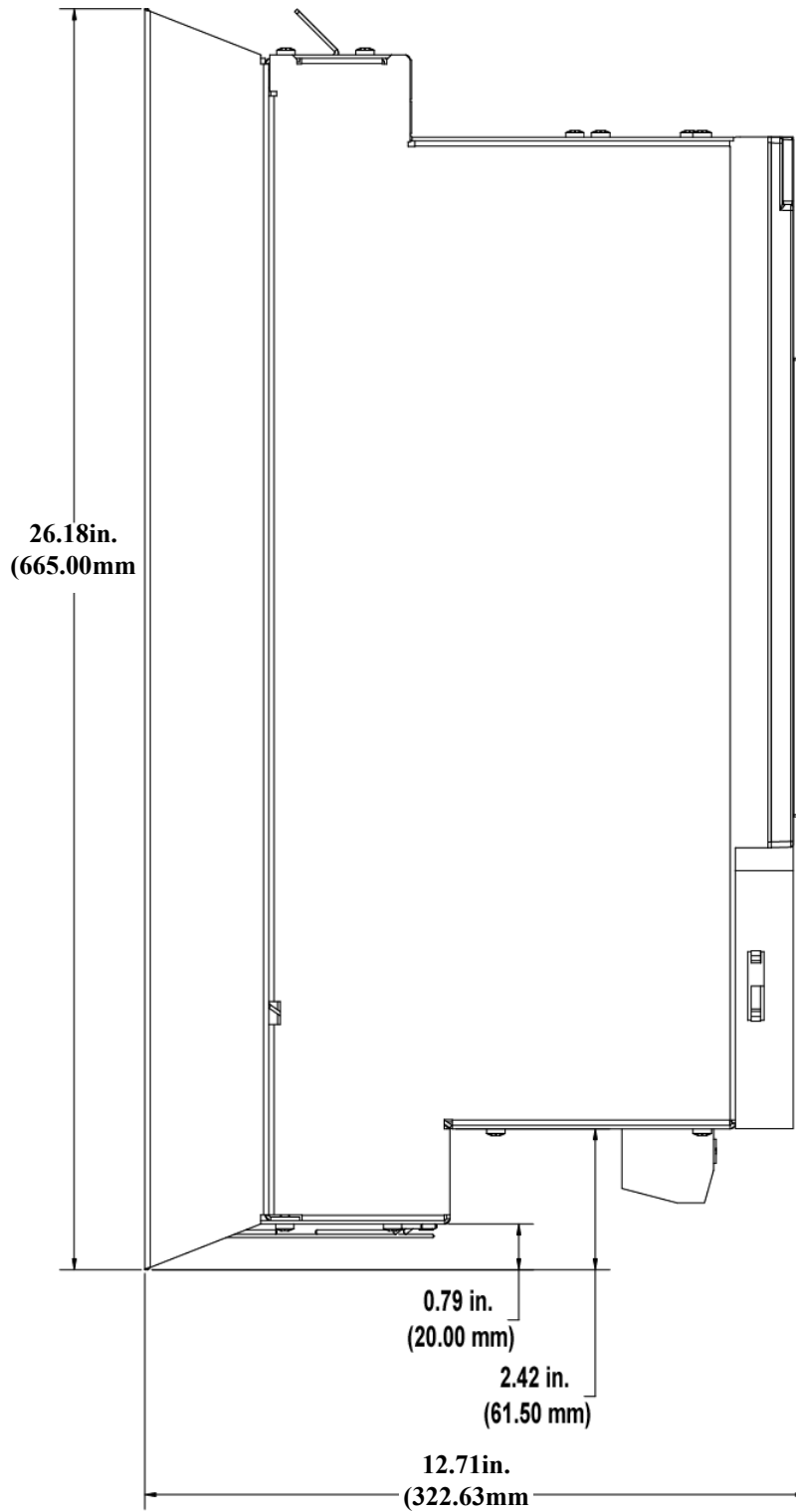


### 6.5.6 Size 3 460V Drive - Side View





### 6.5.8 Size 4 460V Drive - Side View





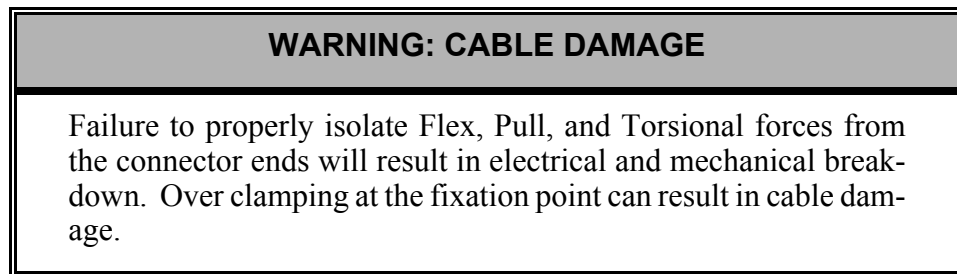
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## 7 Cables and Connections to External Devices

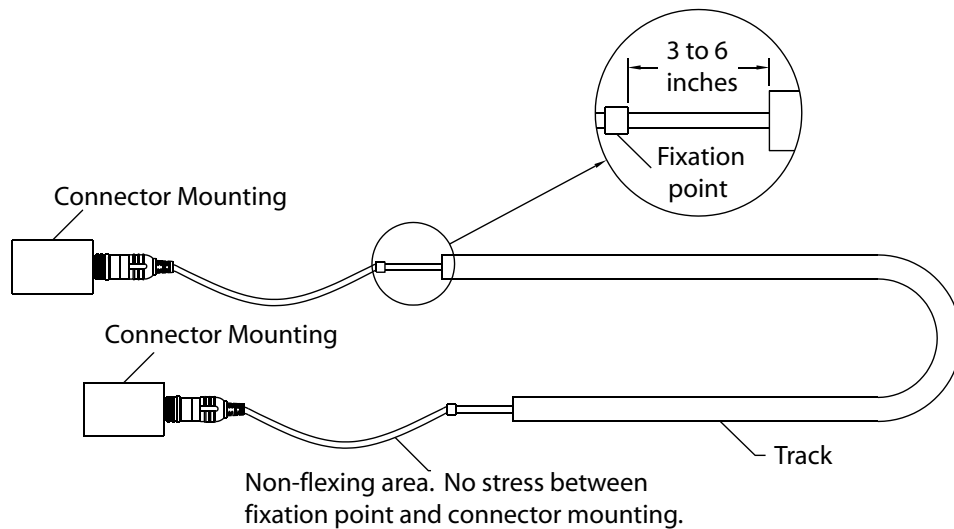
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### 7.1 Flex Cable Installation

Cables should be fixed on both ends to relieve them of tensile loads and prevent any loads from being applied to the molded connectors. At a minimum, the cables have to be fixed on the moving end of the track. A distance of 3 to 6 inches from the track to the fixation point is recommended (See [Figure 7-1](#)).



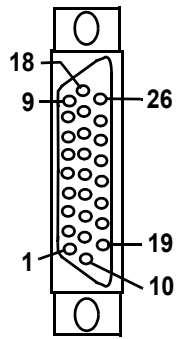
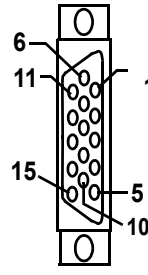
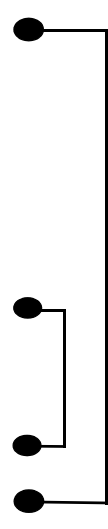
**Figure 7-1: Flex Cable Installation**



Observe the following precautions when installing flex cables:

- The cable must be able to move freely in the track
- The cable must be able to move in the radius section of the track. This must be checked in the track's fully extended position.
- When cables of different diameters are installed, the use of vertical separators or horizontal shelving is recommended. Cables of similar diameters can be put in the same compartment.
- Cables should never be put on top of one another in high velocity or high cycle applications.
- The cable's weight should be distributed symmetrically over the chain width.

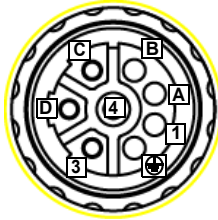
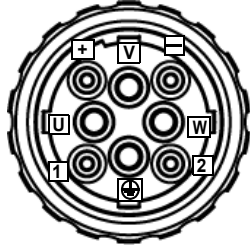
## 7.2 I/O Cable Pin Assignments

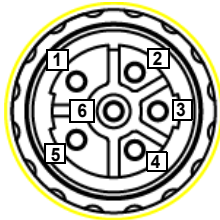
| Table 7-1: I/O Cable to Controller (Analog Interfaced MMC-SD only) |   |             |   |   |             |
|--|---|-------------|---|---|-------------|
| Twisted Pair<br>9 pair 28 AWG                                      | D-sub 26-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Smart Drive                                 |             | D-sub 15-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Controller                                    |   |             |
|  |  |             |  |   |             |
| Wire Color   | Pin Number  | Signal Type | Pin Number  | Jumper Connection   | Signal Type |
| Black  | 1   | A           | 1   |  | A           |
| White/Black  | 2   | A/          | 2   |   | A/          |
| Red  | 3   | B           | 3   |   | B           |
| White/Red  | 4   | B/          | 4   |   | B/          |
| Green  | 5   | I           | 5   |   | I           |
| White/Green  | 6   | I/          | 10  |   | I/          |
| Orange   | 26  | OUT4        | 6   |   | DCIN+       |
| White/Orange   | N/U   | N/U         | 7   |   | DCIN-       |
| Blue   | 14  | CMD+        | 8   |   | DA+         |
| White/Blue   | 15  | CMD-        | 9   |   | DA-         |
| Yellow   | 17  | IN1         | 13  |   | DCOUT1      |
| White/Yellow   | 18  | IN2         | 14  |   | DCOUT2      |
| Brown  | N/U   | N/U         | N/U   |   | N/A         |
| White/Brown  | N/U   | N/U         | 15  |   | DCOSS       |
| Violet   | N/U   | N/U         | N/U   |   | N/A         |
| White/Violet   | N/U   | N/U         | N/U   |   | N/A         |
| Gray   | 10  | IO24V       | 11  | 24VDCOUT  |             |
| White/Gray   | 16  | IOCOM       | 12  | COM   |             |

### 7.3 LSM and MSM Motors Cable Pin Assignments

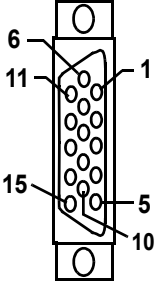
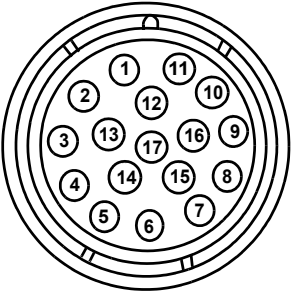
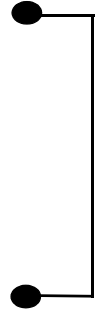
**Table 7-2: F1/F2 Motor Encoder Cable to LSM or MSM Motors**

| Twisted Pair<br>8 pair 28 AWG<br>1 pair 16 AWG |     | D-sub 15-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Smart Drive |             | Connector to Motor |                    |            |
|--|-----|---|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|
|  |     | Pin Number  | Signal Type | Pin Number         | Jumper Connections | SignalType |
| Yellow   | 1   | A   | 1           |                    | A                  |            |
| White/Yellow                                   | 2   | A/  | 2           |                    | A/                 |            |
| Blue   | 3   | B   | 3           |                    | B                  |            |
| White/Blue                                     | 4   | B/  | 4           |                    | B/                 |            |
| Black  | 5   | I   | 5           |                    | I                  |            |
| White/Black                                    | 10  | I/  | 6           |                    | I/                 |            |
| Violet   | 12  | S1  | 15          |                    | S1                 |            |
| White/Violet                                   | 13  | S2  | 16          |                    | S2                 |            |
| Red  | 8   | S3  | 17          |                    | S3                 |            |
| White/Red                                      | N/U | N/A   | N/U         |                    | N/A                |            |
| Green  | 11  | TEMPERATURE                                       | 13          |                    | TEMPERATURE+       |            |
| White/Green                                    | N/U | N/A   | 14          |                    | TEMPERATURE-       |            |
| Orange   | N/U | N/A   | N/U         |                    | N/A                |            |
| White/Orange                                   | N/U | N/A   | N/U         |                    | N/A                |            |
| Brown  | 7   | 9 VDC   | 9           |                    | 9 VDC              |            |
| White/Brown                                    | N/U | N/A   | N/U         | N/A                |                    |            |
| Gray   | 14  | +5 VDC  | 10          | +5 VDC             |                    |            |
| White/Gray                                     | 6   | COM   | 11          | COM                |                    |            |
| N/C  | 9   | N/A   | 7           | N/C                |                    |            |
| N/C  | 15  | N/A   | 8           | N/C                |                    |            |
|  |     |   | 12          | N/C                |                    |            |

| <b>Table 7-3: Motor Power Connector to LSM or MSM Motors</b> |        |        | <b>Pin Number</b>   |                    |                    |   |   |   |
|--|--------|--------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|
|  |        |        |  |                    |                    |  |   |   |
|  |        |        | <b>Wire Color</b>   | <b>Wire Number</b> | <b>Signal Type</b> | <b>Size 1 Power Connector (Kit No. M.1302.0479)</b>                                 | <b>Size 1.5.1 Power Connector (Kit No. M.1302.1998)</b> | <b>Size 1.5.2 Power Connector (Kit No. M.1302.2354)</b> |
| Black (1)  | 1U2    | Out    | 1   | U                  |                    |   |   |   |
| Black (2)  | 1V2    | Out    | 3   | V                  |                    |   |   |   |
| Black (3)  | 1W2    | Out    | 4   | W                  |                    |   |   |   |
| Green/Yellow   | PE     | Ground | 2   | ⊕                  |                    |   |   |   |
| Black (5)  | Brake+ | Out    | A   | +                  |                    |   |   |   |
| Black (6)  | Brake- | Out    | B   | -                  |                    |   |   |   |

| <b>Table 7-4: Fan Motor Power Connector to LSM or MSM Motors</b> |                    |                    |   |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|
|  |                    |                    | <b>Pin Number</b>   |
|  |                    |                    |  |
| <b>Wire Color</b>  | <b>Wire Number</b> | <b>Signal Type</b> | <b>Pin</b>  |
| Brown  | U                  | Out                | 1   |
| Black  | N                  | Out                | 2   |
| Green/Yellow   | PE                 | Ground             | 3   |

## 7.4 AKM Motors Cable Pin Assignments

| Table 7-5: F1/F2 Motor Encoder Cable to AKM Motor                       |   |             |  |  |              |
|---|---|-------------|--|--|--------------|
| <b>Twisted Pair</b><br><br><b>8 pair 28 AWG</b><br><b>1 pair 16 AWG</b> | <b>D-sub 15-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Smart Drive</b>                          |             | <b>Connector to Motor</b>  |  |              |
|   |  |             |  |  |              |
| Wire Color  | Pin Number  | Signal Type | Pin Number   | Jumper Connections   | SignalType   |
| Yellow  | 1   | A           | 3  |  | A            |
| White/Yellow  | 2   | A/          | 4  |  | A/           |
| Blue  | 3   | B           | 1  |  | B            |
| White/Blue  | 4   | B/          | 2  |  | B/           |
| Black   | 5   | I           | 5  |  | I            |
| White/Black   | 10  | I/          | 6  |  | I/           |
| Violet  | 12  | S1          | 15   |  | S1           |
| White/Violet  | 13  | S2          | 16   |  | S2           |
| Red   | 8   | S3          | 17   |  | S3           |
| White/Red   | N/U   | N/A         | N/U  |  | N/A          |
| Green   | 11  | TEMPERATURE | 8  |  | TEMPERATURE+ |
| White/Green   | N/U   | N/A         | 9  |  | TEMPERATURE- |
| Orange  | N/U   | N/A         | N/U  |  | N/A          |
| White/Orange  | N/U   | N/A         | N/U  |  | N/A          |
| Brown   | 7   | 9 VDC       | 11   |  | N/A          |
| White/Brown   | N/U   | N/A         | N/U  | N/A  |              |
| Gray  | 14  | +5 VDC      | 10   | +5 VDC   |              |
| White/Gray  | 6   | COM         | 7  | COM  |              |
| N/C   | 9   | N/A         | 12   | N/C  |              |
| N/C   | 15  | N/A         | 13   | N/C  |              |
|   |   |             | 14   | N/C  |              |

**Table 7-6: F1/F2 Motor Resolver Cable to AKM Motor**

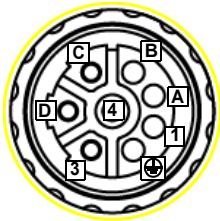
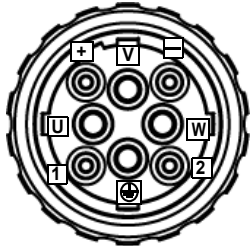
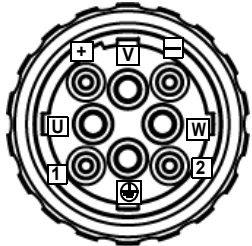


| Wire Color   | Pin Number | Signal Type | Pin Number | Jumper Connections | Signal Type |
|--|------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|
|  |            |             |            |                    |             |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 30%;"> <p><b>D-sub 15-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Smart Drive</b></p> </div> <div style="width: 30%;"> <p><b>Connector to Motor</b></p> </div> </div> |            |             |            |                    |             |
| Twisted Pair   |            |             |            |                    |             |
| 4 pair 24 AWG  |            |             |            |                    |             |
| Wire Color   | Pin Number | Signal Type | Pin Number | Jumper Connections | Signal Type |
| Black  | 1          | COS+        | 7          |                    | COS+        |
| White/Black  | 2          | COS-        | 3          |                    | COS-        |
| Red  | 3          | SIN+        | 8          |                    | SIN+        |
| White/Red  | 4          | SIN-        | 4          |                    | SIN-        |
| Green  | 5          | REF+        | 9          |                    | REF+        |
| White/Green  | 10         | REF-        | 5          |                    | REF-        |
| Orange   | 11         | TEMP+       | 2          |                    | TEMP+       |
| White/Orange   | 6          | COM         | 6          |                    | TEMP-       |
| N/C  | 7          | 9 VDC       | 9          |                    | 9 VDC       |
| N/C  | 8          | N/A         | N/U        |                    | N/A         |
| N/C  | 9          | +5 VDC      | 10         |                    | +5 VDC      |
| N/C  | 12         | COM         | 1          |                    | N/C         |
| N/C  | 13         | N/A         | 10         |                    | N/C         |
| N/C  | 14         | N/A         | 11         |                    | N/C         |
| N/C  | 15         | N/A         | 12         |                    | N/C         |

**Table 7-7: F1/F2 Motor ENDAT Cable to AKM Motor**

| Wire Color  | Pin Number | Signal Type | Pin Number | Jumper Connections | SignalType   |
|---|------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
|   |            |             |            |                    |              |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>D-sub 15-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Smart Drive</b></p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Connector to Motor</b></p> </div> </div> |            |             |            |                    |              |
| <p><b>Twisted Pair</b></p> <p><b>8 pair 28 AWG</b></p> <p><b>1 pair 16 AWG</b></p>  |            |             |            |                    |              |
| Wire Color  | Pin Number | Signal Type | Pin Number | Jumper Connections | SignalType   |
| Yellow  | 1          | COS         | 9          |                    | COS          |
| White/Yellow  | 2          | COS/        | 1          |                    | COS/         |
| Blue  | 3          | SIN         | 11         |                    | SIN          |
| White/Blue  | 4          | SIN/        | 3          |                    | SIN/         |
| Black   | 5          | DATA+       | 5          |                    | DATA+        |
| White/Black   | 10         | DATA-       | 13         |                    | DATA-        |
| Violet  | 12         | CLOCK+      | 8          |                    | CLOCK+       |
| White/Violet  | 13         | CLOCK-      | 15         |                    | CLOCK-       |
| Red   | N/U        | N/A         | 12         |                    | UnSENSE VCC  |
| White/Red   | N/U        | N/A         | 10         |                    | UnSENSE COM  |
| Green   | 11         | TEMPERATURE | 7          |                    | TEMPERATURE+ |
| White/Green   | N/U        | N/A         | 14         |                    | TEMPERATURE- |
| Orange  | N/U        | N/A         | N/U        |                    | N/A          |
| White/Orange  | N/U        | N/A         | N/U        |                    | N/A          |
| Brown   | 7          | 9 VDC       | N/U        |                    | N/A          |
| White/Brown   | N/U        | N/A         | N/U        |                    | N/A          |
| Gray  | 14         | +5 VDC      | 4          |                    | +5 VDC       |
| White/Gray  | 6          | COM         | 2          | COM                |              |
| N/C   | 9          | N/A         | 6          | N/C                |              |
| N/C   | 15         | N/A         | 16         | N/C                |              |
| N/C   | 8          | N/A         | 17         | N/C                |              |

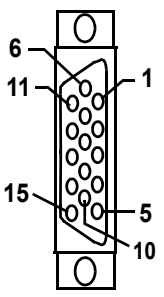
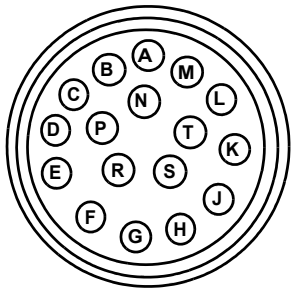
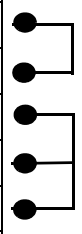


**Table 7-8: Motor Power Connector to AKM Motor**

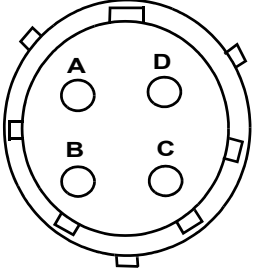

|                  |             |             | Pin Number  |   |   |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|---|---|---|
|                  |             |             |  |  |  |
| Wire Color       | Wire Number | Signal Type | Size 1 Power Connector (Kit No. M.1302.0479)                                      | Size 1.5.1 Power Connector (Kit No. M.1302.1998)                                    | Size 1.5.2 Power Connector (Kit No. M.1302.2354)                                    |
| Black (1)        | U           | Out         | 1   | U   | U   |
| Black (2)        | V           | Out         | 4   | V   | V   |
| Black (3)        | W           | Out         | 3   | W   | W   |
| Green/<br>Yellow | PE          | Ground      | 2   |  |  |
| Black (5)        | Brake+      | Out         | A   | +   | +   |
| White (6)        | Brake-      | Out         | B   | -   | -   |

## 7.5 FSM Motors Cable Pin Assignments

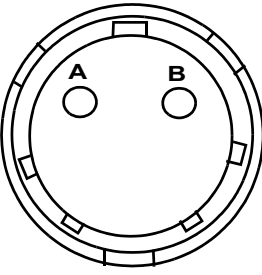
**Table 7-9: F1/F2 Motor Encoder Cable to FSM Motors**

| Wire Color  | Pin Number       | Signal Type  | Pin Number | Jumper Connections   | SignalType   |
|---|------------------|--------------|------------|--|--------------|
|   |                  |              |            |  |              |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>D-sub 15-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Smart Drive</b></p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Connector to Motor</b></p>  </div> </div> |                  |              |            |  |              |
| Twisted Pair  | 28 AWG<br>16 AWG |              |            |  |              |
| Black   | 1                | A            | A          |  | A            |
| White/Black   | 2                | A/           | B          |  | A/           |
| Red   | 3                | B            | C          |  | B            |
| White/Red   | 4                | B/           | D          |  | B/           |
| Green   | 5                | I            | E          |  | I            |
| White/Green   | 10               | I/           | F          |  | I/           |
| Gray  | 14               | +5V          | J          |  | +5VDC        |
| White/Gray  | 6                | COM          | K          |  | +5VDC        |
|   |                  |              | L          |  | COM          |
|   |                  |              | M          |  | COM          |
|   |                  |              | S          |  | TEMPERATURE- |
| Blue  | 13               | S2           | N          |  | S2           |
| White/Blue  | 12               | S1           | T          |  | S1           |
| Brown   | 8                | S3           | P          |  | S3           |
| White/Brown   | 11               | TEMPERATURE+ | R          |  | TEMPERATURE+ |
| Orange  | N/U              | N/A          | N/U        | N/A  |              |
| White/Orange  | N/U              | N/A          | N/U        | N/A  |              |
| Violet  | N/U              | N/C          | G          | N/C  |              |
| White/Violet  | 7                | N/C          | H          | N/C  |              |
| Yellow  | 9                | N/C          | N/U        | N/A  |              |
| White/Yellow  | 15               | N/C          | N/U        | N/A  |              |

**Table 7-10: Motor Power Cable to FSM Motors**

| Table 7-10: Motor Power Cable to FSM Motors |  |             |  |             |
|---|--|-------------|--|-------------|
|   |  |             |  |             |
| Drive Lower Screw Terminal                  |  |             | Connector End to Motor   |             |
| Wire Color                                  | Terminal   | Signal Type | Pin Number   | Signal Type |
| Brown                                       | U  | Out         | A  | Out         |
| Black                                       | V  | Out         | B  | Out         |
| Blue  | W  | Out         | C  | Out         |
| Green/Yellow                                |  | Ground      | D  | Ground      |

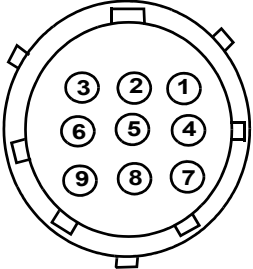
**Motor Brake Cable Connector to FSM Motors**

| Motor Brake Cable Connector to FSM Motors   |             |
|---|-------------|
|  |             |
| Pin Number  | Signal Type |
| A   | B+          |
| B   | B-          |

## 7.6 YSM Motors Cable Pin Assignments

**Table 7-11: F1/F2 Motor Encoder Cable to YSM Motors**

| Twisted Pair<br><br>28 AWG<br>16 AWG |    | D-sub 15-Pin HD Male Connector to MMC Smart Drive |             | Connector to Motor     |             |
|--------------------------------------|----|---|-------------|------------------------|-------------|
|                                      |    | Pin Number  | Signal Type | Pin Number             | Signal Type |
| Black                                | 1  | A   | 9           | NO<br>JUMPERED<br>PINS | A           |
| White/Black                          | 2  | A/  | 10          |                        | A/          |
| Red                                  | 3  | B   | 11          |                        | B           |
| White/Red                            | 4  | B/  | 12          |                        | B/          |
| Green                                | 5  | I   | 13          |                        | I           |
| White/Green                          | 10 | I/  | 14          |                        | I/          |
| Gray                                 | 14 | +5V   | 22          |                        | +5VDC       |
| White/Gray                           | 6  | COM   | 23          |                        | COM         |
| Blue                                 | 13 | S2  | 17          |                        | S2          |
| White/Blue                           | 12 | S1  | 15          |                        | S1          |
| Brown                                | 8  | S3  | 19          |                        | S3          |
| White/Brown                          | 11 | N/C   | 24          |                        | N/C         |
|                                      | 7  | N/C   | 1           |                        | N/C         |
|                                      | 9  | N/C   | 2           |                        | N/C         |
|                                      | 15 | N/C   | 3           |                        | N/C         |
|                                      |    |   | 4           | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 5           | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 6           | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 7           | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 8           | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 16          | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 18          | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 20          | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 21          | N/C                    |             |
|                                      |    |   | 25-28       | N/C                    |             |

| <b>Table 7-12: Motor Power and Brake Cable to YSM Motors</b> |                 |                    |  |                    |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|
|  |                 |                    |  |                    |
| <b>Drive Lower Screw Terminal</b>                            |                 |                    | <b>Connector End to Motor</b>  |                    |
| <b>Wire Color</b>  | <b>Terminal</b> | <b>Signal Type</b> | <b>Pin Number</b>  | <b>Signal Type</b> |
| Brown  | U               | Out                | 1  | Out                |
| Black  | V               | Out                | 2  | Out                |
| Blue   | W               | Out                | 3  | Out                |
| N/A  | N/U             | N/A                | 4 (N/U)  | N/A                |
| Green/Yellow   | ⊕               | Ground             | 5  | Ground             |
| N/A  | N/U             | N/A                | 6 (N/U)  | N/A                |
| N/A  | N/U             | N/A                | 8 (N/U)  | N/A                |

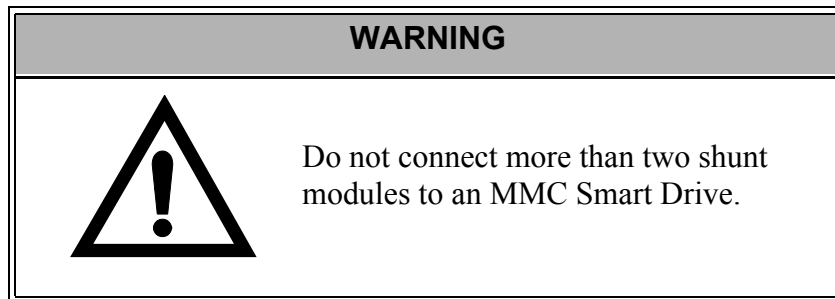
| <b>Table 7-13: Motor Brake Cable Connector to YSM Motors</b> |                    |
|--|--------------------|
| <b>Pin Number</b>  | <b>Signal Type</b> |
| 7  | B+                 |
| 9  | B-                 |

## 7.7 Connecting Shunt Modules

Use shielded, high temperature 75° C (167° F), 600V, 2.5-4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> (12-14 AWG), 3.05 m (10 ft) maximum, copper wire. Follow one of the methods given below to reduce the effects of EMI noise:

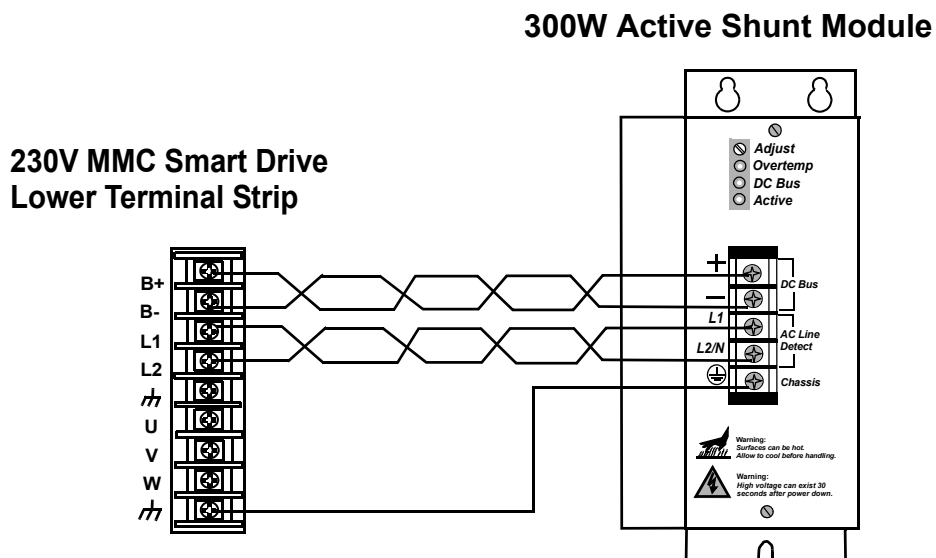
- Install wires using twisted pairs (two turns per foot minimum), as shown in the figure above. Keep unshielded wires as short as possible.
- Use shielded, twisted cable (ground shield at shunt and drive).
- Use shielded metal conduit (ground conduit at shunt and drive).

When two shunt modules are connected in parallel, the shunt capacity is doubled.



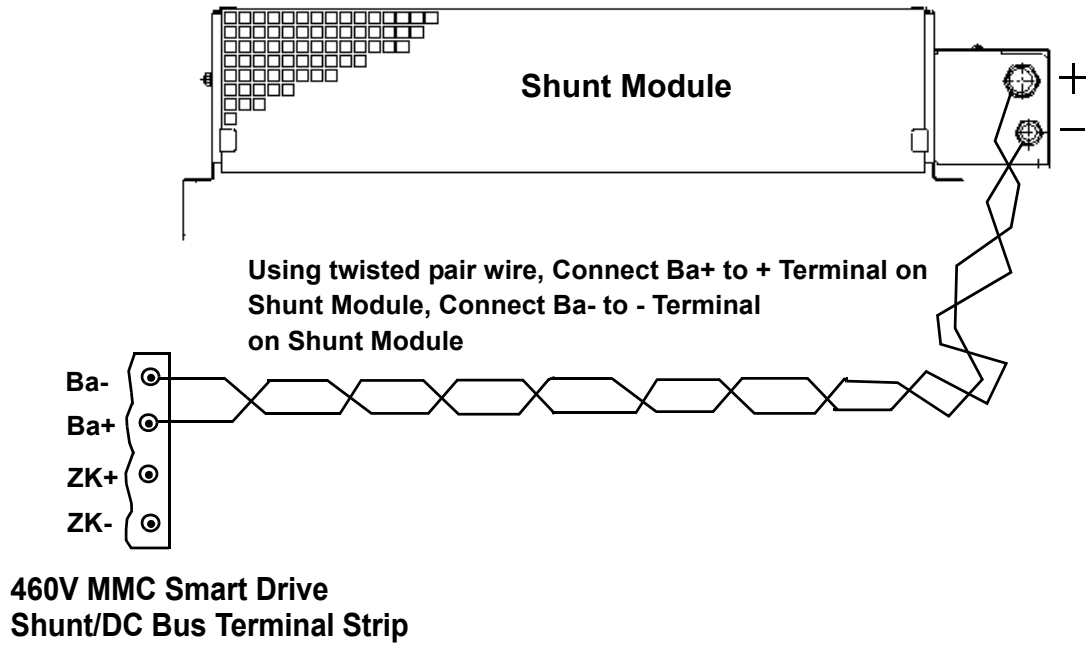
### 7.7.1 Connecting the 230V MMC Smart Drive to 300 W Shunt Module

Figure 7-2: Wiring 230V MMC Smart Drive to 300W Active Shunt Module

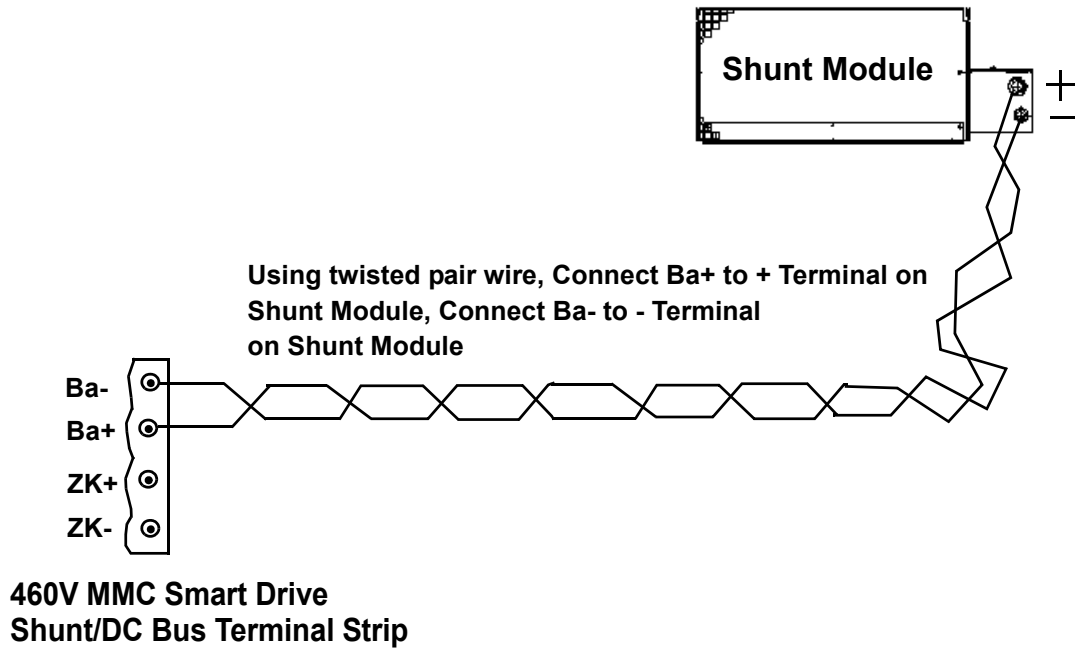


### 7.7.2 Connecting the 460V MMC Smart Drive to G&L Motion Control Shunt Modules

Figure 7-3: Wiring 460V MMC Smart Drive to 450 Watt, 130Ω Shunt Module / 700 Watt, 95Ω Shunt Module / 1400 Watt, 50Ω Shunt Module



**Figure 7-4: Wiring 460V MMC Smart Drive to 2800 Watt, 25Ω Shunt Module /  
3900 Watt, 18Ω Shunt Module**



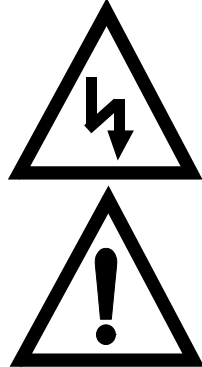


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## 8 Maintenance and Troubleshooting

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### 8.1 Maintenance

| <b>WARNING</b>  |   |
|---|---|
|  | <p>Disconnect input power before touching cables or connections.</p> <p>DC bus capacitors may retain hazardous voltages after input power has been removed.</p> <p>Before working on the drive, measure the DC bus voltage to verify it has reached a safe level.</p> <p>Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.</p> |

1. Remove superficial dust and dirt from the drive.
2. Check cable insulation and connections.
3. Clean exterior surfaces and airflow vents using an OSHA approved nozzle that provides compressed air under low pressure of less than 20 kPa (30 psi).
4. Visually check for cable damage. Replace all damaged cables.
5. Inspect D-shell connectors for proper seating and signal continuity end-to-end.

### 8.2 Diagnostics

#### 8.2.1 Power-On Diagnostics

When the drive is powered up, it tests itself and reports the results of the tests in the form of LED signals.

##### 8.2.1.1 Power LED

If the Power (P) LED does not go on, or goes off during operation of the system, check that 24 VDC power is still connected to the drive.

### 8.2.1.2 Diagnostic LEDs

The Status LED (D1) lights up briefly while diagnostic tests are running and then goes off. If the Status LED (D1) remains on, the drive has failed one of its diagnostic tests. Follow these steps:

1. Turn off power to the drive system and to the application.
2. Perform any necessary maintenance to the drive.
3. Check the I/O wiring and the devices the system is connected to. There may be a short or other problem other than the drive. Correct these problems.
4. Turn on power to check diagnostics again.

#### NOTE

Power-On diagnostics are run only when the system is powered up. If a drive fails during power-up, the Status LED (D1) light remains on. If you suspect that a drive is defective, cycle power to run diagnostics again.

### 8.2.2 Run-Time Diagnostics

While the MMC Smart Drive is running, other tests are performed on a regular basis with their results also reported through the Status LED (D1).

While the MMC Smart Drive is running, the Status LED (D1) will flash a two digit code signal if there is an error. The errors are described in [Table 8-2 on page 156](#).

## 8.3 Troubleshooting

### 8.3.1 General Troubleshooting

**Table 8-1: General Troubleshooting Symptoms, Causes, Remedies**

| Symptom                        | Possible Cause  | Remedy  |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Power (P) indicator not ON     | No 24VDC input power.<br><br>Internal power supply malfunction.                       | Verify 24 VDC power is applied to the drive.<br><br>Contact your G&L Motion Control representative.   |
| Motor jumps when first enabled | Motor wiring error.<br><br>Incorrect motor chosen.<br><br>Incorrect or faulty encoder | Check motor feedback and power wiring.<br><br>Verify the proper motor is selected.<br><br>Replace the encoder with correct and/or functional encoder. |
| I/O not working correctly      | I/O power supply disconnected.  | Verify connections and I/O power source.  |

### 8.3.2 Troubleshooting Drive Diagnostic Error Codes

When an error is detected the Status LED (D1) located above the PiCPro port on the face of the drive will flash a two-digit error code. The LED will continue to flash until the error is eliminated.

For example, if there is a long pause-flash-pause-flash-flash-long pause, the code is 12. The Diagnostic Error Codes are described in [Table 8-2 on page 156](#).

**Table 8-2: Drive Diagnostic LED Error Codes**

| <b>Fault Code</b> | <b>Fault</b>                 | <b>Possible Causes</b>  | <b>Possible Remedies</b>   |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---|--|
| 11                | Drive Memory Fault           | The drive's non-volatile memory is not functioning properly   | Upgrade firmware.<br>Contact G&L Motion Control.   |
| 12                | Drive Bus Over Voltage Fault | Excessive regeneration of power.<br>The motor may regenerate too much peak energy through the drive's power supply. A fault is generated to prevent overload. | Change the deceleration or motion profile.<br>Check shunt connections and where necessary, properly make connectons.<br>Reduce the reflected inertia of your mechanical system.<br>Use a larger motor and/or drive.  |
|                   |                              | Excessive AC input voltage.   | Verify input AC voltage is within specifications. Adjust accordingly.  |
|                   |                              | Output short circuit.   | Remove all power and motor connections, and perform a continuity check from the DC bus to the U, V, and W motor outputs. If a continuity exists, check for wire fibers between terminals, contact G&L Motion Control |
|                   |                              | Motor cabling wires shorted together.   | Disconnect motor power cables from the drive. Test the cables for short circuits. Replace cable if necessary.  |
|                   |                              | Internal motor winding short circuit.   | Disconnect motor power cables from the motor. If the motor is difficult to turn by hand, it may need to be replaced. Test winding resistance to confirm short circuit.   |
|                   |                              | 230V motor used with a 460V drive and drive powered at 460V.  | Set the drive for operation at 230V and apply 230V power to the drive.   |

| <b>Fault Code</b> | <b>Fault</b>                 | <b>Possible Causes</b>  | <b>Possible Remedies</b>   |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---|--|
| 13                | Drive PM1 Over Current Fault | Current feedback exceeds the drive over current fault limit.  | Adjust the over current fault limit.   |
|                   |                              | Output short circuit.   | Remove all power and motor connections, and perform a continuity check from the DC bus to the U, V, and W motor outputs. If a short exists, check for wire fibers between terminals, contact G&L Motion Control                                      |
|                   |                              | Motor cabling wires shorted together.   | Disconnect motor power cables from the drive. If faults stop, replace cable.   |
|                   |                              | Internal motor winding short circuit.   | Disconnect motor power cables from the motor. If the motor is difficult to turn by hand, it may need to be replaced.   |
| 14                | Drive Over Power Fault       | Drive current and voltage output, in combination with the heatsink temperature indicate that the power output required by the drive would damage the power section. | Verify ambient temperature is not too high.<br>Operate within the continuous power rating.<br>Reduce acceleration rates.<br>Check for mechanical load problems and adjust as necessary.<br>Resize the application and apply components accordingly.  |
| 15                | Motor Temperature Fault      | Motor thermostat trips due to high motor ambient temperature  | Operate within (not above) the continuous torque rating for the ambient temperature (40°C maximum).<br>Lower ambient temperature, increase motor cooling.<br>Check that motor is properly sized for the application. If necessary, resize the motor. |
|                   |                              | Motor thermostat trips due to excessive current   | Reduce acceleration rates.<br>Increase time permitted for motion.<br>Use larger drive and motor.<br>Reduce duty cycle (ON/OFF) of commanded motion.<br>Check tuning.   |
|                   |                              | Motor thermostat trips due to motor wiring error.   | Check motor wiring.  |
|                   |                              | Motor thermostat trips due to incorrect motor selection.  | Verify the proper motor has been selected.   |
| 16                | Continuous Current Fault     | Current exceeds the continuous motor current rating for an extended period of time.   | Change motor and or drive to be compatible with load requirements.<br>Check tuning.  |

| <b>Fault Code</b> | <b>Fault</b>                     | <b>Possible Causes</b>   | <b>Possible Remedies</b>  |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 17                | Drive Heatsink Temperature Fault | Drive heatsink temperature exceeds drive heatsink fault limit  | Let the drive cool down and/or reduce the load.   |
| 22                | Drive F1 Feedback Fault          | Error is detected in the motor feedback  | Verify motor selection is correct. Check to be sure the correct encoder is attached. Verify encoder wiring is correct. Use shielded cables with twisted pair wires. Route the encoder feedback cable away from potential noise sources. Check ground connections.                 |
| 23                | Drive Ambient Temp. Fault        | Drive ambient temperature exceeds the drive ambient temperature fault limit  | Operate within (not above) the continuous rating for the ambient temperature. Lower ambient temperature, increase cabinet cooling.  |
| 24                | Motor Calculated Temp. Fault     | Motor calculated temperature exceeds the motor calculated temperature fault limit.   | Check the machine for excessive loads. Motor may be undersized for the application.   |
| 25                | Drive Timing Fault               | Timing error is detected in the execution of the control algorithms performed by the drive's digital signal processor.                             | Contact G&L Motion Control.   |
| 26                | Drive Interface Fault            | Communication error is detected in the transmission of information between the drive's digital signal processor and the drive's power section.     | Contact G&L Motion Control.   |
| 27                | User Set Fault                   | PiCPro Set User Fault command selected.  | The PiCPro Set User Fault command was selected or the Control Panel mode was activated or deactivated while the drive was enabled.  |
| 31                | Drive F1 Communication Fault     | Communication error is detected in the transmission of information between the drive and a high resolution or multi-turn absolute feedback device. | Check encoder line and make sure the correct encoder is attached. Verify encoder wiring is correct. Use shielded cables with twisted pair wires. Route the encoder feedback cable away from potential noise sources. Check ground connections. Verify motor selection is correct. |
|                   |                                  | Bad encoder.   | Replace motor and encoder.  |
| 32                | Over Speed Fault                 | User specified motor speed has been exceeded.  | Check cables for noise. Check tuning.   |

| <b>Fault Code</b> | <b>Fault</b>                    | <b>Possible Causes</b>  | <b>Possible Remedies</b>  |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| 33                | Over Current Fault              | User-Specified average current level has been exceeded.   | Change to a less restrictive setting.<br>Reduce the load.   |
| 34                | Drive Communication Fault       | Communication error occurs while drive control is being performed using the PiCPro Control Panel tools. | Do not disconnect the PiCPro cable while operating in Control Panel Mode.   |
| 35                | Drive Power Module Fault        | The drive's power section detects a fault condition.  | Verify AC power is applied to drive.<br>Contact G&L Motion Control.   |
| 36                | Drive Setup Data Fault          | The configuration data has been corrupted.  | Re-download Drive Setup Data.   |
| 41                | Drive Relay Fault               | The drive's power section relay did not function properly during power-up.                              | Check the drive system connections. Adjust as necessary.<br>Contact G&L Motion Control.   |
| 42                | Drive PM2 Over Current Fault    | Current feedback exceeds the drive over current fault limit.  | Adjust the over current fault limit.  |
|                   |                                 | Output short circuit.   | Remove all power and motor connections, and perform a continuity check from the DC bus to the U, V, and W motor outputs. If a continuity exists, check for wire fibers between terminals, contact G&L Motion Control.   |
|                   |                                 | Motor cabling wires shorted together.   | Disconnect motor power cables from the drive. If faults stop, replace cable.  |
|                   |                                 | Internal motor winding short circuit.   | Disconnect motor power cables from the motor. If the motor is difficult to turn by hand, it may need to be replaced.  |
| 43                | Drive PM Over Temperature Fault | Drive power module temperature exceeds the drive power module temperature fault limit                   | Check to be sure that the drive is being operated within the continuous power rating.<br>Check for adequate enclosure ventilation. Ensure cooling air flow is adequate in space around the drive.<br>Check for clogged vents or defective fan.<br>Contact G&L Motion Control. |
| 44                | Motor Ground Fault              | Ground fault has occurred.  | Make sure motor ground connections are correct.<br>Replace defective motor ground wires.<br>Check for internal motor winding short circuits.  |

| Fault Code | Fault                             | Possible Causes   | Possible Remedies   |
|------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| 45         | Drive AC Input Over Voltage Fault | Incoming AC voltage is too high.  | Verify input VAC is within specifications.  |
| 46         | Overtravel Plus Fault             | Overtravel Plus Fault input is off and Drive Ignore Plus Travel Limit is off.   | Overtravel Plus Fault status can be monitored using READ_SV variable 68 AND (16#400 0000). Fault input write a 0 to WRITE_SV variable 86. Use DRSETFLT to reset fault indications. To override the Overtravel Plus Fault input write a 1 to WRITE_SV variable 86, Ignore Plus Travel Limit. To reactivate checking of the Overtravel Plus input write a 1 to WRITE_SV variable 86, Ignore Plus Travel Limit. To reactivate checking of the Overtravel Plus Fault input write a 0 to WRITE_SV variable 86. |
| 47         | Overtravel Minus Fault            | This fault is set when the Overtravel Minus Fault input is off and Drive Ignore Minus Travel Limit is off.  | Overtravel Minus Fault status can be monitored using READ_SV variable 68 AND (16#800 0000). Use DRSETFLT to reset fault indications. To override the Overtravel Minus Fault input write a 1 to WRITE_SV variable 87, Ignore Minus Travel Limit. To reactivate checking of the Overtravel Minus Fault input write a 0 to WRITE_SV variable 87.   |
| 51         | Digital Link Communication Error  | This fault is set when two consecutive corrupt Digital Link messages are detected or no Digital Link messages are received within 250 microseconds.                                 | Digital Link Communication Error status can be monitored using READ_SV variable 68 AND (16#1000 0000). This fault requires that the user servo setup function and DSTRTSRV be executed prior to executing DRSETFLT to reset the fault indication.   |
| 52         | Invalid Switch Setting Fault      | This fault is set when the drive address switch setting is set to 0 or greater than 64 or its setting is changed while the Digital Link is operating in cyclic communications mode. | Invalid Switch Setting Fault status can be monitored using READ_SV variable 68 AND (16#2000 0000). Use DRSETFLT to reset fault indications.<br><b>Note:</b> Digital Link initialization must be performed before this fault can be reset.   |
| 77         | Drive Not Ready                   | Power applied to an uninitialized drive.  | Initialize and configure the drive using PicPro.  |



### 8.3.3 Troubleshooting Warning Error Codes

**Table 8-3: Warning Error Codes**

| <b>Error Code</b> | <b>Warning</b>  | <b>Possible Causes</b>   | <b>Possible Remedies</b>   |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| 01                | Drive Heatsink Temp. Warning  | Drive heatsink temperature exceeds warning limit                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lower the ambient temperature around the drive.</li> </ul>  |
| 02                | Drive Ambient Temp. Warning   | Acceptable ambient temperature limit has been exceeded warning limit |  |
| 03                | Motor Temp. Warning (available only when the motor contains a thermistor)                     | Thermistor temperature has exceeded user defined acceptable limit.   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce acceleration rates.</li> <li>• Reduce duty cycle (ON/OFF) of commanded motion.</li> <li>• Increase time permitted for motion.</li> <li>• Use larger drive and motor.</li> <li>• Check tuning.</li> </ul> |
| 04                | Motor Calculated Temp. Warning (available only when the motor does not contain a thermistor). | Calculated motor temperature has exceeded acceptable limit           |  |



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## 9 Resolver Interface Option Module

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### 9.1 Theory of Operation

The Resolver Interface Option Module provides the interface between the resolver and the drive's DSP. It is a tracking system where the rotor is excited with a sine wave. The outputs of the resolver are amplitude modulated by the sine and cosine of the rotor shaft angle. The tracking converter converts the sine and cosine amplitude ratio into a 12 bit number.

The module provides a 4 Vrms 5 kHz sine wave to excite the resolver rotor. The resolver transformer ratio is .5:1 so the stator outputs are 2V RMS with the shaft rotated to the angle of maximum coupling. The sine and cosine rotor outputs are returned to the resolver module's twin instrumentation amplifier inputs to produce a high common mode noise rejection and a high input impedance (220K  $\Omega$ ). The sine and cosine signals are then fed to a resolver to digital converter chip that performs the tracking conversion. The converter has both a serial output and an encoder emulator output. The serial output is read when the drive is powered up to obtain the absolute commutation angle for the motor. Thereafter, it is used as an encoder emulator.

The module is able to detect a loss of feedback by monitoring the sine and cosine signals. If both are near zero at the same time, a loss of feedback error is generated.

### 9.2 Installing the Resolver Module

1. Remove the five screws at the corners of the face of the 230V drive or loosen the 2 mounting screws on the face of the 460V drive.
2. Remove the shunt from the 24-pin DIP socket located on the MMC Smart Drive board.
3. Position the Resolver Option Module so the standoffs align with the mounting holes on the MMC Smart Drive board, and the header is aligned with the socket.
4. Using even pressure, press the option module into place.
5. Verify that the module is fully seated into the socket and the locking tabs on the standoffs are in the locked position.

Figure 9-1: Before Shunt Removed and Resolver Module Installed

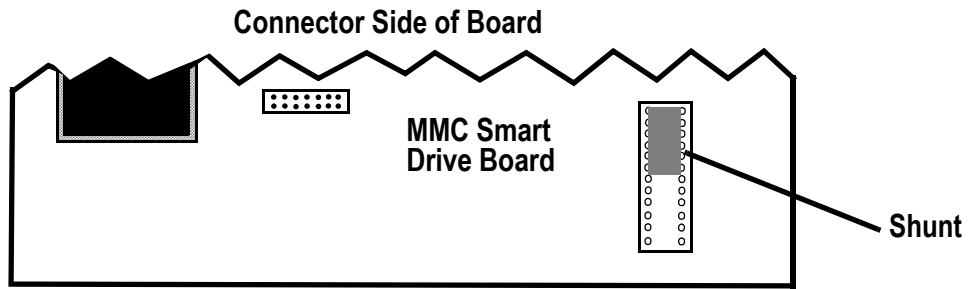
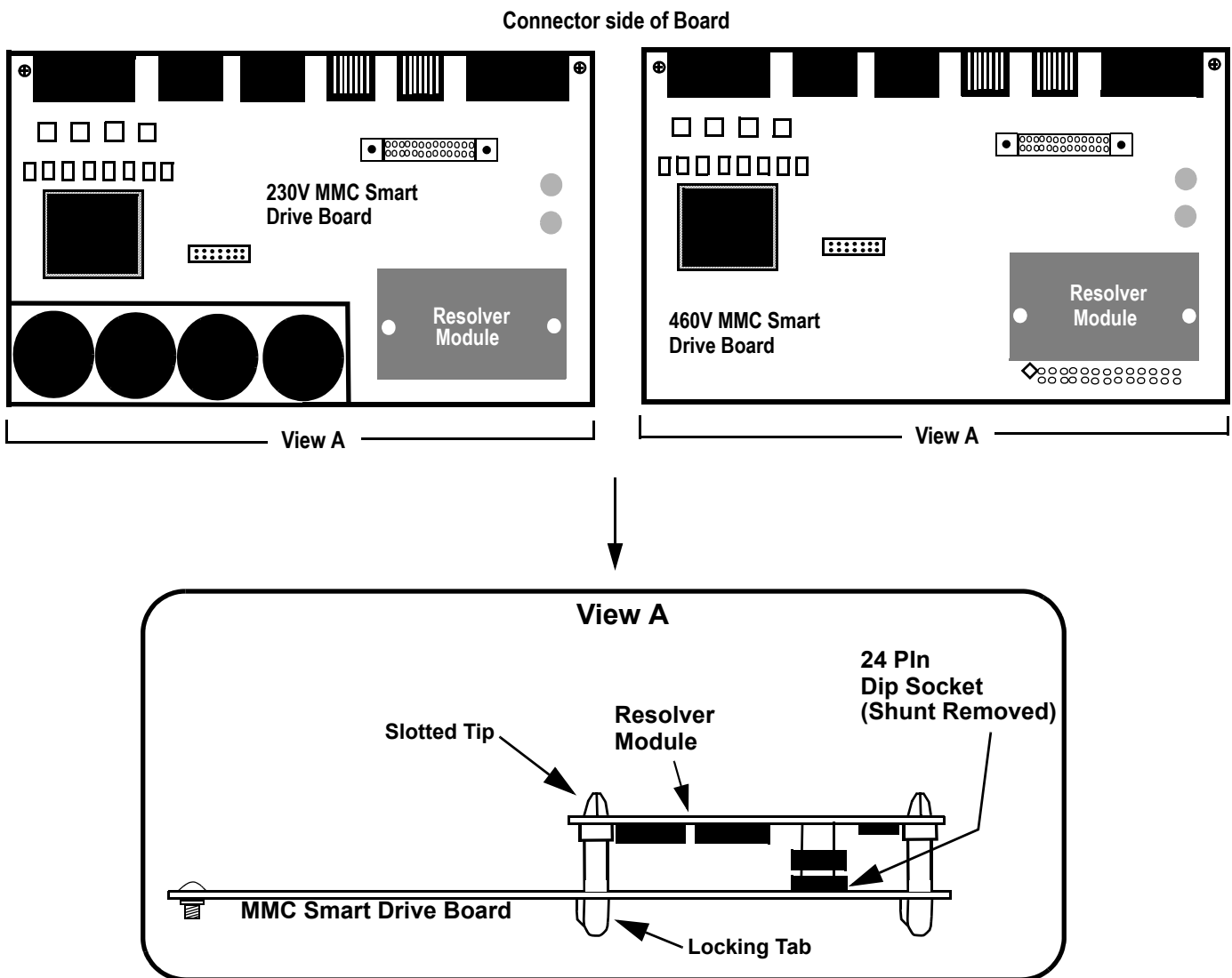


Figure 9-2: Shunt Removed and Resolver Module Installed



## 9.3 Specifications

| Characteristics                  | Resolver Interface Option Module Specifications     |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Function                         | Resolver to encoder converter                       |
| Part Number                      | M.1302.4523   |
| Field Side Connector             | F1 Feedback Connector                               |
| Excitation Frequency             | 5 kHz   |
| Output Voltage                   | 4 V <sub>RMS</sub>                                  |
| Current per Output Channel, max. | 28 mA <sub>RMS</sub>                                |
| Resolver Transformer Ratio       | 0.5:1.0   |
| Resolver Resolution              | 4096 Feedback Units (FUs) per electrical revolution |
| Accuracy Over Temperature Range  | ± 15 minutes  |
| Electrical Velocity, max.        | 500 RPS   |
| Cable Length, max.               | 30 M  |
| Power                            | Powered from MMC Smart Drive                        |



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## 10 Drive Resident Digital MMC Control

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### 10.1 Introduction

This section contains information for the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control (Digital MMC-Dx). Block I/O information can be found in the Block I/O Modules Manual. Software information can be found in the PiCPro Online Help, the Function/Function Block Reference Guide, ASFB Manuals or on-line.

#### 10.1.1 Overview

The Drive Resident Digital MMC Control offers a complete solution to both machine and motion control in a module that is installed into any Digital Interfaced Smart Drive (MMC-SD-D). One Drive Resident Digital MMC Control can control from 1 to 16 drives as follows:

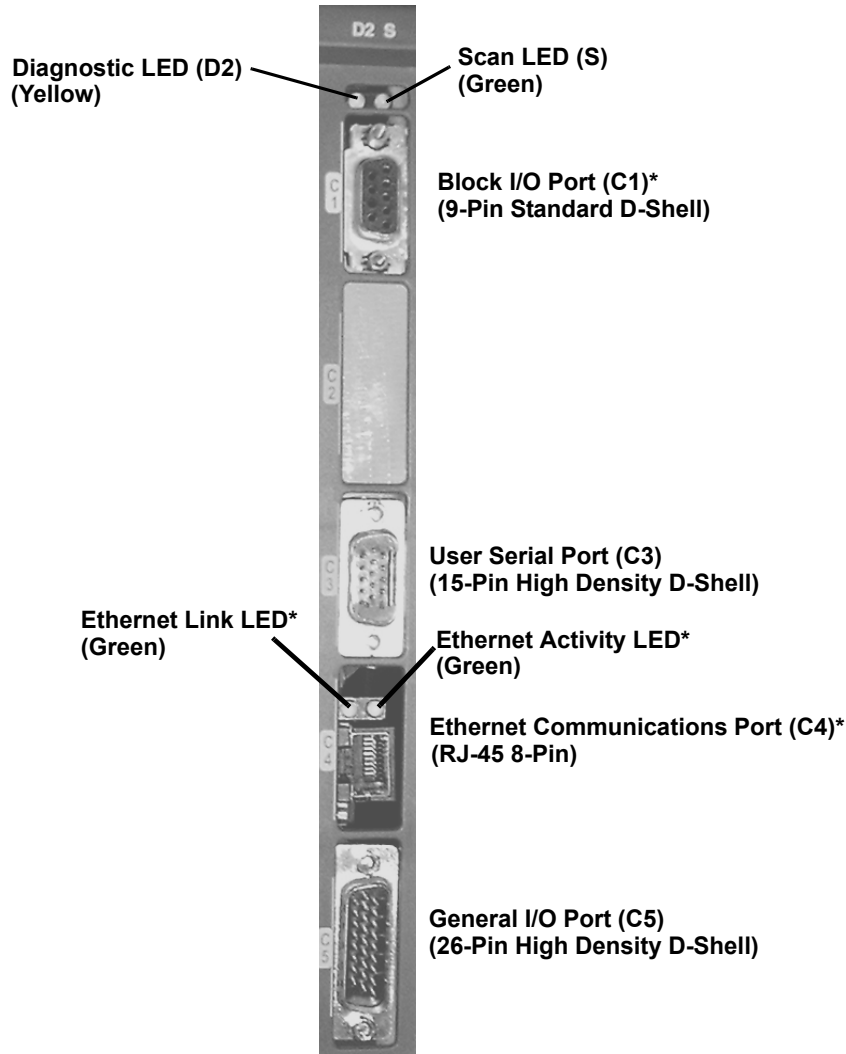
- Digital MMC-D1 (controls one MMC-SD-D)
- Digital MMC- D2 (controls two MMC-SD-D)
- Digital MMC- D4 (controls four MMC-SD-D)
- Digital MMC- D16 (controls 16 MMC-SD-D)

PiCPro is used to program the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control. The built-in I/O (8 24VDC inputs and 8 24VDC outputs) can be expanded using G&L Motion Control serially distributed block I/O (not included on the Digital MMC-D1).

## 10.1.2 Major Components

The Drive Resident Digital MMC Control contains the CPU, a User Serial port, a Block I/O port, an Ethernet port, and a General I/O port consisting of 8 DC inputs and 8 DC outputs.

**Figure 1: The Drive Resident Digital MMC Control**



\* The Block I/O Port connector (C1), Ethernet Communications Port connector (C4), Ethernet Link LED, and Ethernet Activity LED are present on the Digital MMC-D1 Control, but are not functional.



## **10.2 Installing the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control**

### **10.2.1 Installing into a 230V MMC-SD Drive**

1. Remove the three screws from the right side of the cover and one screw from the top and bottom of the drive near the front. Remove the cover.
2. Place the cover removed in step 1 on a flat surface, with the blue plastic faceplate down, and the large side cover to the left pointing up.
3. Remove the two screws that hold the .6" by 8" blue filler plate to the back of the faceplate and remove the plate.
4. Locate the 4 screws that secure the top-most printed circuit board into the drive. Remove one of the screws and the associated lock washer, and install one of the four threaded standoffs that were included with the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control (do not use the lock washer). Repeat this process for the other 3 screws, one at a time.
5. Place the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control into the drive, with the connectors facing towards the front of the unit. Align the 20-pin connector on the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control with the 20-pin connector on the drive. Press the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control onto the drive until the 20-pin connector is completely seated and the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control is seated against the threaded standoffs installed in step 4.
6. Fasten the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control onto the threaded standoffs using the lockwashers and screws removed in step 4.
7. Replace the cover using the 4 screws removed in step 1.

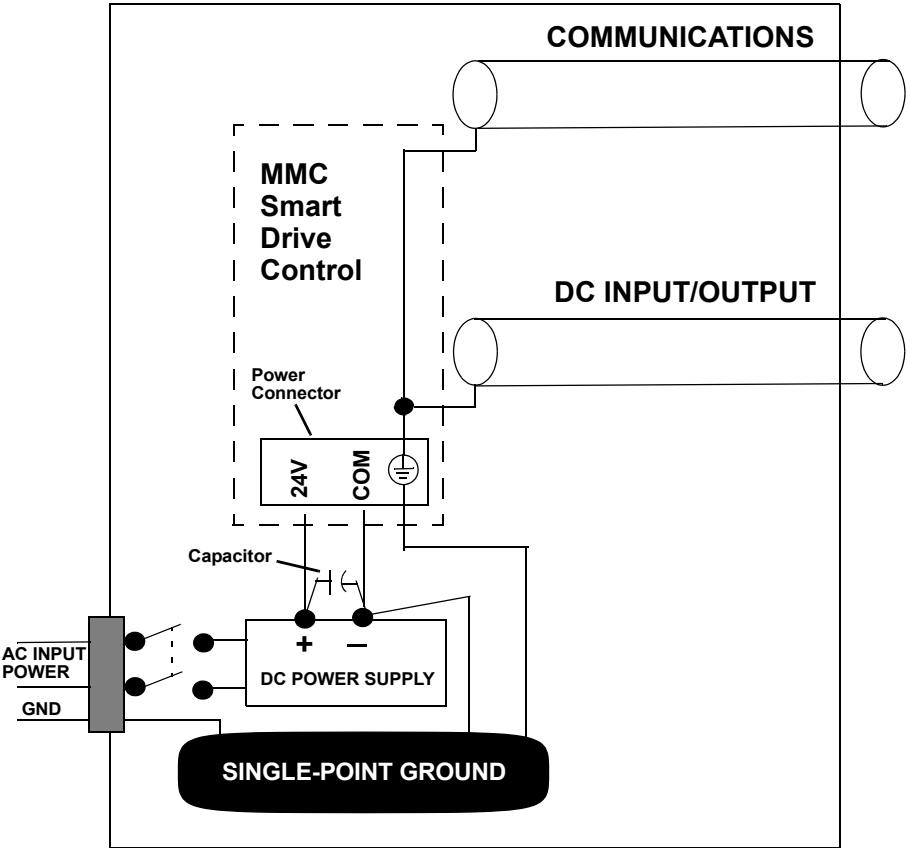
## **10.2.2 Installing into a 460V MMC-SD Drive**

1. Turn the two locking screws on the front of the drive clockwise  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn and pull the drive control board unit out of the drive.
2. Place the drive control board unit removed in step 1 on a flat surface, with the blue plastic faceplate down, and the drive control board to the left.
3. Remove the two screws that hold the .6" by 8" blue filler plate and remove the plate.
4. Place the drive control board unit on a flat surface so that the control board is facing up, and the blue plastic faceplate is facing away from you.
5. Locate the 4 screws that secure the top-most printed circuit board into the drive. Remove one of the screws and the associated lock washer, and install one of the four threaded stand-offs that were included with the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control (do not use the lock washer). Repeat this process for the other 3 screws, one at a time.
6. Place the control board unit on a flat surface, with the blue plastic faceplate down, and the drive control board to the left.
7. Loosen (but do not remove...about 2 turns) the 5 screws that hold the drive control board mounting plate to the front cover plate.
8. Place the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control into the drive, inserting the connectors on the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control through the front plate.
9. Align the 20-pin connector on the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control with the 20-pin connector on the drive. Press the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control onto the drive until the 20-pin connector is completely seated and the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control is seated against the threaded standoffs installed in step 5.
10. Tighten the 5 screws loosened in step 7
11. Fasten the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control onto the threaded standoffs using the lockwashers and screws removed in step 5.
12. Replace the control board unit back into the drive, and turn the locking screws  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn counter-clockwise to secure the unit in place.

### 10.3 System Wiring Guidelines

The Drive Resident Digital MMC Control relies on electrical signals to report what is going on in the application and to send commands to it. In addition, signals are constantly being exchanged within the system. The Drive Resident Digital MMC Control is designed for use in industrial environments, but some guidelines should be followed.

Figure 2: Recommended EMC Compliant Connections



Inside a control cabinet, connect the shields of shielded cables. The two different methods of terminating shields are used to accommodate two different immunity requirements. Immunity required inside an enclosure is considered lower because cables are typically less than three meters in length and/or can be separated from each other and from noise sources.

Immunity required external to an enclosure is considered higher because the user may have less control over the noise environment. Low level signal cables that can be external to an enclosure are tested at a 2 KV level for electrical fast transients (EFTs). Low level signals that can be less than three meters in length or can be separated from noise sources are tested at a 1 KV level. Under the stated conditions, there will be no disturbance of digital I/O, encoder, or encoder operation. For analog signals, there may be momentary disturbances but there will be self-recovery when the noise subsides.

Do not operate transmitters, arc welding equipment, or other high noise radiators within one meter of an enclosure that has the door open. Continue to equip inductive devices, if they are in series with a mechanical contact or switch, with arc suppression circuits. These devices include contactors, solenoids and motors. Shield all cables that carry heavy current near the system, using continuous foil wrap or conduit grounded at both ends. Such cables include power leads for high-frequency welders and for pulse-width-modulated motor drives.

**WARNING**

Use care when wiring I/O devices to the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control and when plugging in cables. Wiring the wrong device to the connector or plugging a connector into the wrong location could cause intermittent or incorrect machine operation.

## 10.4 Starting an Operation

Good procedure suggests that the system should be tested each time a new application is powered up. The Diagnostic LED (D2) on the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control should be off indicating that the diagnostic tests were passed.

Turn off the main disconnect switch and plug the DC connector into the power connector on the MMC-SD. Turn on input power. The D2 LED turns on and then turns off when the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control passes its diagnostic tests.

### 10.4.1 Connecting the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control to the Application

1. Turn off the main disconnect switch in the control cabinet. If some devices are not powered from the control cabinet, turn them off also.
2. Connect the connectors according to your diagrams.
3. Turn on power to the system. The PWR light on the MMC-SD goes on and stays on.  
The D2 light goes on, then goes off in turn.  
The SCAN (S) light goes on.  
The application starts to work under control of the system.
4. If an application program is not in system memory, use the download command in the PiCPro software to place it there.

## 10.4.2 Basic Setup and Maintenance Procedures

Table 1 below summarizes how to proceed when performing certain maintenance and/or setup functions.

**Table 1: Troubleshooting Summary**

| <b>In order to:</b>   |  |
|---|--|
| Turn off the entire application.  | Turn off main disconnect (which should also turn off all external power supplies to the application); unplug the DC power to the MMC-SD. |
| Wire the I/O to the application.  | Turn off main disconnect (which should also turn off all external power supplies to the application); unplug the DC power to the MMC-SD. |
| Change the battery.   | Turn off main disconnect (which should also turn off all external power supplies to the application); unplug the DC power to the MMC-SD. |
| Connect/disconnect the MMC with the computer workstation through the PiCPro port. | Turn off main disconnect (which should also turn off all external power supplies to the application); unplug the DC power to the MMC-SD. |
| Connect/disconnect the MMC with an operator interface through the User port.      | Turn off main disconnect (which should also turn off all external power supplies to the application); unplug the DC power to the MMC-SD. |
| Download an application program into the memory.                                  | Make sure power is on (check the <b>P</b> LED) on the MMC-SD.  |
| Stop the scan.  | From the workstation - use the Stop Scan commands in the PiCPro software.  |

### 10.4.3 Start-up Diagnostics

When the system is powered up, it tests itself and reports the results in the form of LED signals.

#### 10.4.3.1 Power LED

If the Power LED (P) on MMC-SD does not go on, or goes off during operation of the system, check that power is still connected to the MMC-SD. If the power LED on the MMC-SD is on, turn off the main disconnect switch and replace the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control.

#### 10.4.3.2 Scan LED

If the SCAN (S) LED does not go on:

1. Check that the power (P) light is ON.
2. Check that the diagnostic (D2) light is OFF.

#### 10.4.3.3 Drive Resident Digital MMC Control Start-Up Diagnostic LEDs

The LED D2 light on the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control lights up briefly while its diagnostic tests are running and then goes off. If D2 remains on, the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control has failed one of its tests. Follow these steps:

1. Turn off power to the system and to the application.
2. If the I/O wiring is connected, remove the connector.
3. Remove the defective Drive Resident Digital MMC Control from the drive.
4. Replace with a new Drive Resident Digital MMC Control. Connect the I/O wiring.
5. Turn on power to check diagnostics again.

#### NOTE

Diagnostics are run only when the system is powered up. It is possible that a failure might occur during operation. If so, D2 remains off. If you suspect that a module might be defective, cycle power to run diagnostics again.

### 10.4.4 MMC Run-Time Diagnostics

While the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control is running, other tests are performed on a regular basis with their results also reported by D2.

While the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control is running, the D2 will flash a three digit code signal if there is an error. For example, if there is a long pause-flash-pause-flash-flash-pause-flash-flash-flash-long pause, the code is 123.

| Code | Error                  | Description  |
|------|------------------------|--|
| 123  | Scan too long          | A ladder scan loss has occurred because the CPU takes more than 200 ms to scan the application program.<br>Whenever the scan light is out, the discrete outputs go to the OFF state and the analog outputs are zeroed.   |
| 124  | Excessive overhead     | The system overhead update time is excessive.  |
| 125  | Insufficient memory    | There is insufficient memory on the CPU to run the current program.  |
| 126  | No hardware bit memory | There is no bit memory installed on the CPU and the program requires it.   |
| 127  | No software bit memory | There is no bit memory capability via software and the program requires it.  |
| 222  | Driver error           | No driver support on the CPU for the I/O module.<br>Update your system EPROMs.   |
| 22_  | Master rack error      | The I/O modules in the master rack do not match what was declared in the hardware master declaration table. The number of flashes in the third digit ( ) identifies the slot number that is in error.  |
| 232  | Communications error   | A failure has occurred in remote I/O communications.   |
| 3__  | Expansion rack error   | The I/O modules in the block I/O modules do not match what was declared in the expansion hardware declaration table.<br><b>For block I/O modules:</b><br>The number of flashes in the second and third digits indicates the block I/O module (01 through 77). The second digit will flash a 1 - 7, 10 for 0. The third digit will flash a 1 - 9, 10 for 0.<br>For example, if the second digit flashes <b>3</b> times and the third digit flashes <b>10</b> times, the module is <b>30</b> . |



## **10.5 MMC Connections to External Devices for Machine Control**

G&L Motion Control provides many optional accessories that simplify wiring the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control to external devices.

These accessories include cables to connect MMC-SD drives together and breakout boxes that provide screw-terminal connections to the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control. Contact G&L Motion Control for further information.

### **10.5.1 PiCPro Port (P1)**

The PiCPro Port (P1) connector provides serial communication for the PiCPro programming interface. PiCPro Port (P1) is physically located on the MMC-SD faceplate. Refer to Chapter 5 for information on the PiCPro (P1) Port.

Note: PiCPro can also be run over from the Ethernet (C4) connector.

### 10.5.2 Block I/O Port (C1)

**Note:** The Block I/O Port (C1) is not included on the Digital MMC-D1.

The Block I/O Port (C1) is a 9-pin female "D" connector and provides:

- Up to 77 expansion block I/O units
- 4-wire communication interface
- Up to 200 feet between block I/O units

**Table 2: Pinout for Block I/O Port (C1)**

| Pin | Description               | In/Out |
|-----|---------------------------|--------|
| 1   | NC                        |        |
| 2   | NC                        |        |
| 3   | Block I/O Transmit Data + | Out    |
| 4   | Block I/O Transmit Data - | Out    |
| 5   | Block I/O Receive Data +  | In     |
| 6   | Block I/O Receive Data -  | In     |
| 7   | Shield (see Note below)   |        |
| 8   | NC                        |        |
| 9   | NC                        |        |

**NOTE**

Pin 7 of the Block I/O Port (C1) connector is connected to the connector shell within the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control. Therefore, the shield may be connected to either pin 7 or the connector shell.

### 10.5.3 User Port (C3)

The User Port (C3) is a 15-pin male high density "D" connector, used to communicate with a touch-screen, a hand-held controller, or other serial interface device. The User Port (C3) provides:

- RS232/RS485 communication
- Baud rates to 115.2 K
- Multidrop capability

**Table 3: Pinout for User Port (C3)**

| Pin | Description                      | In/Out | Pin | Description           | In/Out |
|-----|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----------------------|--------|
| 1   | NC                               | N/A    | 9   | RS232 Receive Data    | In     |
| 2   | NC                               | N/A    | 10  | RS232 Transmit Data   | Out    |
| 3   | NC                               | N/A    | 11  | NC                    |        |
| 4   | RS232 Data Terminal Ready (3.3V) | Out    | 12  | RS485 Receive Data +  | In     |
| 5   | RS232 Request to Send            | Out    | 13  | RS485 Receive Data -  | In     |
| 6   | NC                               | N/A    | 14  | RS485 Transmit Data + | Out    |
| 7   | RS232 Clear to Send              | In     | 15  | RS485 Transmit Data - | Out    |
| 8   | Signal Ground                    | In/Out |     |                       |        |

#### 10.5.4 Ethernet Port (C4)

**NOTE:** The Ethernet Port (C4) is not included on the Digital MMC-D1.

The Ethernet Port (C4) consists of an 8-pin RJ45 connector and LEDs that provide:

- IEEE 802.3/802.3u-100Base-TX/10Base T, half duplex connectivity
- A green "Link" LED. This LED will be on if there is either a 100Base-T or 10Base-T Link.
- A green "Activity" LED. This LED will be on whenever a send or receive packet has occurred.

Communication using the Ethernet Port can be between the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control and a PC, User Interface, or other Ethernet device or network. For example, PiCPro running on a PC can communicate to the MMC Smart Drive through this Ethernet connector.

**Table 4: Pinout for Ethernet Port (C4)**

| Pin     | Description                                  | In/Out |
|---------|--|--------|
| 1       | Transmit Data + (TD+)                        | Out    |
| 2       | Transmit Data - (TD-)                        | Out    |
| 3       | Receive Data + (RD+)                         | In     |
| 6       | Receive Data - (RD-)                         | In     |
| 4,5,7,8 | Termination Resistors<br>(See Note 1, below) | In     |
| Shell   | Chassis Ground                               | In     |

**Note 1:** Pins 4, 5, 7, and 8 are tied to termination resistors on the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control. Standard Ethernet cables contain 8 wires. The Drive Resident Digital MMC Control only uses 4 of these wires as shown. Connecting the 4 unused wires to the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control pins 4, 5, 7, and 8, (as will be done in a standard Ethernet cable) reduces noise that can be induced from the unused wires to the Transmit and Receive wires.

Typically, a "straight-through" cable should be used when connecting the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control to another Ethernet device. Refer to [Figure 11.4 on page 189](#) for cables available from G&L Motion Control.

### 10.5.5 General I/O Port (C5)

The General I/O Port (C5) is a 26-pin male high density "D" connector and includes:

- 8-24 VDC sourcing inputs (Input 1 can trigger an interrupt on the rising or falling edge)
- +24 VDC and 24 V Common
- 8-24 VDC outputs
  - Source only
  - 250 mA output capacity
  - Short circuit protection

**Table 5: Pinout for General I/O Port (C5)**

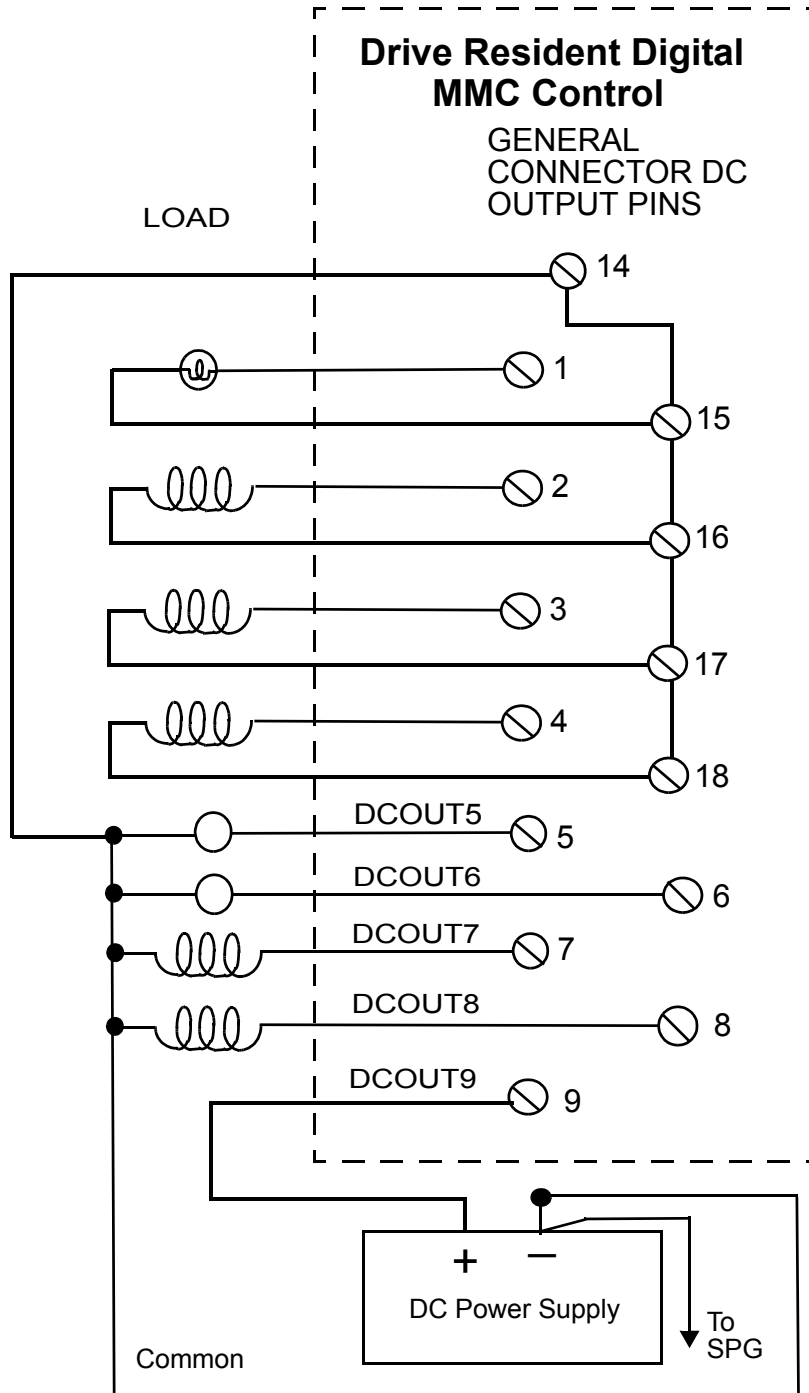
| Pin | Description        | In/Out | Pin | Description | In/Out |
|-----|--------------------|--------|-----|-------------|--------|
| 1   | DCOUT1             | Out    | 16  | IO24C       | In/Out |
| 2   | DCOUT2             | Out    | 17  | IO24C       | In/Out |
| 3   | DCOUT3             | Out    | 18  | IO24C       | In/Out |
| 4   | DCOUT4             | Out    | 19  | DCIN1       | In     |
| 5   | DCOUT5             | Out    | 20  | DCIN2       | In     |
| 6   | DCOUT6             | Out    | 21  | DCIN3       | In     |
| 7   | DCOUT7             | Out    | 22  | DCIN4       | In     |
| 8   | DCOUT8             | Out    | 23  | DCIN5       | In     |
| 9   | 24VDC OUT<br>POWER | In     | 24  | DCIN6       | In     |
| 10  | IO24V              | In/Out | 25  | DCIN7       | In     |
| 11  | IO24V              | In/Out | 26  | DCIN8       | In     |
| 12  | IO24V              | In/Out |     |             |        |
| 13  | IO24V              | In/Out |     |             |        |
| 14  | IO24C              | In/Out |     |             |        |
| 15  | IO24C              | In/Out |     |             |        |

**NOTES:**

- Pin 9 is 24VDC into the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control to power the 8 outputs
- Pins 10-13 are only connected to each other within the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control. If used, tie one pin to 24VDC, and the other to one side of input devices.
- Pins 14-18 are connected together within the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control. Connect pin 14 to 24V common. This provides the return path for the 24VDC inputs, and allows pin 15-18 to be connected to one side of output devices if desired.

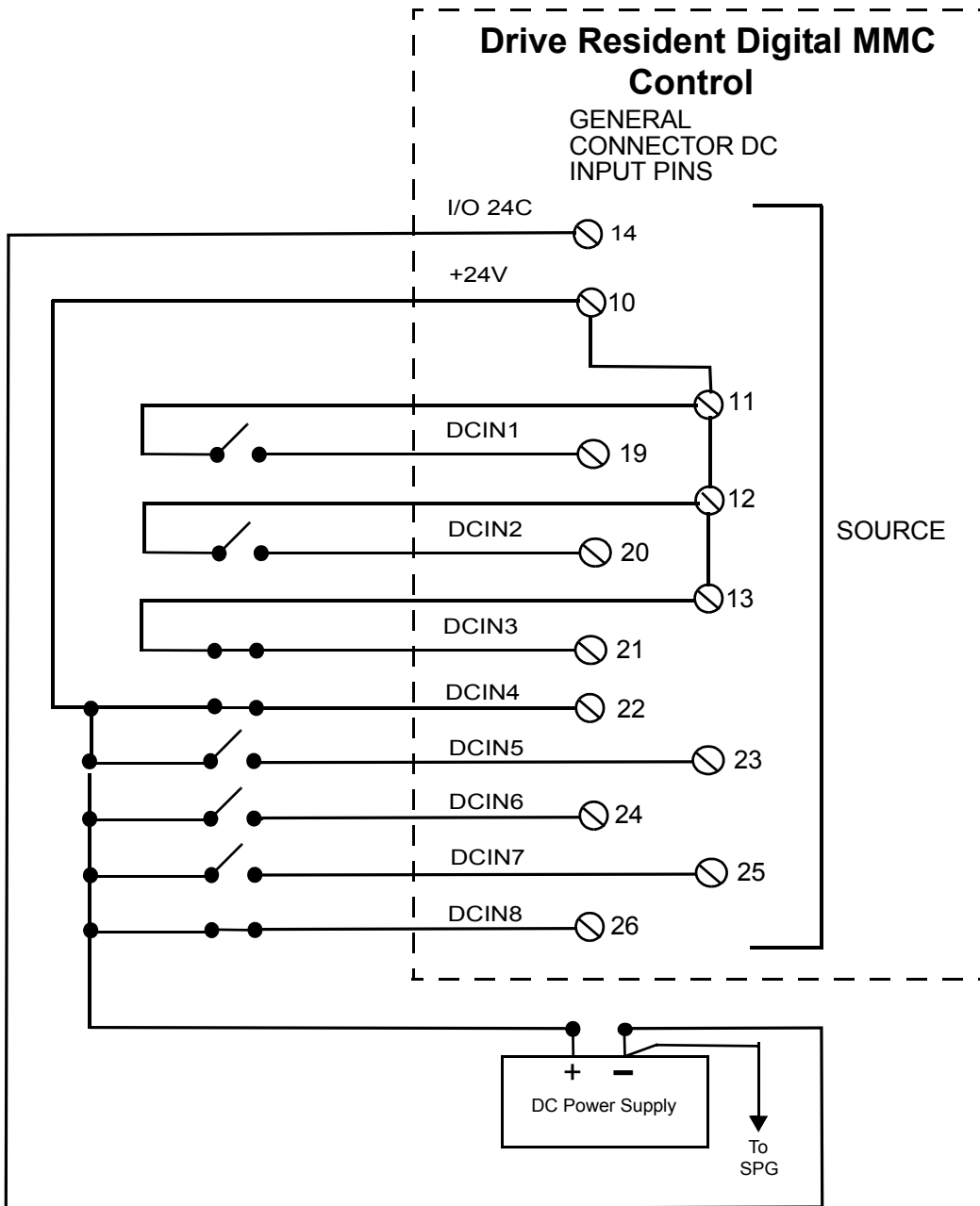
There are 8 DC outputs on the General I/O Port (C5). These outputs get their power from Pin 9 of the Drive Resident Digital MMC Control as shown in Figure 3.

**Figure 3: General Outputs for General I/O Port (C5) Connected to Loads**



There are 8 general inputs on the General I/O Port (C5). The inputs are configured as sourcing as shown in Figure 4.

**Figure 4: Source General Input Configuration for General I/O Port (C5)**



## 10.6 Specifications

| General         |              |                    |         |         |          |   |      |      |      |       |        |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|---------|---------|----------|---|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| Characteristic  |              | MMC Specifications |         |         |          |   |      |      |      |       |        |
|                 |              |                    |         |         |          | Number of servo axes available at six update rates* |      |      |      |       |        |
| Model           | Part No.     | Speed              | App Mem | RAM Mem | User Mem | 8 ms  | 4 ms | 2 ms | 1 ms | .5 ms | .25 ms |
| Digital MMC-D1  | M.1302 .8230 | Std.               | 384K    | 256K    | 64K      | 1   | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1     | 1      |
| Digital MMC-D2  | M.1302 .8231 | Std.               | 384K    | 256K    | 64K      | 2   | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2     | 1      |
| Digital MMC-D4  | M.1302 .8232 | Std.               | 384K    | 256K    | 64K      | 4   | 4    | 4    | 4    | 2     | 1      |
| Digital MMC-D16 | M.1302 .8233 | X1.5               | 384K    | 256K    | 64K      | 16  | 16   | 8-16 | 4-8  | 2-4   | 1-2    |

\* Using features such as servo tasks, S-curve, RATIO\_RL, M\_LINCIR, M\_SCRVLC, PLS, and CAM\_OUT places a heavier burden on available CPU time. Consult G&L Motion Control for assistance if you want to exceed the number of axes in this chart.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| CPU   | 32 bit RISC processor with numeric coprocessor   |
| Battery   | 3V Coin Cell, BR2032 lithium battery   |
| <p><b>CAUTION for Lithium Batteries</b><br/>                     Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.</p> |  |
| Flash Disk  | 2 Megabytes  |
| Memory  | 1 Megabyte max.  |
| PiCPro Port (to workstation)  | RS232 serial port, secured protocol<br>Software selectable baud rate to 115.2K   |
| User Port (to serial interface device)  | RS232/RS485 serial port<br>Supports RTS/CTS hardware handshaking<br>Software selectable baud rate to 115.2K  |
| Ethernet Port (to Ethernet Device)  | IEEE 802.3/802.3u-100Base-TX/10Base T Half duplex<br>Cable type: Shielded, Straight Pinned, CAT5 or better (CAT5e, CAT6, etc.)<br>Maximum cable length: 82.5 ft (25 m) |



|   |  |
|---|--|
| Input voltage from MMC-SD Drive         | 20 VDC to 30 VDC   |
| Input power from MMC-SD Drive           | 250 mA   |
| Time-of-day clock<br>Clock tolerance    | Access via PiCPro 10.2 and above or your application program<br>At 25°C (77°F), ±1 second per day<br>Over temperature, voltage and aging variation, +2/-12 seconds per day |
| <b>General DC Inputs</b>                |  |
| Configuration                           | Sourcing only. Operates with IEC Type 1 inputs (per IEC 1131-2)  |
| Input voltage                           | Nominal 24 VDC, maximum 30 VDC   |
| Guaranteed on voltage                   | 15 VDC   |
| Guaranteed off voltage                  | 5 VDC  |
| Turn on/off time                        | 1 ms   |
| <b>General DC Outputs</b>               |  |
| Number of outputs                       | 8 outputs  |
| Input voltage                           | Nominal 24 VDC, 30 VDC maximum   |
| Configuration                           | Eight solid-state switches.  |
| Protection of logic circuits            | Optical isolation between the logic and field side, transient suppression on the 24V external supply   |
| Maximum current                         | .25 A per output   |
| Voltage range                           | 24 VDC nominal, 5 to 30 VDC  |
| Switch characteristics                  | Solid-state switches   |
| Time delay on for resistive loads       | 50 µsec max  |
| Time delay off for resistive loads      | 50 µsec max  |
| Leakage current in off state            | 0.5 mA max   |
| Switch voltage, maximum ON              | 1 VDC max  |
| Short circuit protection for each group | 15 A (max) pulses for about 130 µsec every 100 msec until short is removed   |
| Scan loss response                      | Outputs turn off   |



# 11 Part Numbers

## 11.1 Drives

| DESCRIPTION                          | MODEL NUMBER      | PART NUMBER |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| <b>230V MMC Smart Drive</b>          |                   |             |
| 2.5A Cont. / 7.5A Max./ .5kW         | MMC-SD-0.5-230    | M.1302.5090 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-0.5-230-D  | M.1302.8130 |
| 5A Cont. / 15A Max./ 1kW             | MMC-SD- 1.0-230   | M.1302.5091 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-1.0-230-D  | M.1302.8131 |
| 10A Cont. / 30A Max / 2kW            | MMC-SD-2.0-230    | M.1302.5092 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-2.0-230-D  | M.1302.8132 |
| <b>460V MMC Smart Drive</b>          |                   |             |
| 3.0A Cont. / 6.0A Max. / 1.3 kW      | MMC-SD-1.3-460    | M.1302.5093 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-1.3-460-D  | M.1302.8133 |
| 5.5A Cont. / 11.0A Max. / 2.4 kW     | MMC-SD-2.4-460    | M.1302.5094 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-2.4-460-D  | M.1302.8134 |
| 9.0A Cont. / 18.0A Max. / 4.0 kW     | MMC-SD-4.0-460    | M.1302.5095 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-4.0-460-D  | M.1302.8135 |
| 13.5A Cont. / 27.0A Max. / 6.0 kW    | MMC-SD-6.0-460    | M.1302.5096 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-6.0-460-D  | M.1302.8136 |
| 18.0A Cont. / 36.0A Max. / 8.0 kW    | MMC-SD-8.0-460    | M.1302.5097 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-8.0-460-D  | M.1302.8137 |
| 27.5A Cont. / 55.0A Max. / 12.0 kW   | MMC-SD-12.0-460   | M.1302.5098 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-12.0-460-D | M.1302.8138 |
| 36.5A Cont. / 73.0A Max. / 16.0 kW   | MMC-SD-16.0-460   | M.1302.5099 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-16.0-460-D | M.1302.8139 |
| 55.0A Cont. / 110.0A Max. / 24.0 kW  | MMC-SD-24.0-460   | M.1302.5100 |
|                                      | MMC-SD-24.0-460-D | M.1302.8140 |
| 69.3A Cont. / 110.0A Max. / 30.0 kW  | MMC-SD-30.0-460-D | M.3000.0021 |
| 93.3A Cont. / 147.0A Max. / 42.0 kW  | MMC-SD-42.0-460-D | M.3000.0022 |
| 117.4A Cont. / 189.0A Max. / 51.0 kW | MMC-SD-51.0-460-D | M.3000.0023 |
| 152.7A Cont. /209.0A Max. / 65.0 kW  | MMC-SD-65.0-460-D | M.3000.0024 |

## 11.2 Option Modules

### 11.2.1 Resolver Interface Option Module

| Module                           | Model Number | Part Number |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Resolver Interface Option Module |              | M.1302.4523 |

### 11.2.2 Drive Resident Digital MMC Control

| Drive Resident Digital MMC Control | Model Number    | Part Number |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1 Axis Controller                  | Digital MMC-D1  | M.1302.5101 |
| 2 Axis Controller                  | Digital MMC-D2  | M.1302.5102 |
| 4 Axis Controller                  | Digital MMC-D4  | M.1302.5103 |
| 16 Axis Controller                 | Digital MMC-D16 | M.1302.5104 |

## 11.3 Direct Connect Cables

### 11.3.1 Drive Programming Cable

| Description                           | Drive Connector | Part Number |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| PiCPro Port to PC Connector (Analog)  | P1              | M.1302.8250 |
| PiCPro Port to PC Connector (Digital) |                 | M.1302.8284 |

### 11.3.2 Standalone MMC to MMC Smart Drive I/O Cable

| Description                          | Drive Connector | Part Number |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| MMC A'n' to MMC Smart Drive I/O 0.5M | IO              | M.1302.5990 |
| MMC A'n' to MMC Smart Drive I/O 1.0M |                 | M.1302.5991 |
| MMC A'n' to MMC Smart Drive I/O 1.5M |                 | M.1302.5992 |
| MMC A'n' to MMC Smart Drive I/O 3.0M |                 | M.1302.5993 |

## 11.4 Digital Link and Networking Cables

| Description           | Drive Connector | MMC-SD Control Connector | Part Number |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| CAT5e Patch Cord 0.3M | IN, OUT         | C4                       | M.1302.8285 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 0.6M |                 |                          | M.1302.8286 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 1.0M |                 |                          | M.1302.8287 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 2.0M |                 |                          | M.1302.8288 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 3.0M |                 |                          | M.1302.8289 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 5.0M |                 |                          | M.1302.8300 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 10M  |                 |                          | M.1302.8301 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 15M  |                 |                          | M.1302.8302 |
| CAT5e Patch Cord 30M  |                 |                          | M.1302.8303 |

## 11.5 Connector Kits

| Description                         | Part Number |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| CONN-FBK-12POS-16-28AWG             | M.1302.0500 |
| CONN-FBK-17POS-16-28AWG             | M.1302.0510 |
| CONN-PWR-BRK-8POS-14-16AWG-SIZE 1   | M.1302.0479 |
| CONN-PWR-BRK-8POS-12AWG-SIZE 1      | M.1302.8755 |
| CONN-PWR-BRK-8POS-12-14AWG-SIZE 1.5 | M.1302.1998 |
| CONN-PWR-BRK-8POS-8-10AWG-SIZE 1.5  | M.1302.2354 |
| CONN-PWR-BRK-8POS-6AWG-SIZE 3       | M.1302.7492 |
| CONN-PWR-BRK-8POS-4AWG-SIZE 3       | M.1302.7493 |
| CONN-PWR-FAN-6POS-16AWG             | M.1302.6219 |
| CONN-X100-X101                      | M.1302.7099 |
| CONN-4TERM-MAINS                    | M.1302.7158 |
| CONN-4TERM-MOTOR                    | M.1302.7159 |

## 11.6 Breakout Boards and Cables

### 11.6.1 Drive Mounted Breakout Boards

| Description                   | Drive Connector | Part Number |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| BKOUT BD, F1/F2 MMC-SD, DR MT | F1, F2          | M.1302.6970 |
| BKOUT BD, I/O MMC-SD, DR MT   | IO              | M.1302.6971 |
| BKOUT BD, C5 MMC-SD, DR MT    | C5              | M.1302.8480 |

### 11.6.2 Panel Mounted Breakout Boards

| Description                                  | Drive Connector | MMC-SD Control Connector | Part Number |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| BKOUT BD, F1/F2 MMC-SD, PNL MT               | F1, F2          |                          | M.1302.6972 |
| BKOUT BD, DRIVE I/O MMC-SD, PNL MT           | IO              |                          | M.1302.6973 |
| BKOUT BD, GEN I/O MMC-SD CONTROL, PNL MT     |                 | C5                       | M.1302.8253 |
| BKOUT BD, BLOCK I/O MMC-SD CONTROL, PNL MT   |                 | C1                       | M.1016.2533 |
| BKOUT BD, USER SERIAL MMC-SD CONTROL, PNL MT |                 | C3                       | M.1016.2530 |

### 11.6.3 Breakout Board Kits

| Description                       | Drive Connector | Part Number |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| KIT, BKOUT BD, F1/F2 MMC-SD 1.0M  | F1, F2          | M.1302.7005 |
| KIT, BKOUT BD, F1/F2 MMC-SD 3.0M  |                 | M.1302.7006 |
| KIT, BKOUT BD, F1/F2 MMC-SD 9.0M  |                 | M.1302.7007 |
| KIT, BKOUT BD, F1/F2 MMC-SD 15.0M |                 | M.1302.7008 |
| KIT, BKOUT BD, I/O MMC-SD 1.0M    | IO              | M.1302.7009 |
| KIT, BKOUT BD, I/O MMC-SD 3.0M    |                 | M.1302.7030 |
| KIT, BKOUT BD, I/O MMC-SD 9.0M    |                 | M.1302.7031 |

### 11.6.4 Breakout Board Cables

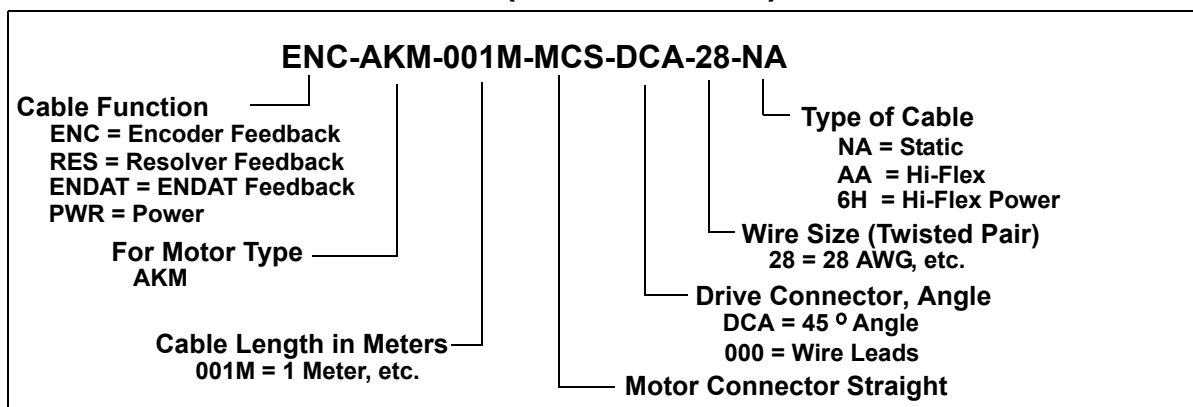
| Description  | Drive Connector | MMC-SD Control Connector | Part Number |             |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| CABLE, MMC-SD Feedback Port to Breakout Board, 1 Meter         | F1, F2          |                          | M.1302.6976 |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Feedback Port to Breakout Board, 3 Meter         |                 |                          | M.1302.6977 |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Feedback Port to Breakout Board, 9 Meter         |                 |                          | M.1302.6979 |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Feedback Port to Breakout Board, 15 Meter        |                 |                          | M.1302.6980 |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Breakout Board, 1 Meter        | IO              |                          | M.1302.6982 |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Breakout Board, 3 Meter        |                 |                          | M.1302.6984 |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Breakout Board, 9 Meter        |                 |                          | M.1302.6985 |             |
| CABLE, MMC Control General I/O Port to Breakout Board, 1 Meter |                 |                          | C5          | M.1302.8254 |
| CABLE, MMC Control General I/O Port to Breakout Board, 3 Meter |                 |                          |             | M.1302.8255 |
| CABLE, MMC Control General I/O Port to Breakout Board, 9 Meter |                 |                          |             | M.1302.8256 |
| CABLE, MMC Control User Serial Port to Breakout Board, 1 Foot  |                 | C3                       | M.1016.2715 |             |
| CABLE, MMC Control User Serial Port to Breakout Board, 2 Foot  |                 |                          | M.1016.2716 |             |
| CABLE, MMC Control User Serial Port to Breakout Board, 3 Foot  |                 |                          | M.1016.2717 |             |
| CABLE, MMC Control Block I/O Port to Breakout Board, 1 Foot    |                 | C1                       | M.1016.2543 |             |
| CABLE, MMC Control Block I/O Port to Breakout Board, 2 Foot    |                 |                          | M.1016.2544 |             |
| CABLE, MMC Control Block I/O Port to Breakout Board, 3 Foot    |                 |                          | M.1016.2545 |             |

## 11.6.5 Flying Lead Cables

| Description   | Drive Connector | MMC-SD Control Connector | Part Number |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive Feedback Port to Flying Lead, 10 Feet       | F1, F2          |                          | M.1016.2519 |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Flying Lead, 1 Meter            | IO              |                          | M.1302.7032 |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Flying Lead, 3 Meter            |                 |                          | M.1302.7034 |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Flying Lead, 9 Meter            |                 |                          | M.1302.7035 |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Flying Lead, 15 Meter           |                 |                          | M.1302.7036 |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Drive I/O Port to Flying Lead, 30 Meter           |                 |                          | M.1302.7037 |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Control General I/O Port to Flying Lead, 1 Meter  |                 |                          |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Control General I/O Port to Flying Lead, 3 Meter  | M.1302.8258     |                          |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Control General I/O Port to Flying Lead, 9 Meter  | M.1302.8259     |                          |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Control General I/O Port to Flying Lead, 15 Meter | M.1302.8290     |                          |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Control General I/O Port to Flying Lead, 30 Meter | M.1302.8291     |                          |             |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Control User Serial Port to Flying Lead, 10 Feet  |                 | C3                       | M.1016.2568 |
| CABLE, MMC-SD Control Block I/O Port to Flying Lead, 10 Feet    |                 | C1                       | M.1016.2565 |



## 11.7 Motor Cables (AKM Motors)



### 11.7.1 Feedback Cables (AKM Motors)

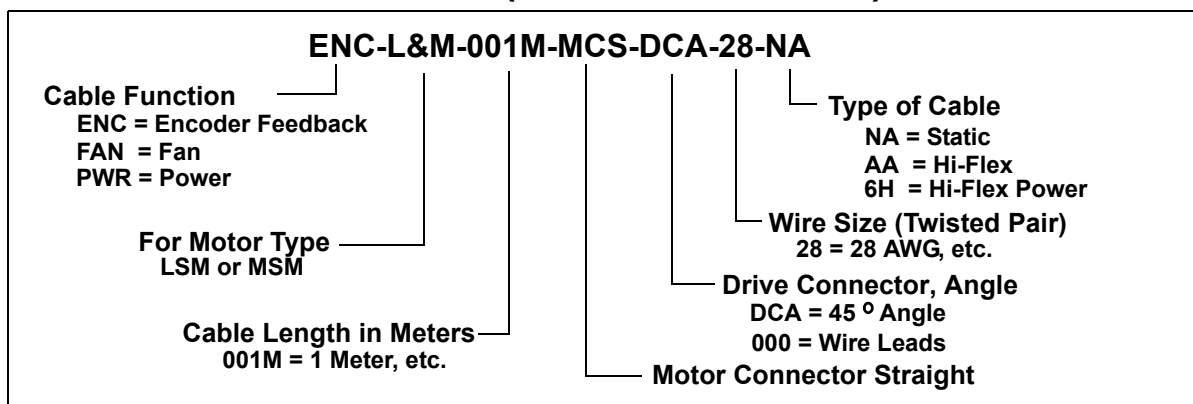
| Feedback Cable                                  | Part Number |
|---|-------------|
| <b>Static Type</b>                              |             |
| ENC-AKM-001M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8590 |
| ENC-AKM-003M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8447 |
| ENC-AKM-006M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8591 |
| ENC-AKM-009M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8542 |
| ENC-AKM-015M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8594 |
| ENC-AKM-030M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8595 |
| RES-AKM-001M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8618 |
| RES-AKM-003M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8439 |
| RES-AKM-006M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8619 |
| RES-AKM-009M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8620 |
| RES-AKM-015M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8621 |
| RES-AKM-030M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.8622 |
| ENDAT-AKM-001M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                    | M.1302.8605 |
| ENDAT-AKM-003M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                    | M.1302.8437 |
| ENDAT-AKM-006M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                    | M.1302.8606 |
| ENDAT-AKM-009M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                    | M.1302.8607 |
| ENDAT-AKM-015M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                    | M.1302.8608 |
| ENDAT-AKM-030M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                    | M.1302.8609 |
| <b>Flexing Type (10 X O.D. Min Bend Radius)</b> |             |
| ENC-AKM-001M-MCS-DCA-28-AA                      | M.1302.8600 |

| <b>Feedback Cable</b>        | <b>Part Number</b> |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| ENC-AKM-003M-MCS-DCA-28-AA   | M.1302.8435        |
| ENC-AKM-006M-MCS-DCA-28-AA   | M.1302.8601        |
| ENC-AKM-009M-MCS-DCA-28-AA   | M.1302.8602        |
| ENC-AKM-015M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8603        |
| ENC-AKM-030M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8604        |
| RES-AKM-001M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8630        |
| RES-AKM-003M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8450        |
| RES-AKM-006M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8631        |
| RES-AKM-009M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8632        |
| RES-AKM-015M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8633        |
| RES-AKM-030M-MCS-DCA-28-NA   | M.1302.8634        |
| ENDAT-AKM-001M-MCS-DCA-28-NA | M.1302.8613        |
| ENDAT-AKM-003M-MCS-DCA-28-NA | M.1302.8438        |
| ENDAT-AKM-006M-MCS-DCA-28-NA | M.1302.8614        |
| ENDAT-AKM-009M-MCS-DCA-28-NA | M.1302.8615        |
| ENDAT-AKM-015M-MCS-DCA-28-NA | M.1302.8616        |
| ENDAT-AKM-030M-MCS-DCA-28-NA | M.1302.8617        |

### 11.7.2 Motor Power Cables (AKM Motors)

| <b>Power Cable (Flexing Type, 10 X O.D. Min Bend Radius)</b> | <b>Part Number</b> |
|--|--------------------|
| PWR-AKM-001M-MCS-000-14-6H                                   | M.1302.8585        |
| PWR-AKM-003M-MCS-000-14-6H                                   | M.1302.8549        |
| PWR-AKM-006M-MCS-000-14-6H                                   | M.1302.8586        |
| PWR-AKM-009M-MCS-000-14-6H                                   | M.1302.8554        |
| PWR-AKM-015M-MCS-000-14-6H                                   | M.1302.8588        |
| PWR-AKM-030M-MCS-000-14-6H                                   | M.1302.8589        |

## 11.8 Motor Cables (LSM/MSM Motors)



### 11.8.1 Feedback Cables (LSM/MSM Motors)

| Feedback Cable                                  | Part Number |
|---|-------------|
| <b>Static Type</b>                              |             |
| ENC-L&M-001M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.0944 |
| ENC-L&M-003M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.0945 |
| ENC-L&M-009M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.0946 |
| ENC-L&M-015M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.0947 |
| ENC-L&M-030M-MCS-DCA-28-NA                      | M.1302.0948 |
| <b>Flexing Type (10 X O.D. Min Bend Radius)</b> |             |
| ENC-L&M-001M-MCS-DCA-28-AA                      | M.1302.5834 |
| ENC-L&M-003M-MCS-DCA-28-AA                      | M.1302.5835 |
| ENC-L&M-009M-MCS-DCA-28-AA                      | M.1302.5836 |
| ENC-L&M-015M-MCS-DCA-28-AA                      | M.1302.5837 |
| ENC-L&M-030M-MCS-DCA-28-AA                      | M.1302.5838 |

### 11.8.2 Power Cables for Blower Fan (LSM/MSM Motors)

| Power Cable             | Part Number |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| FAN-L&M-001M-MCS-000-16 | M.1302.6310 |
| FAN-L&M-003M-MCS-000-16 | M.1302.6311 |
| FAN-L&M-009M-MCS-000-16 | M.1302.6312 |
| FAN-L&M-015M-MCS-000-16 | M.1302.6313 |
| FAN-L&M-030M-MCS-000-16 | M.1302.6314 |

### 11.8.3 Motor Power Cables (LSM/MSM Motors)

| Power Cable (Flexing Type, 10 X O.D. Min Bend Radius) | Part Number |
|---|-------------|
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-16-6H                            | M.1302.1114 |
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-16-6H                            | M.1302.1115 |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-16-6H                            | M.1302.1116 |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-16-6H                            | M.1302.1117 |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-16-6H                            | M.1302.1118 |
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-14-6H                            | M.1302.1119 |
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-14-6H                            | M.1302.1130 |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-14-6H                            | M.1302.1131 |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-14-6H                            | M.1302.1132 |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-14-6H                            | M.1302.1133 |
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-12-6H                            | M.1302.1134 |
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-12-6H                            | M.1302.1135 |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-12-6H                            | M.1302.1136 |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-12-6H                            | M.1302.1137 |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-12-6H                            | M.1302.1139 |
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-10-6H                            | M.1302.1140 |
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-10-6H                            | M.1302.1142 |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-10-6H                            | M.1302.1143 |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-10-6H                            | M.1302.1144 |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-10-6H                            | M.1302.1145 |
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-08-6H                            | M.1302.1146 |
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-08-6H                            | M.1302.1147 |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-08-6H                            | M.1302.1148 |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-08-6H                            | M.1302.1149 |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-08-6H                            | M.1302.1150 |
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-06-6H                            | M.3000.tbd  |
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-06-6H                            | M.3000.tbd  |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-06-6H                            | M.3000.tbd  |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-06-6H                            | M.3000.tbd  |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-06-6H                            | M.3000.tbd  |
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-04-6H                            | M.3000.tbd  |

| <b>Power Cable (Flexing Type, 10 X O.D. Min Bend Radius)</b> | <b>Part Number</b> |
|--|--------------------|
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-04-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-04-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-04-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-04-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-001M-MCS-000-02-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-003M-MCS-000-02-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-009M-MCS-000-02-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-015M-MCS-000-02-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |
| PWR-L&M-030M-MCS-000-02-6H                                   | M.3000.tbd         |

## 11.9 Optional External Devices

### 11.9.1 AC Line Filters

| For Drive Model  | AC Line Filter Description | Line Filter Part No. |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| MMC-SD-0.5-230(-D)<br>MMC-SD-1.0-230(-D)                         | 6A, 250V, Single phase     | M.1015.6922          |
| MMC-SD-2.0-230(-D)   | 10A, 250V, Single phase,   | M.1015.6917          |
| MMC-SD-1.3-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD-2.4-460(-D)                         | 7A, 480V, Three phase      | M.1302.5241          |
| MMC-SD- 4.0-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD-6.0-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD- 8.0-460(-D) | 16A, 480V, Three phase     | M.1302.5244          |
| MMC-SD-12.0-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD-16.0-460(-D)                       | 30A, 480V, Three phase     | M.1302.5245          |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460(-D)  | 42A, 480V, Three phase     | M.1302.5246          |
| MMC-SD-30.0-460-D<br>MMC-SD-42.0-460-D                           | 56A, 480V, Three phase     | M.1302.5247          |
| MMC-SD-51.0-460-D  | 75A, 480V, Three phase     | M.1302.5248          |
| MMC-SD-65.0-460-D  | 100A, 480V, Three phase    | M.3000.0019          |

### 11.9.2 AC Line Reactors

| <b>Drive Model</b>  | <b>Required Line Reactor (Amps)</b> | <b>Power Loss (Watts)</b> | <b>Inductance (mH)</b> | <b>Weight (Pounds)</b> | <b>Part Number</b> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| MMC-SD-12.0-460(-D) | 25                                  | 52                        | 1.2                    | 14                     | M.1302.7373        |
| MMC-SD-16.0-460(-D) | 35                                  | 54                        | 0.8                    | 16                     | M.1302.7374        |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460(-D) | 45                                  | 62                        | 0.7                    | 28                     | M.1302.7375        |
| MMC-SD-30.0-460-D   | 55                                  | 67                        | 0.5                    | 27                     | M.3000.0105        |
| MMC-SD-42.0-460-D   | 80                                  | 86                        | 0.4                    | 51                     | M.3000.0106        |
| MMC-SD-51.0-460-D   | 100                                 | 84                        | 0.3                    | 51                     | M.3000.0107        |
| MMC-SD-65.0-460-D   | 130                                 | 180                       | 0.2                    | 57                     | M.3000.0108        |

### 11.9.3 External Shunt Resistor Kits

| For Drive   | Shunt Resistor Module   | Part Number |
|---|---|-------------|
| MMC-SD-0.5-230(-D)<br>MMC-SD-1.0-230(-D)<br>MMC-SD-2.0-230(-D)  | 100Ω, 300W, 600V, Dynamic   | M.1015.7046 |
| MMC-SD-1.3-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD-2.4-460(-D)  | 130Ω, 450W Cont. Power, 5.4kW Peak Power, 820V, 240 sec. Time Constant, 121 mm x 93 mm x 605 mm | M.1302.7048 |
| MMC-SD-4.0-460(-D)  | 95Ω, 700W Cont. Power, 8kW Peak Power, 820V, 250 sec. Time Constant, 121 mm x 93 mm x 705 mm    | M.1302.7049 |
| MMC-SD-6.0-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD-8.0-460(-D)  | 50Ω, 1400W Cont. Power, 17kW Peak Power, 850V, 250 sec. Time Constant, 130 mm x 182 mm x 710 mm | M.1302.7060 |
| MMC-SD-12.0-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD-16.0-460(-D)  | 25Ω, 2800 W Cont. Power, 32kW Peak Power, 850V, 60 sec. Time Constant, 71 mm x 430 mm x 550 mm  | M.1302.7061 |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460(-D)<br>MMC-SD-30.0-460-D<br>MMC-SD-42.0-460-D<br>MMC-SD-51.0-460-D<br>MMC-SD-65.0-460-D | 18Ω, 3900W Cont. Power, 70kW Peak Power, 850V, 70 sec. Time Constant, 180 mm x 445 mm x 490 mm  | M.1302.7063 |

### 11.10 Software

| Description                 | Part Number |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| PiCPro Professional Edition | M.1300.7213 |
| PiCPro MMC Limited Edition  | M.1300.7214 |
| PiCPro Monitor Edition      | M.1300.7215 |



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## 12 Declarations of Conformity

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### EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The undersigned, representing the supplier

**G & L Motion Control Inc.**  
**672 South Military Road**  
**Fond du Lac, Wisconsin 54936-1960**

herewith declares that all **three-phase current synchronous motors, type LSM** are in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directive when installed in accordance with the installation instructions contained in the product documentation:

*Low Voltage Directive 73/23 EWG*

Conformity of the specified product with the guidelines of this directive will be proved by the total compliance with the following harmonic European standards:

*EN 60034-1: September 2000      Rotating Electrical Machines*  
*+A11 May 2002*  
*EN 60034-5: December 2001*  
*EN 60034-9: June 1998*

Year of Marking: 2002

|           |                            |
|-----------|----------------------------|
| Signature | <i>Robert J. Kollmeyer</i> |
| Full Name | Robert J. Kollmeyer        |
| Position  | Director of Engineering    |
| Place     | G & L Motion Control Inc.  |
| Date      | <i>05-APR-05</i>           |

## EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The undersigned, representing the supplier

**G & L Motion Control Inc.**  
**672 South Military Road**  
**Fond du Lac, Wisconsin 54936-1960**

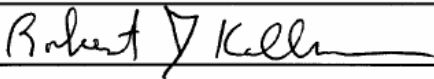
herewith declares that all **three-phase current synchronous motors, type MSM** are in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directive when installed in accordance with the installation instructions contained in the product documentation:

*Low Voltage Directive 73/23 EWG*

Conformity of the specified product with the guidelines of this directive will be proved by the total compliance with the following harmonic European standards:

*EN 60034-1: November 1995      Rotating Electrical Machines*  
*EN 60034-5: April 1998*  
*EN 60034-9: May 1996*

Year of Marking: 1999

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Signature |  |
| Full Name | Robert J. Kollmeyer   |
| Position  | Director of Engineering   |
| Place     | G & L Motion Control Inc.   |
| Date      | 05 - APR - 05   |

The undersigned, representing the supplier

**G & L Motion Control Inc.**  
**672 South Military Road**  
**Fond du Lac, Wisconsin 54936-1960**

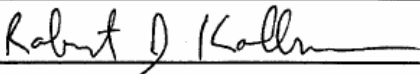
herewith declares that all **PiC900™/PiC90™/PiC9™/MMC and Block I/O modules**, labeled with the CE mark, are in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directives when installed in accordance with the installation instructions contained in the product documentation:

*Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC as amended by 93/68/EEC*  
*EMC Directive 89/336/EEC as amended by 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC*

Conformity of the specified product is based upon application of the following standards and/or technical specifications referenced below:

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| <i>EN 50081-2:1993</i>          | <i>EMC Generic Industrial Emissions</i>  |
| <i>EN 50082-2:1995</i>          | <i>EMC Generic Industrial Immunity</i>   |
| <i>EN 61131-2:1994/A11:1996</i> | <i>Low voltage requirements for programmable controllers</i>                               |
| <i>EN61326:1997</i>             | <i>Electrical Equipment for measurement, control and Laboratory use – EMC requirements</i> |

Year of Marking: 2002

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <i>Signature</i> |  |
| <i>Full Name</i> | Robert J. Kollmeyer   |
| <i>Position</i>  | Director of Engineering   |
| <i>Place</i>     | G & L Motion Control Inc.   |
| <i>Date</i>      | 05-APR-05   |

## EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The undersigned, representing the supplier

**G & L Motion Control Inc.**  
**672 South Military Road**  
**Fond du Lac, Wisconsin 54936-1960**

herewith declares that all **servo drives and accessories** (see attached list of catalogue numbers) are in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directive(s) when installed in accordance with the installation instructions contained in the product documentation:

*Low Voltage Directive as amended by 93/68/EEC*

*EMC Directive as amended by 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC*

and that the standards and/or technical specifications referenced below have been applied:

*EN 60034-1:1998 + A1:1998 and A2:1999*      *Rotating Electrical Machines*  
*Part 1: Rating and Performance*

*EN 60204-1:1997*      *Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines*  
*Part 1: Specifications for general requirements*

*EN 61800-3:1996*      *Adjustable Speed Electrical Power Drive Systems – EMC*  
*Product Standard Including Specific Test Methods*

Year of Marking: 2002

|                  |                            |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>Signature</i> | <i>Robert J. Kollmeyer</i> |
| <i>Full Name</i> | Robert J. Kollmeyer        |
| <i>Position</i>  | Director of Engineering    |
| <i>Place</i>     | G & L Motion Control Inc.  |
| <i>Date</i>      | <i>05 - APR - 05</i>       |

## EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The undersigned, representing the supplier

**G & L Motion Control Inc.  
672 South Military Road  
Fond du Lac, Wisconsin 54936-1960**

herewith declares that all **MMC Smart Drives (MMC-SD-XXX-230-XXX, MMC-SD-XXX-460-XXX) and accessories** are in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directive(s) when installed in accordance with the installation instructions contained in the product documentation:

73/23/EEC  
89/336/EEC

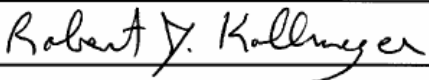
*Low Voltage Directive as amended by 93/68/EEC  
EMC Directive as amended by 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC*

and that the standards and/or technical specifications referenced below have been applied:

EN 50178:1998  
EN 61800-3:1996  
/A11:2000

*Electronic equipment for use in power installations  
Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – EMC  
product standard including specific test methods*

Year of Marking: 2003

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Signature |  |
| Full Name | Robert J. Kollmeyer   |
| Position  | Director of Engineering   |
| Place     | G & L Motion Control Inc.   |
| Date      | 05-APR-05   |

*Declarations of Conformity*

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# Appendix A - 460V MMC Smart Drive DC Bus Sharing

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## A.1 Introduction

This section discusses DC bus sharing among 2 or more 460V Smart Drives.

DC bus sharing accomplishes 4 things:

- It pools the capacitance of all of the drives.
- It lowers electricity cost.
- It allows multiple drives to share one shunt resistor.
- It allows the shunt energy to be shared among multiple shunt resistors.

Pooling the capacitance increases the Joule energy absorption capability to the sum of the drives connected ([Table A-2 on page A1-6](#)). This lowers energy cost slightly because energy that can be absorbed is not wasted in the shunt resistors. In some applications, this can eliminate the need for a shunt resistor altogether.

Many applications will have one drive motoring while the other is regenerating. This energy is transferred from one drive to the other through the DC bus rather than being dissipated in a shunt. This saves energy cost.

If it is desired to share one shunt resistor instead of using one per drive, the energy flows through the DC bus to the drive controlling the shunt resistor. Its internal circuitry will turn the shunt on when the bus voltage reaches an upper limit.

If it is desired to distribute the shunt load among multiple drives, each having a smaller resistor, then **it is important to interconnect the "Shunt On" signals for all drives sharing the DC bus**. This ensures that all of the shunt resistors will properly share the load. If this connection is not made, it is likely that only one shunt resistor will dissipate all of the shunt power, overheating it.

## A.2 DC Bus Sharing with AC Power to All Drives

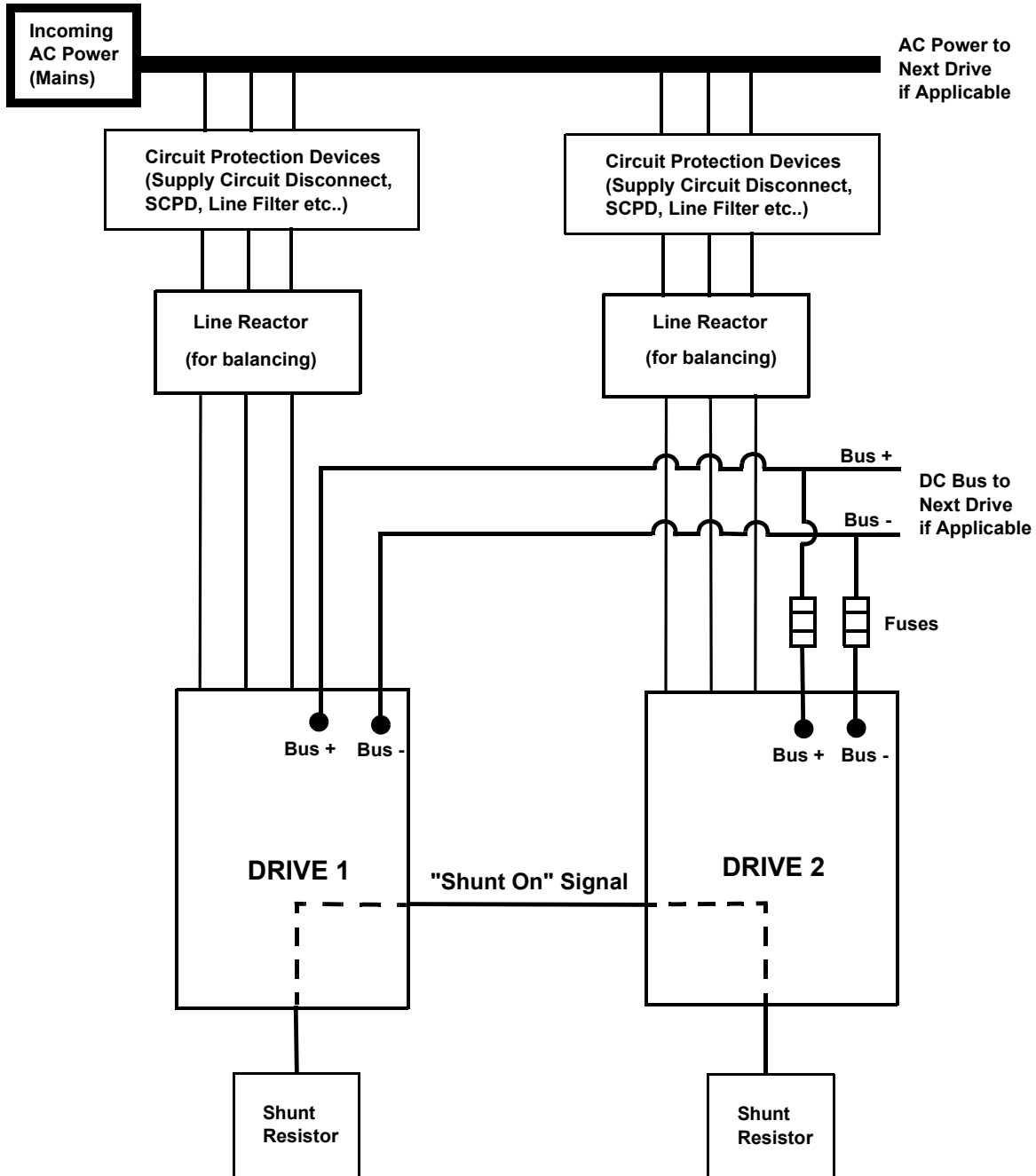
When sharing DC power among several drives with AC power supplying all of the drives ([See Figure A-1](#)), all drives must be the same size (for example, all drives must be MMC-SD-4.0-460). When two drives are connected to a shared DC bus in this manner, the combined energy absorption of all drives is available.

3% line reactors are required for all sizes using this configuration to ensure rectifier balance. However, shunt resistors are optional (see below). Refer to Chapter 4 in this manual for information related to fusing, line reactors and shunts. Refer to Chapter 6 for connector information.

When more than one shunt is used with the MMC Smart Drives, it is important to tie the "Shunt On" circuits together so that all shunts get turned on at the same time. For example, in [Figure A-1](#), if the shunt connected to Drive 1 turns on, the

"Shunt On" signal will turn on the shunt for Drive 2. The second shunt resistor is optional as long as the "Shunt On" signal is connected as shown. The "Shunt On" signal acts as both an input and an output for each Drive.

**Figure A-1: DC Bus Sharing with AC Input Power to All Drives**





### A.3 DC Bus Sharing with AC Power to One Drive

When sharing DC power among several drives with AC power supplying just one of the drives (See [Figure A-2](#)), all drives need not be the same size (for example, one drive may be a MMC-SD-8.0-460, and another drive may be a MMC-SD-1.3-460). When two or more drives are connected to a shared DC bus in this manner, there are two limits that must be considered:

- The drives not powered by AC must not consume more power than the "Bus power available for linking to other drives" as listed in [Table A-1](#).
- The total power consumed by all drives cannot exceed the greater of "Bus power available for linking to other drives" and the kW rating of the AC powered drive as listed in [Table A-1](#).

For example, assume that the AC powered drive is a MMC-SD-24.0-460 and consumes 14kW, and supplies DC power to two more drives that consume 4kW each (8kW total). From [Table A-1](#), the total DC power available to the non-AC powered drives is 10kW, meeting the first criteria. The total power consumed is 22kW, and since the AC powered drive is a 24kW drive, meets the second criteria.

The continuous current available from the drive would be reduced by the same percentage as the kW. In the example given, the available kW was reduced from 24 to 16kW. Therefore  $16/24 = 67\%$ . The drive's continuous current is reduced by 1/3 from 45 Amps to 30 Amps.

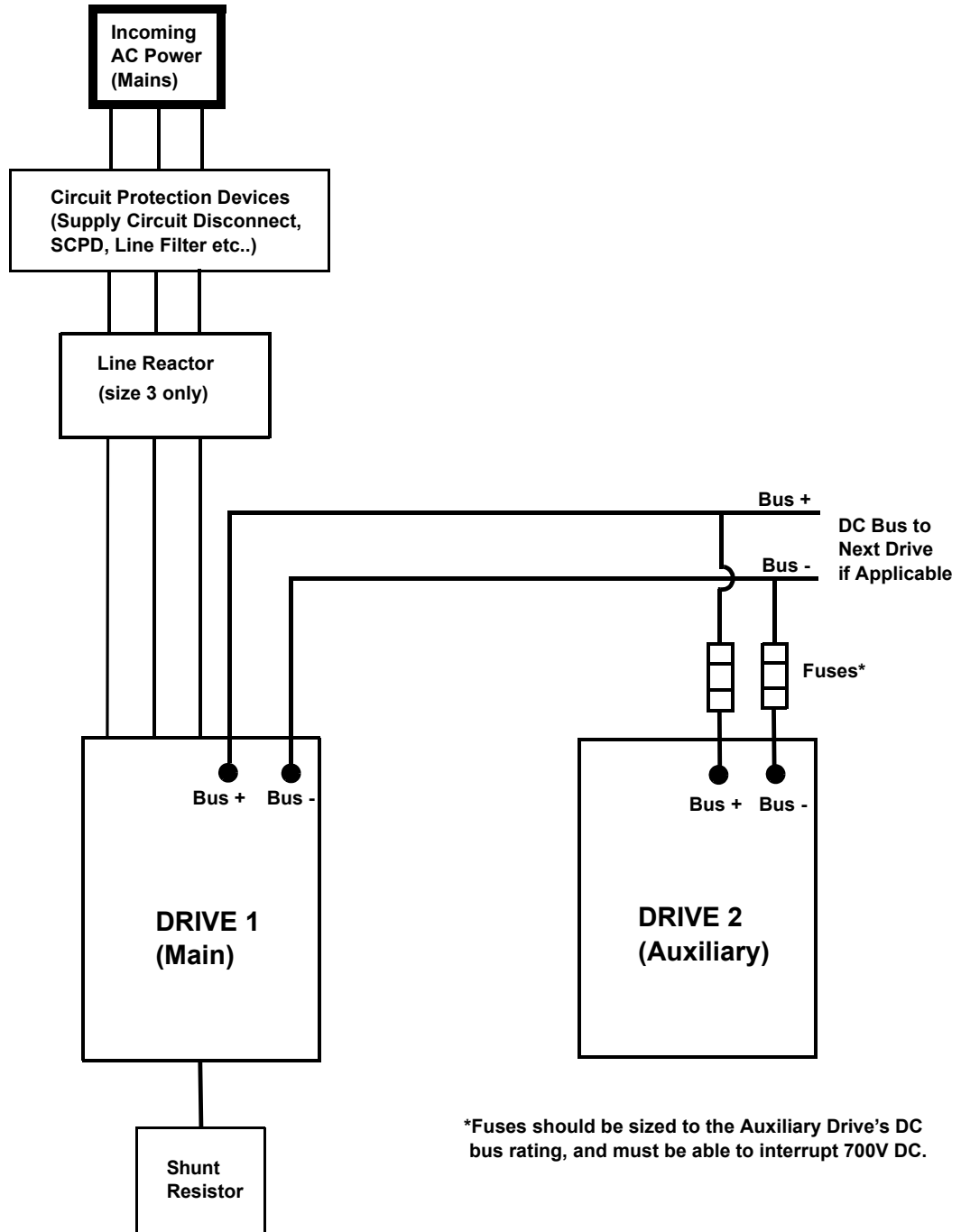
If peak current is to be used at the same time on more than one drive, the total peak current used by all drives must not exceed that of the main drive. If both the main and auxiliary drives will accelerate at the same time, the peak current used by auxiliary drives is subtracted from the available peak current of the main drive. Connection of a shunt to the main drive is optional depending on the results found in sizing the system. The system will have the combined DC Bus capacitance of all drives connected.

[Table A-2 on page A1-6](#) shows the MMC Smart Drive bus capacitance and energy absorption capability.

**Table A-1: kW Ratings for Powered Drive**

| Drive Model     | Bus power available for linking to other drives | Continuous Current (Amps) | Peak Current (Amps) |
|-----------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------|
| MMC-SD-1.3-460  | 2.0kW   | 3                         | 6                   |
| MMC-SD-2.4-460  | 2.0kW   | 5.5                       | 11                  |
| MMC-SD-4.0-460  | 5.0kW   | 9                         | 18                  |
| MMC-SD-6.0-460  | 5.0kW   | 13.5                      | 27                  |
| MMC-SD-8.0-460  | 5.0kW   | 18                        | 36                  |
| MMC-SD-12.0-460 | 10.0kW  | 27.5                      | 55                  |
| MMC-SD-16.0-460 | 10.0kW  | 36.5                      | 73                  |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460 | 10.0kW  | 55                        | 110                 |
| MMC-SD-30.0-460 | 10.0kW  | 69.3                      | 110                 |
| MMC-SD-42.0-460 | 36.0kW  | 93.3                      | 147                 |
| MMC-SD-51.0-460 | 45.0kW  | 117.4                     | 184                 |
| MMC-SD-65.0-460 | 58.0kW  | 152.7                     | 209                 |

Figure A-2: Two or more drives with AC input power to one drive



**Table A-2: Drive Bus Capacitance and Energy Absorption Capability**

| Drive <sup>a</sup> | MMC Smart Drive Bus Capacitance (μFarad) | Energy Absorption at 230V Line Input and 230V Motor (Joules) | Energy Absorption at 230V Line Input and 460V Motor (Joules) | Energy Absorption at 460V Line Input and 460V Motor (Joules) |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>460V Size 1</b> |  |  |  |  |
| MMC-SD-1.3-460     | 110                                      | 3  | 28   | 10   |
| MMC-SD-2.4-460     | 240                                      | 7  | 60   | 22   |
| <b>460V Size 2</b> |  |  |  |  |
| MMC-SD-4.0-460     | 470                                      | 13   | 118  | 44   |
| MMC-SD-6.0-460     | 470                                      | 13   | 118  | 44   |
| MMC-SD-8.0-460     | 705                                      | 19   | 177  | 66   |
| <b>460V Size 3</b> |  |  |  |  |
| MMC-SD-12.0-460    | 820                                      | 22   | 206  | 76   |
| MMC-SD-16.0-460    | 1230                                     | 33   | 309  | 114  |
| MMC-SD-24.0-460    | 1640                                     | 45   | 412  | 152  |
| MMC-SD-30.0-460    | 2000μF                                   | 55   | 502  | 185  |
| <b>460V Size 4</b> |  |  |  |  |
| MMC-SD-42.0-460    | 1880μF                                   | 50.4   | 472  | 173  |
| MMC-SD-51.0-460    | 2350μF                                   | 63.1   | 591  | 218  |
| MMC-SD-65.0-460    | 3055μF                                   | 82   | 768  | 284  |
| <b>230 V</b>       |  |  |  |  |
| MMC-SD-0.5-460     | 1410                                     | 38   |  |  |
| MMC-SD-1.0-460     | 1880                                     | 51   |  |  |
| MMC-SD-2.0-460     | 1880                                     | 51   |  |  |

a. add suffix (-D) to model number for Digital Drive

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